

iCORE: A GEOINT Processing Framework and Incubator

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Analytical Environment –The Current Paradigm

- *“In today’s analytic environment the majority of time is spent on “process” rather than critically thinking about the intelligence question and its analytic solution”*
- The Environment
 - Compute Power limited to user’s local workstation
 - Applications limited to specific data types and functions
 - Limited access to analytic experts
 - Limited sharing /collaboration
- The Process
 - Unnecessary retrievals, voluminous data pulls
 - Too much time spent on mechanics of data access rather than desired analysis

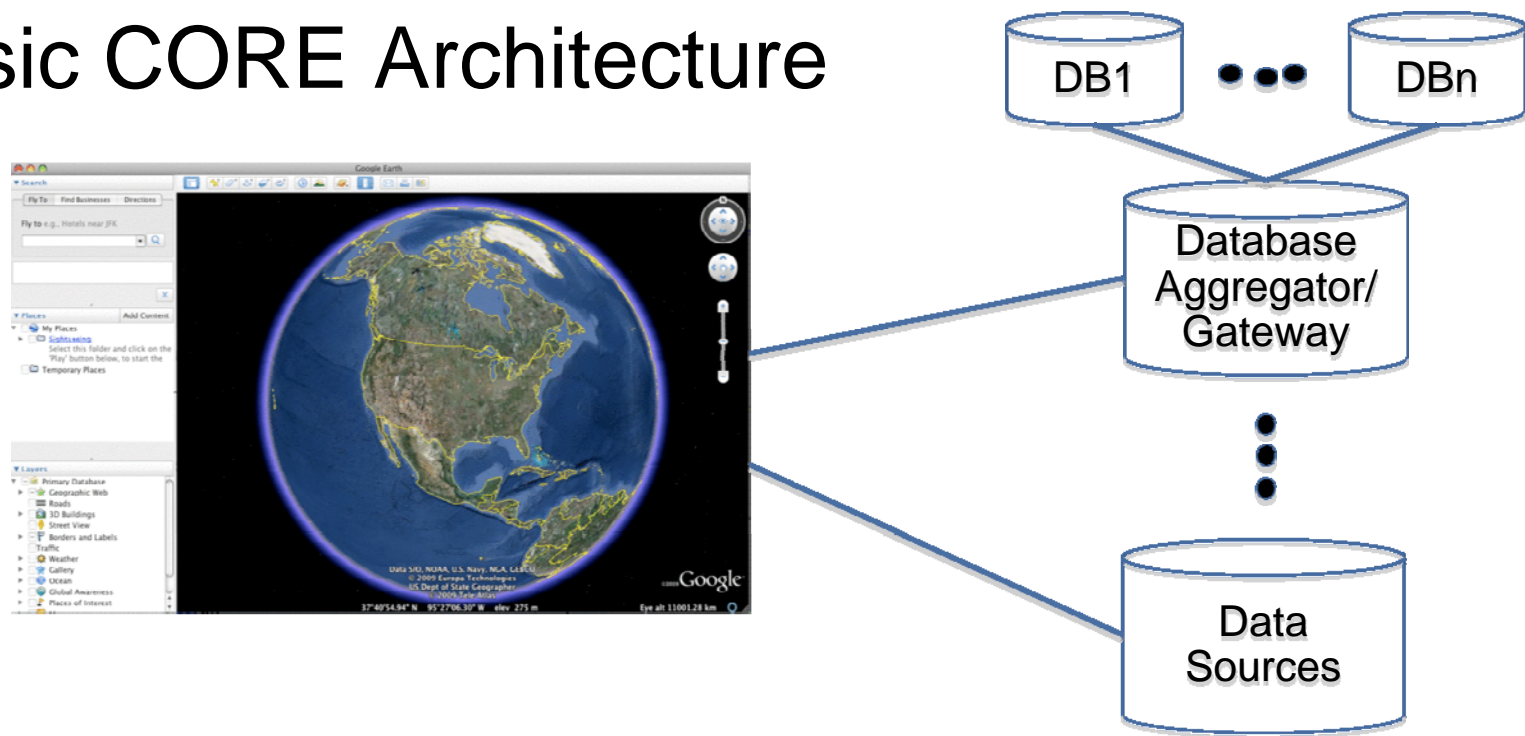


Vision for the Future

- Shift emphasis from retrieval to analysis
 - *Hide the complexities of data retrieval while facilitating the analytical process*
- Move to fully distributed, virtualized architecture, i.e., *clouds*
 - *Provide as much data access as possible, and as much processing power as necessary to answer the analytical query at hand*
- Document and share the analytic tradecraft
 - *Publish, share and reuse data products and tools among experts*
- **Leverage NRO “CORE” -- M. Rothman, SATL Lab**
 - *Consolidated Operations Research Explorer*
 - *A thin client visualization tool for all geo-referenced metadata*
- **Integrate iCORE -- “Intelligent CORE”**
 - *Add analytical capabilities to CORE using cloud-based processing engines for model-based analytics, i.e., workflows*



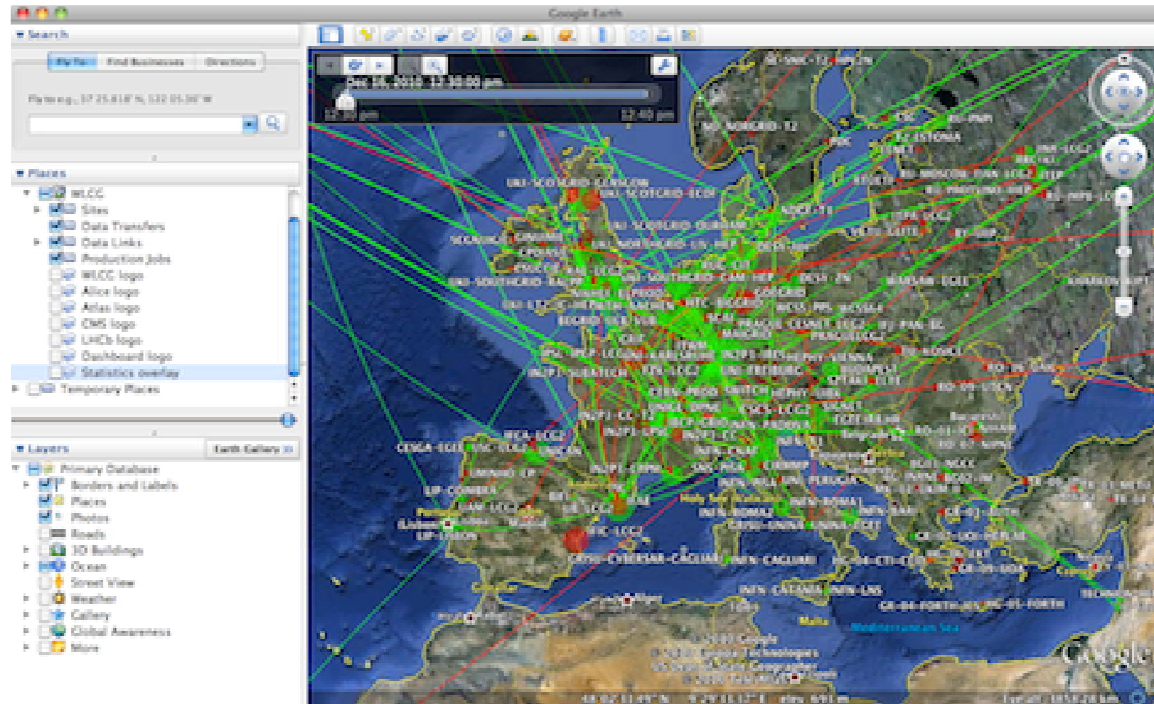
Basic CORE Architecture



- Google Earth-based tool for accessing and displaying data from dozens of databases
- Available data sources given on the indented “tree” menu
 - When user selects a check-box, GE retrieves that data from the remote data source using KML “network links” and displays it
- CORE is ~41k SLOC of KML, in addition to remote scripts for actual data access



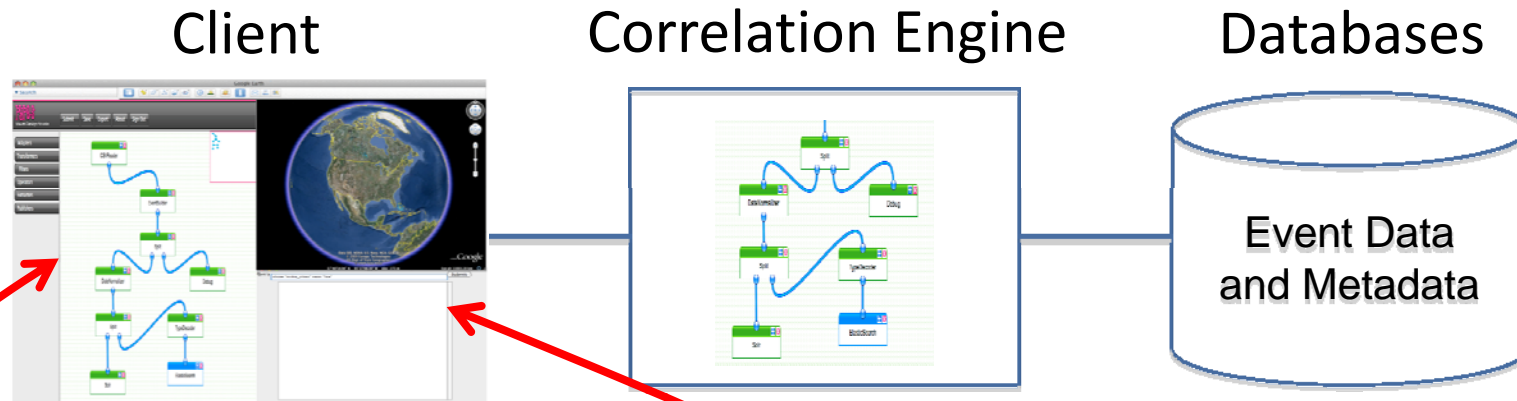
A “CORE” Issue: *Information Overload!*



- Too easy to get overwhelmed with too much data
- Difficult to know what data is available in the “tree” menu
- CORE has no analytical capabilities
- Analysts need tools to help them “connect the dots”
- ***Intelligent CORE: iCORE***



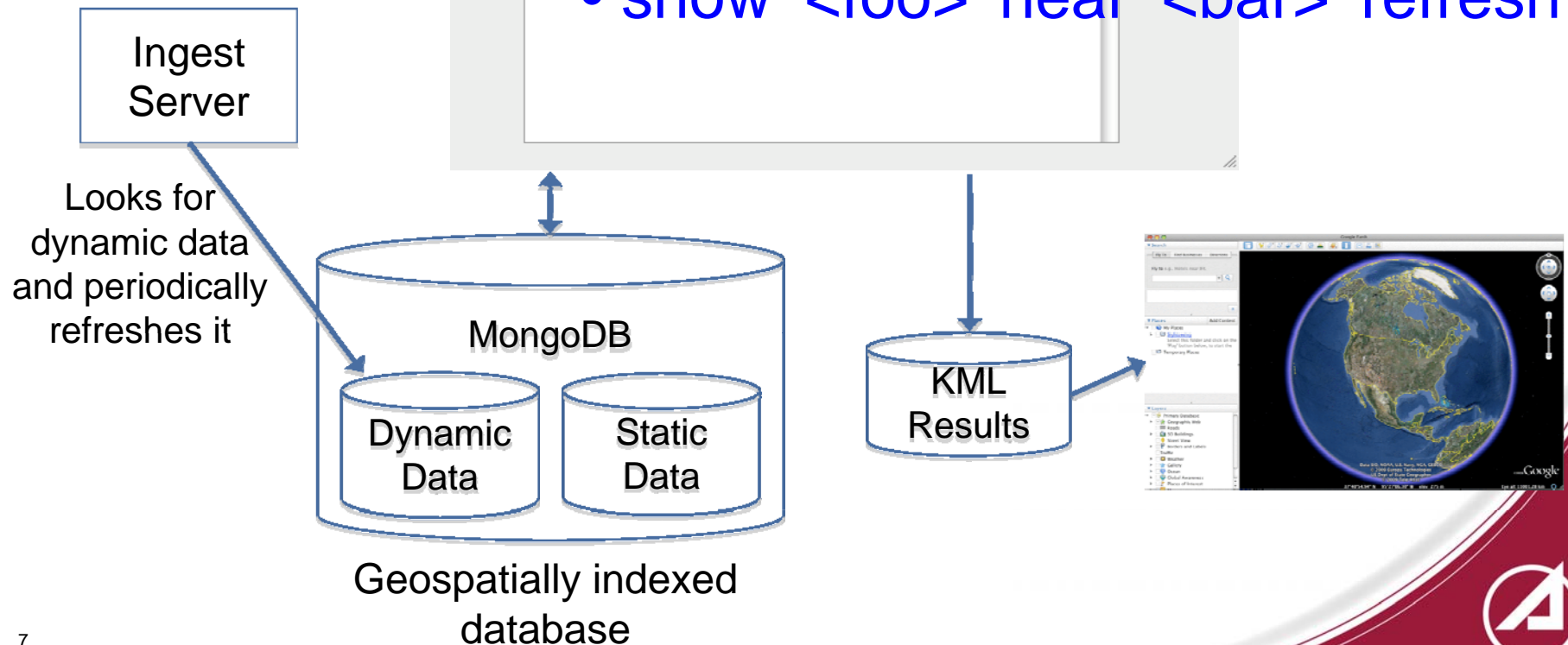
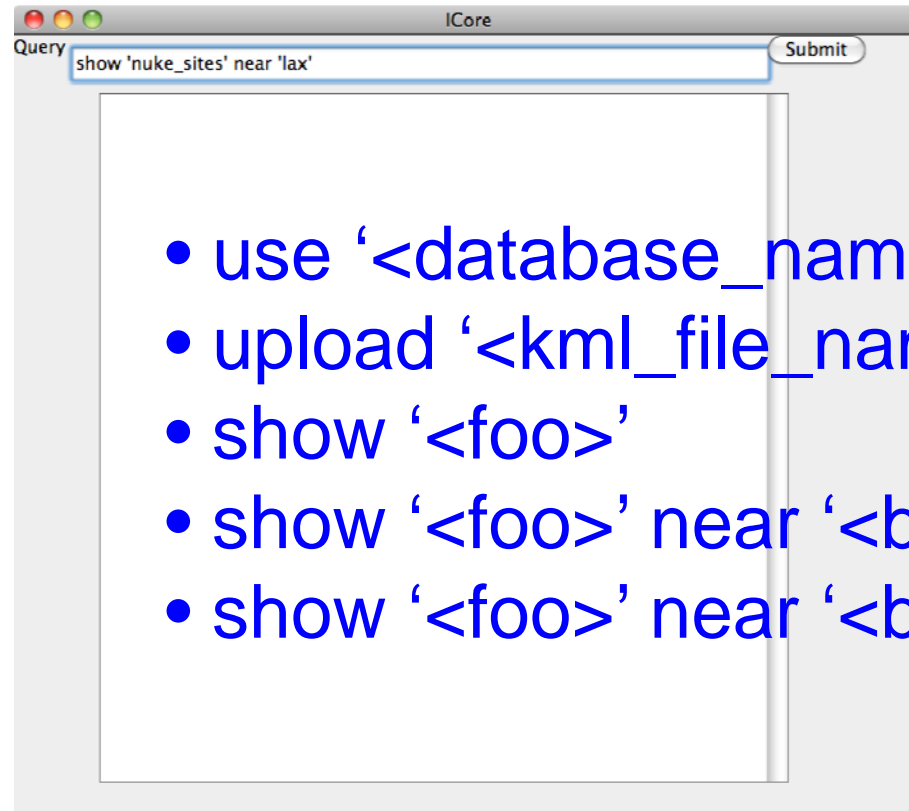
Basic iCORE Architecture



- Google Earth augmented with
 - *Domain Specific Language pane*
 - Simple geospatial query language, e.g., "X near Y"
 - *Word completion* based on data available over KML links
 - *Visual Programming pane*
 - Analyst can "wire together" processing chains based on palette of available functions to access, process, and display data
 - Workflow -- model-based analytics -- run in dynamically hosted *Correlation Engines*

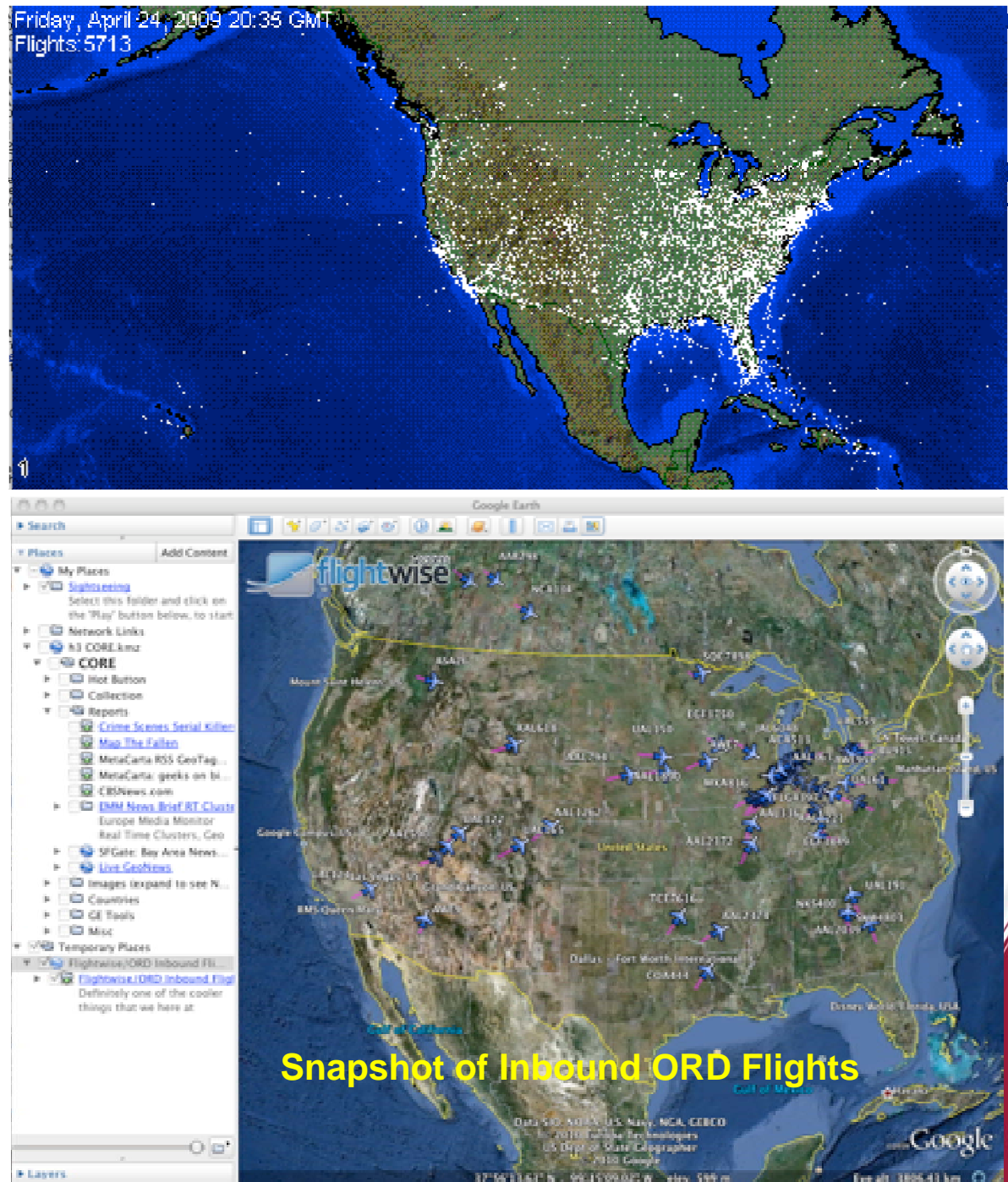


Domain Specific Language and Text Completion Area



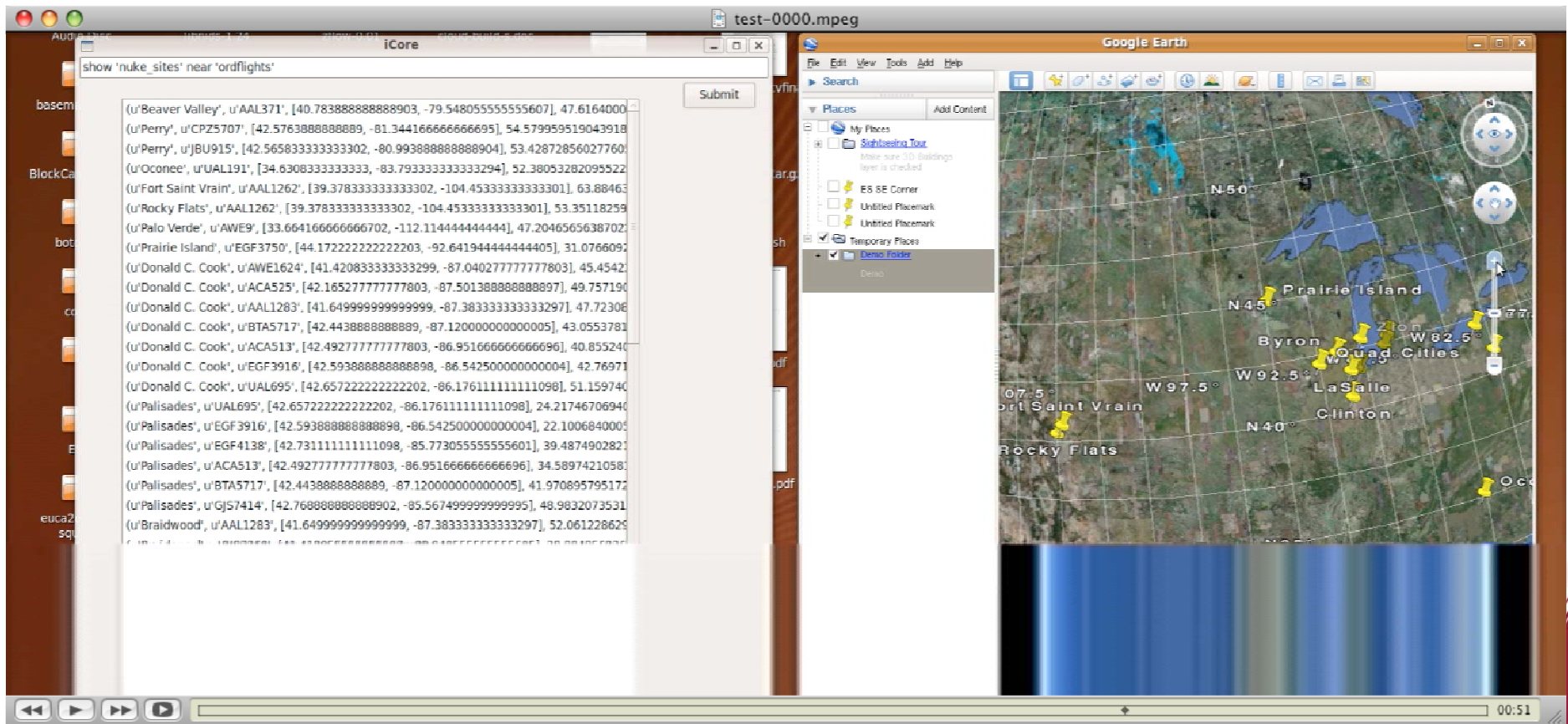
An Example: Proximity Detection, i.e., “No-Fly Zone”

- Correlate live CONUS flight paths with No-Fly Zones
 - Nuclear power plants, military installations, etc.
- Thousands of flights at any one time
 - Current flight status available on-line
 - Update periodically, e.g., every 60 seconds
 - Compare all flights against all No-Fly Zones to identify incursions



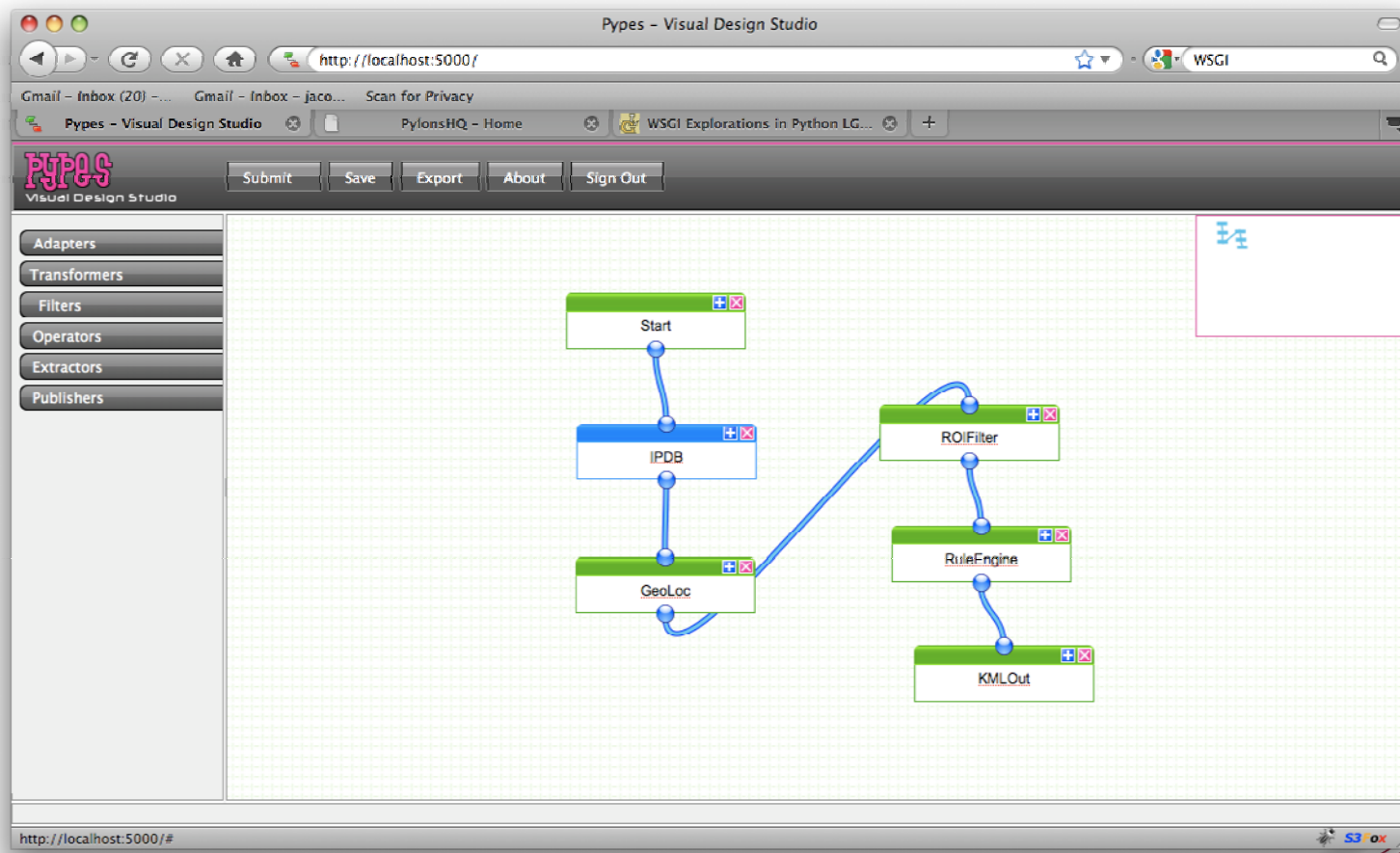
The iCORE Proximity Detection Demo

“ show ‘nuke_sites’ near ‘ordflights’ ”



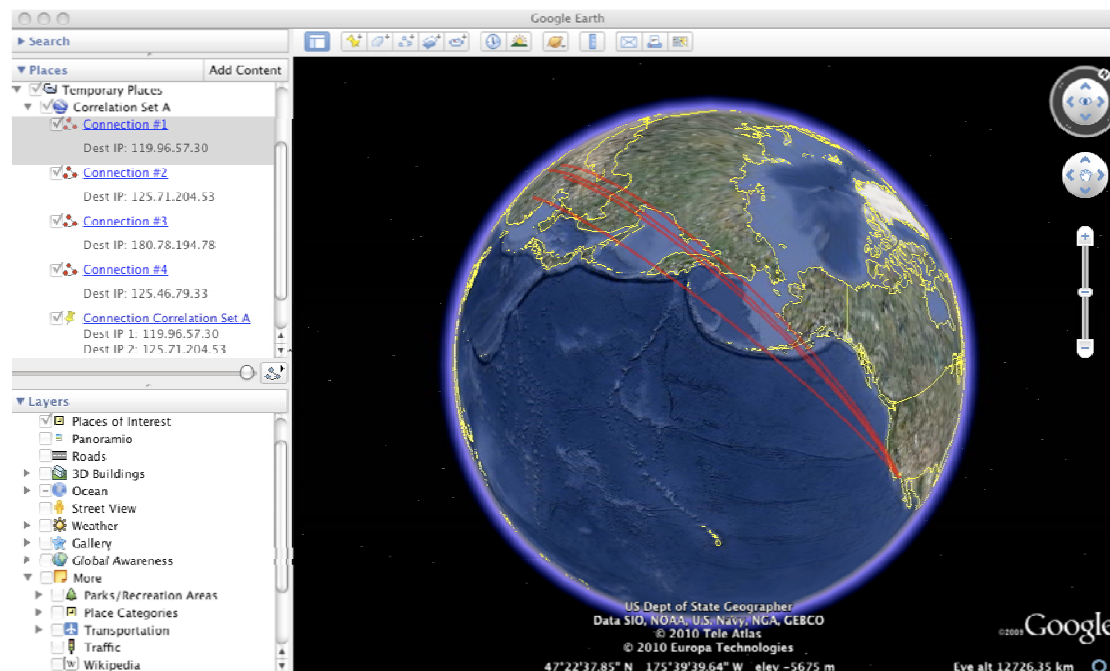
The iCORE Visual Programming Interface

- *Pypes*: python-based visual programming tool
- Palette of functions available to compose CE semantics
- Can be used as a user interface and workflow manager



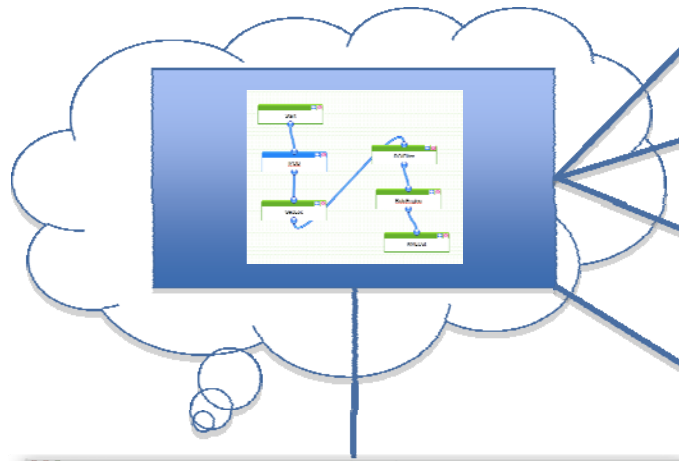
An Example: Network Connections

- Identify connections in a network connection log DB to a given Region of Interest during a given Time Period
- Use Rule Engine to identify “Connection A” events followed by “Connection B” events within a given Δt



The iCORE Network Connection Demo

Cloud-based Pypes Server



Cybersecurity Database

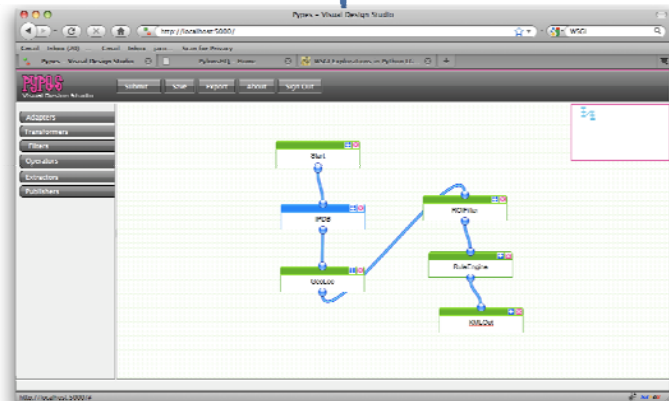
mySQL DB with 9,410,769 outgoing network connections from Aerospace in one 24-hour period

IP Addr/LatLon Catalog

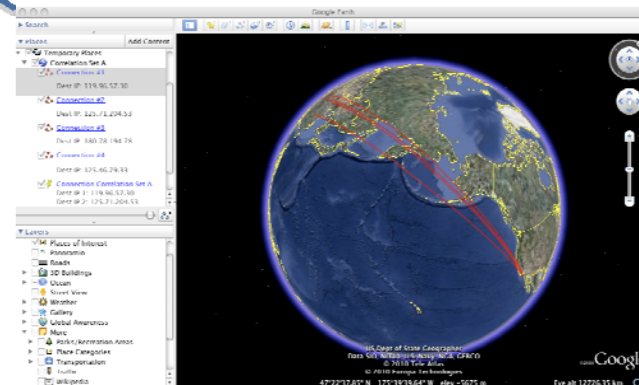
3562268 specific IP addr/latlon mappings in a hashing scheme for commercial, city-level geo-location

PyCLIPS Rule Engine

Python interface to mature CLIPS inference engine



Web Browser Client



Google Earth



The iCORE Framework as an *Incubator* to Explore Issues in End-User Capabilities *and* IT Infrastructure

- Query Semantics
 - *Spatial, temporal, event types, fusion queries*
- Cloud Computing Resources
 - *Correlation Engines are spun-up on-demand*
- Autonomic Cloud Workflows
 - *Automatic management of application and cloud performance*
- Disadvantaged Users
 - *User in the field on a mobile device with low bandwidth has on-demand access to massive data and processing power*
- Distributed Data Management
 - *Enforce data policy across sites*
 - *Analyst recommender systems*
- Security and Virtual Organizations
 - *Users can only see and operate on data they are permitted to see: role-based authorization*



Aerospace Eucalyptus Private Cloud

Eucalyptus: open source Amazon EC2/S3 API cloud originally from UCSB

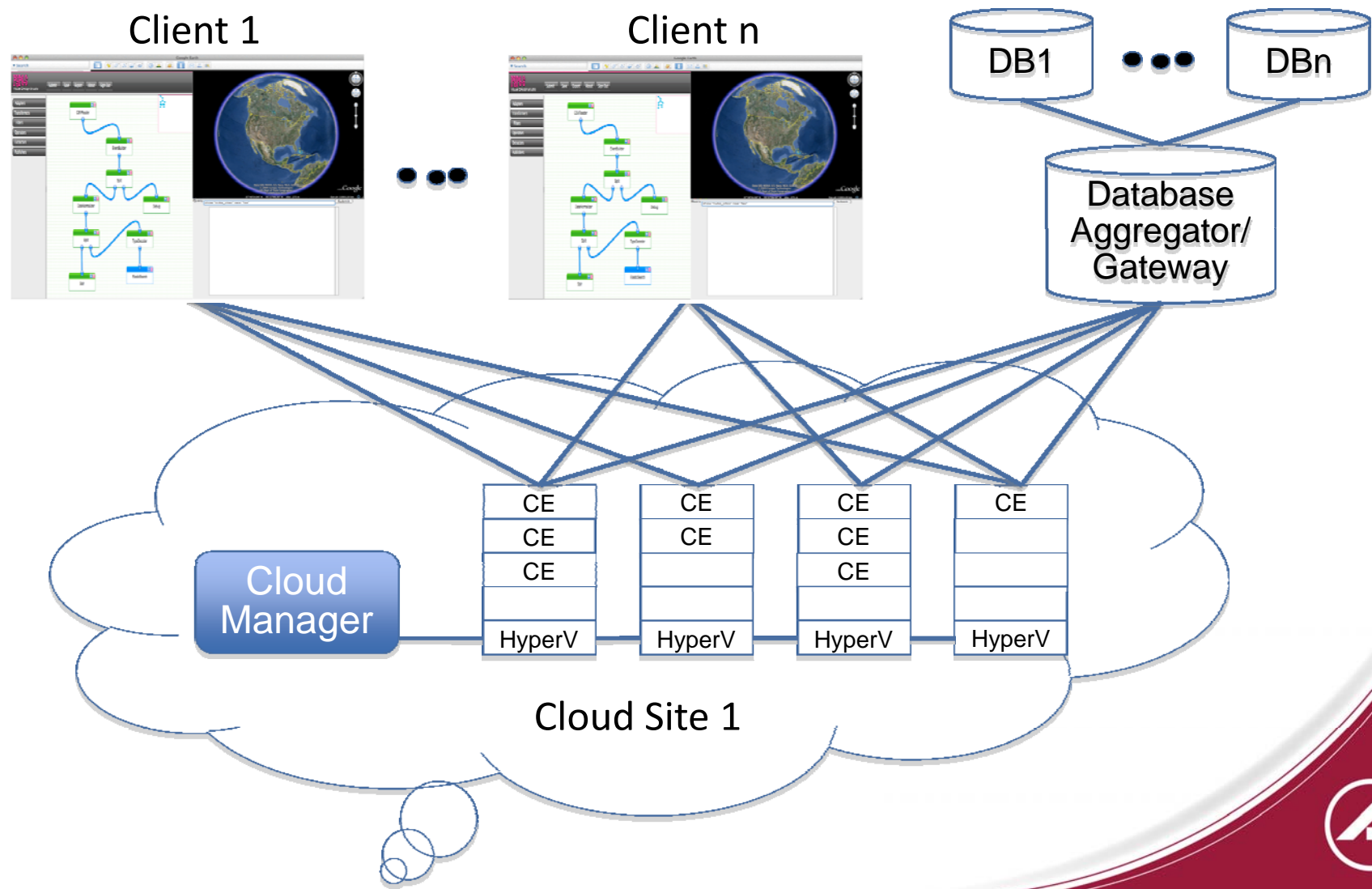
Intel Nehalem boxes, 168 cores total

Head Node: 8 cores, 16GB

Worker Nodes: (1x) 16 cores, 33GB, (6x) 24 cores, 33GB



Ultimate Goal: iCORE Released to a Beta User Community Running “At Scale” on a Cloud



Conclusions

- We have developed iCORE as a Framework and an Incubator for exploring analytical tools and computing infrastructure for geospatial intelligence
 - *Geospatial query language, disadvantaged users, ...*
 - *Cloud computing, autonomic control, security & governance, ...*
- In close collaboration with the original CORE team
- Demonstrated at GEOINT 2010, New Orleans
- Potential exists for integration with other systems
 - *DIB, DCGS-IC, DSS*
- Much more in-depth information is available
- Contact us: lee@aero.org

