
Ground Segment Standardization and Commonality: Benefits, Risks and Obstacles

***Sid Hollander, Geri Chaudhri
GSAW Panel
March 27, 2007***

Outline

- **Areas of Standardization**
- **Benefits**
- **Risks**
- **Obstacles**
- **Near-term Approach**

Potential Areas for Standardization

- **Satellite Bus TT&C has functional commonality across ground systems**
 - Payload control, monitor, & processing too specialized
- **Areas for Bus TT&C Standardization**
 - HMI
 - Telemetry and Command Definitions
 - Procedure Languages (OMG proposal)
 - Data Transmission between Components
 - Data Archival and Retrieval interfaces
 - Data Analysis Tools
 - Data Transmission on the Ground
- **Areas Requiring Space & Ground Synergy**
 - Data Transmission between Space and Ground

Benefits of Standardization

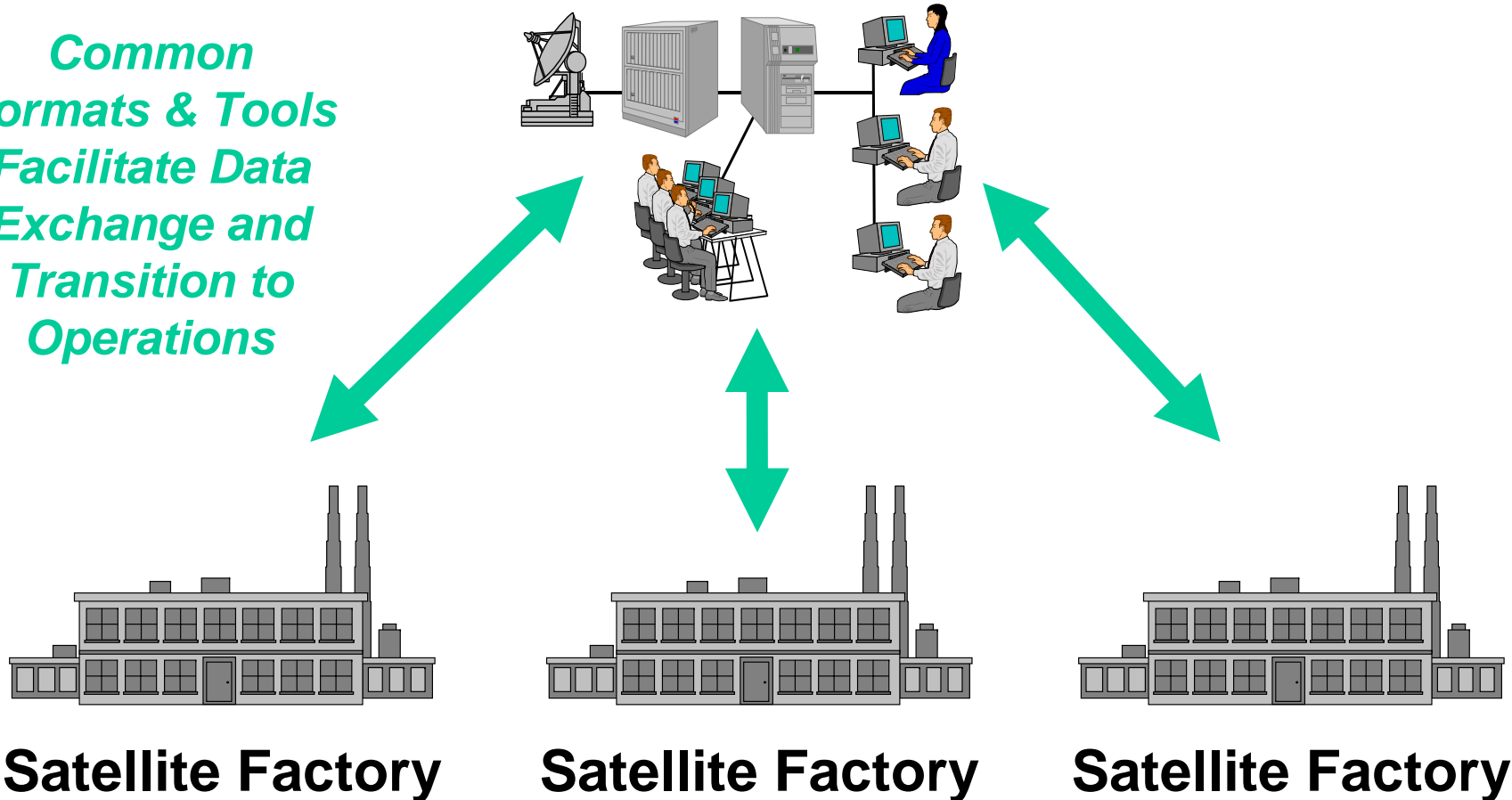
- **Improved interoperability**
 - Requires active system-of-systems engineering process
- **Reduced costs**
 - Ground Systems development costs are significantly reduced when telemetry and command databases and satellite test procedures are reused for operations ¹
 - Upgrades are cheaper if common format is used for databases, procedures and data exchange
 - Training costs decrease with standard mission planning and data analysis tools
- **Common look and feel created by a standard HMI will result in ease of use**
- **The reliability of systems is increased when standards and common components are used**

¹ SpaceOps 2004 paper “Ground Systems – The Need for Standardization”

Benefits of Standardization

Mission Ground System

*Common
Formats & Tools
Facilitate Data
Exchange and
Transition to
Operations*



Satellite Factory

Satellite Factory

Satellite Factory

Risks

Long lead time to develop standards

- **Developers and acquisition offices may miss window of opportunity for major systems needed today**
- **Retrofitting legacy systems can cause breakage and down time**
- **If standards and common systems are required:**
 - **Creativity can stagnate**
 - **Mission capabilities can be limited**
- **Competition leads to better, cheaper products**
 - **If everyone is forced to use common products, market is stifled, i.e. we do not get better, cheaper products**

Obstacles

- **Proprietary systems in use today are not interoperable and do not allow for interoperability without custom development**
- **Implementation of new standards will incur large costs**
- **Business case has not been made for the Return on Investment**
- **Resistance from Ground System vendors**
- **Resistance from Satellite vendors**
 - **Implementation of Ground System standards may limit business opportunities, e.g., no option to build ground system**
- **Acquisition process is currently geared to stove pipe or one-of-a-kind systems**

Near-term Approach

- **Evaluate existing standards for ground system acquisitions**
 - **Telemetry and Command Definitions (XML Telemetric and Command Exchange - XTCE)**
- **Develop near-term standards that directly promote interoperability**
 - **Common Look and Feel**
 - Display layout
 - Application behavior
 - **Procedure language**
 - Promote reuse of validated procedures across systems: factory, S-band, in-band
 - **Data Transmission**
 - Establish IP-based telemetry and command protocols to facilitate bent-pipe data exchange between ground systems via GIG
 - Facilitate transition to alternative comm network delivery services, e.g., space-based satellite control