

GSAW 2010 Working Group Session 11D

Eucalyptus-Based Event Correlation



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Overview

- Goal:
 - Prototype and evaluate a Cloud Computing Environment as a generic hosting environment for NSS applications
- Approach:
 - Augment an existing analyst tool, CORE, with a <u>Correlation Evaluator (CE</u>) that is dynamically provisioned and run in a prototype <u>private cloud</u>
 - CE will automate and enhance the semantics and scope of <u>correlation</u> <u>queries</u> against the a database aggregator to identify causal events of the highest importance
 - Use prototype environment to quantitatively evaluate benefits of cloud computing
- Success Metrics:
 - Demonstrate improved server utilization in the private cloud
 - Demonstrate ability to dynamically scale-out support for multiple CEs and CORE users
 - Demonstrate improved ability to identify high impact causal events
 - Demonstrate ability to be a generic hosting environment

Approach Strategy

- Phased development
 - Build critical functionality first
 - Demonstrate simplest possible test cases as early as possible
 - Add functionality incrementally to ultimately demonstrate complete system
 - Ability to dynamically support multiple users, across multiple sites, hosting multiple applications
 - Automatically enforce data policy across sites
- Assess project results at every increment
 - Be a "fast learning" project that can quickly follow successful efforts and discard disappointing ones
- Leverage existing hardware platforms

Major Prototype Components

- CORE
 - Google Earth-based User interface with "tree" of available data
- Database Aggregator (DA)
 - Provides access to multiple databases
- Eucalyptus
 - Open source Amazon EC2 API clone to be used for private cloud
- Correlation Evaluator Client (CEC) (new development)
 - Panel added to CORE user interface to specify correlation queries
- Correlation Evaluator (CE) (new development)
 - Cloud application that runs correlation queries from one or more CECs
- iRODS
 - Service for managing distributed data archives w/ integrated Rule Engine
- Workflow Manager (WfM)
 - Tool to manage sets of queries against the DA
- Performance Model

- A model to estimate the "cost" of doing queries before they are done



- Elastic Utility Computing Architecture Linking Your Programs To Useful Systems
 - Open Source API Clone of Amazon EC2
 - Web services based implementation of elastic/utility/cloud computing infrastructure
 - University of California, Santa Barbara
- \$5.5M in venture capital secured
 - Intends to be the "Redhat" of cloud computing

Illustration of CORE with Correlation Evaluation Client



Correlation Evaluator (CE)

- Correlation Evaluators (CEs) take spatial/temporal queries from CECs
 - Checks for partial/component correlations already managed by iRODS (see below)
 - Run sets of workflows against the DA to derive correlations
 - Dynamically provisioned Workflow Managers (WfMs) manage workflows
 - Standing correlations could be requested that assess correlations as new data becomes available
 - Automatic notifications possible

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- CEs can federate to exchange information
- Results ultimately displayed on CORE Google Earth (GE)
- CEs maintain a federated, distributed data service using iRODS
 - *iRODS (integrated Rule-Oriented Data Service) is open source from University of California, San Diego and the Renaissance Computing Institute, North Carolina*
 - iRODS agents can federate to enforce data policy, e.g.,
 - Automatic data replication to reduce latency & improve overall performance
 - Exchange of metadata to enhance discovery of correlations
- Integrated performance model enables correlation engines to estimate the computational load
 - CEs can federate to estimate total load on the DA and throttle accordingly
 - Give feedback to analyst on potentially intractable queries

Workflow Management (WfM) Engines

- Workflow Managers "orchestrate" or "choreograph" multiple steps in a large, distributed application
 - Data Movement and Process Execution
- Keeping track of which operations:
 - Need to be done
 - Have completed
 - May have failed and need to be retried
- Many Script-based or visual programming tools available to define workflows
 - BPEL (Business Process Execution Language) most widely known in business community but problematic interoperability
 - Pegasus, Taverna, Triana, DAGMan widely known in science community
- A workflow manager may only be needed here if correlation queries get extremely complicated

Functional View of Complete System



End-to-End system with Google Earth-based clients using cloud-hosted, RulePoint Correlation Engines (CEs) to identify related events in multiple data sources



Agent Logic's RulePoint Basic Architecture



Eucalyptus Basic System Architecture



Status of Initial Critical Tasks

- 1) Small private Eucalyptus cloud stood-up
 - Eucalyptus is an open source, API clone of Amazon EC2
 - Project Penguin is a possible host platform
 - Perform "microbenchmarks" to evaluate performance/behavior
- 2) Basic Correlation Evaluation (CE) basic package implemented
 - "Packages": existing CORE concept for correlations against DA
 - Built CE virtual machine image (VMI) for dynamic provisioning in cloud
 - Initially runnning manually for development and testing
- 3) Currently Modifying CORE to initiate CE VMIs in cloud
 - Automating CORE "packages" for doing correlations
 - Add "Correlation Evaluation Client" window in CORE
 - Compliments CORE "tree"
 - Results from CEs in the cloud displayed on Google Earth
- 4) Demonstrations and Evaluations to be done
 - Perform benchmarks to evaluate performance/scalability/behavior
 - Add multiple CORE users
 - Add multiple client sites

Further Enhancements

- 5) Integrated Performance Model & Control
 - Design performance model that estimates how much processing time and how much correlation data may be involved
 - Use Perf Model to prevent inadvertent initiation of "expensive" queries that result in excessive processing and data requirements
 - Use Perf model to "throttle" aggregate queries against DA so as to not adversely affect operational DA use
- 6) Integrated Workflow Management
 - CORE package may require extensive "query sweeps" against the DA
 - Use a Workflow Management engine to manage query sweeps
- 7) Integrated Data Management and Data Policy Enforcement
 - Use iRODS to manage correlation data across sites
 - Enforce data policy, e.g., caching, replication, security, transcoding
- 8) Development of Additional Cloud Applications
 - Demonstrate generic hosting capabilities
 - Multi-tenancy
 - Increased utilization

Potential Issues and Conclusions

- There are no cloud standards
 - Amazon EC2 is de facto standard for laaS
 - Work underway in OGF OCCI to standardize this interface
 - There is a risk that "standard" cloud APIs may be different
 - Critically important when federating clouds from different organizations
- Cloud Architecture and Configuration
 - CE application should be suitable for generic Eucalyptus configuration
 - Other apps may need specialized configurations for HPC, data streaming
 - How to manage cloud performance across NSS job mix?
- More likely to realize benefits of Cloud Computing -- laaS when applications are run *at scale*
 - Small demo application can be used to drive installation of cloud prototype but may not allow huge benefits to be demonstrated
 - More users/apps may be needed to show control of server utilization, etc.
 - May want to demonstrate workload management across sites
- Green IT is another potential benefit of cloud computing
 - Workflow mgmt across sites to enforce energy consumption policy

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