

# State and evolution of data analytics infrastructure at ESOC

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Thanks to James Eggleston & Jose Martinez Heras

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### European Space Operations Centre (ESOC)

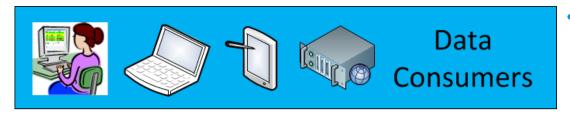


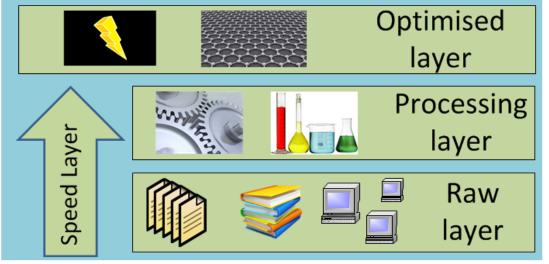


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#### Architecture – Big Data Layers









•Raw layer:



- Full fidelity
- Organized in file/folder structures

•Processing layer: MAPR.





- Distributed computation and data transformation
- •Optimised layer: HBASE





- Structured data
- Organised by consumer use cases
- •Speed layer:

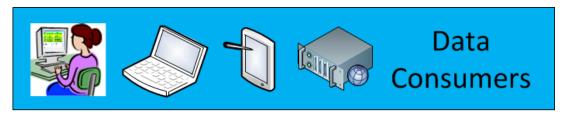




- Low latency
- Consumed from sources

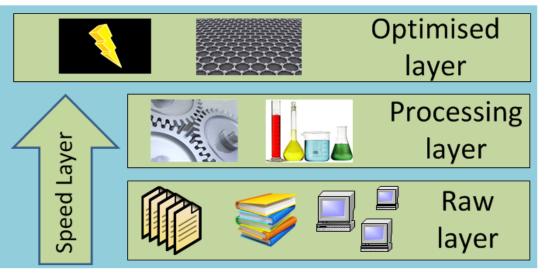
#### Architecture – Big Data Layers @ESOC







 ARES (Analysis and Reporting System)



- Data Accessibility (includes preparation, processing, retrieval and enhancement)
  - PyARES
  - NoveltyDetection system
  - Dependency Finder
  - LTDP products and collections

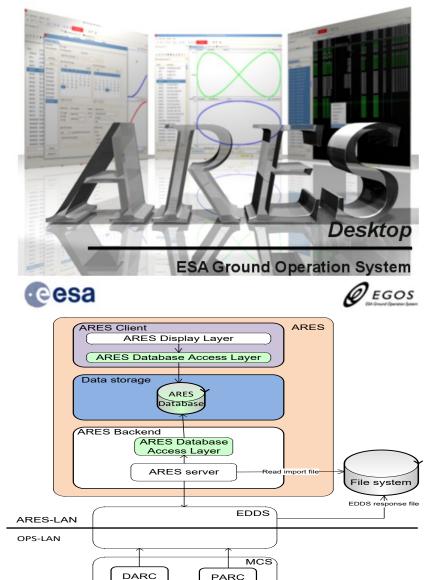


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#### Infrastructure: Introduction to ARES



- ARES (Analysis and Reporting System) is an off-line data analysis system
- Is an evolution of existing ESA system (Mission Utility Support tools – MUST)
- Build on top of the EGOS User Desktop Framework (EUD)
- Mainly for storage of spacecraft housekeeping data in engineering format
  - Supports generic storage of files, parameters and events
- Optimized for fast data retrieval

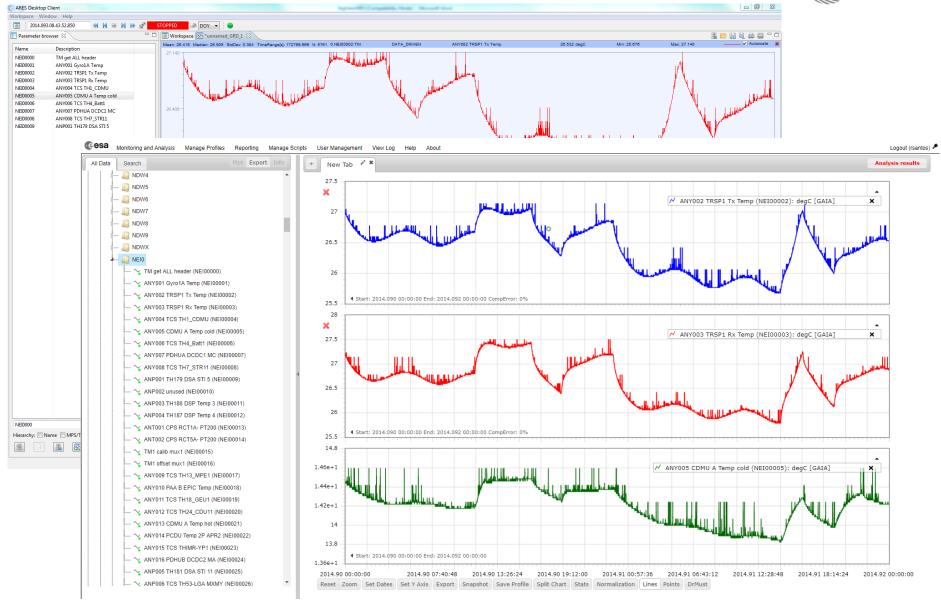


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#### Displays: Graphical display

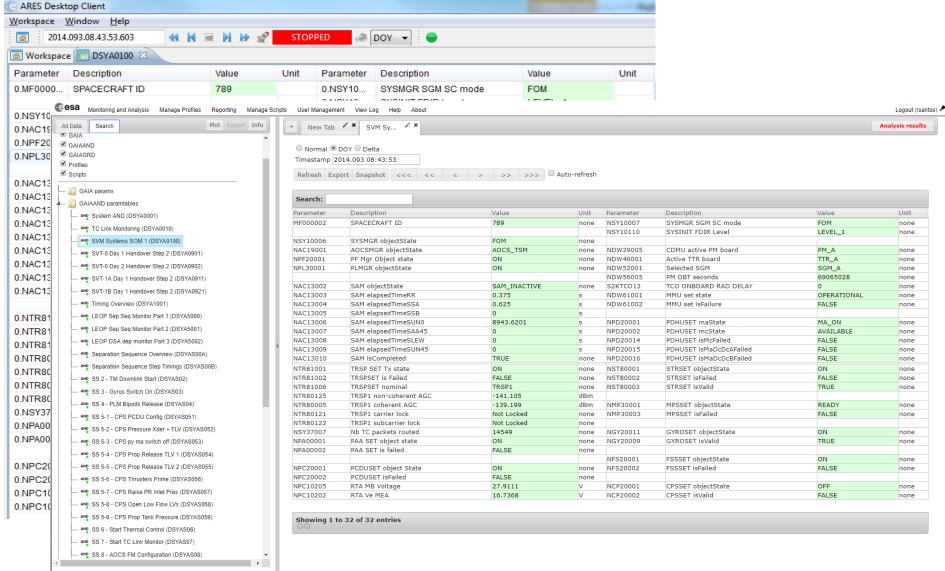




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#### Displays: Alphanumeric display

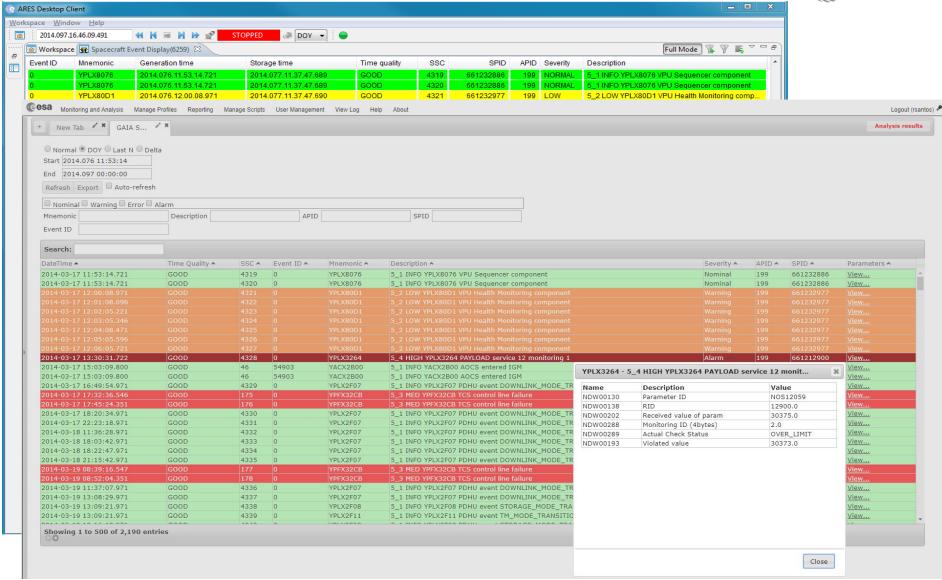




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#### Displays: Table displays





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# Infrastructure: (Big Data) Multi mission shared storage



- Ever increasing volume of data (e.g. GAIA receives around 150 million unique HKTM samples per day)
- Remove data storage limitations on type and content
  - Store all available data instead of a selected sub-set
  - Data analysis and mining across different missions
- Scale without impacting performance with stable (and good) retrieval performance
- High availability and data redundancy
- Enable effective Long Term Data Preservation
- Homogenous service and system evolution for all missions

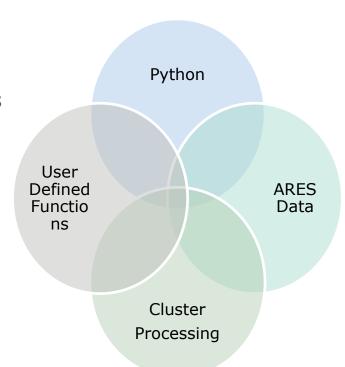




#### Processing and Retrieval: PyARES



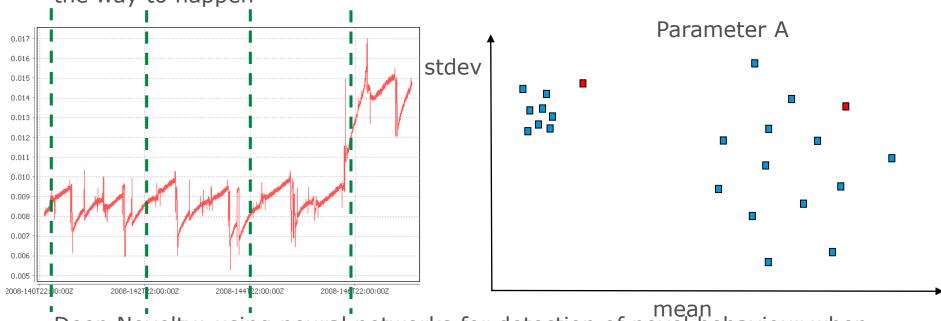
- PyARES is a python library to interface ARES for:
  - Metadata and data retrieval
  - Processing based on user defined functions
  - Machine learning jobs (Random Forest)
- Aims at bridging the gap between data analytics and software development
- Bring the processing to the data (with PySpark)
- Abstraction with underlying technologies such as Spark, Hbase, Protobuf



#### Processing: (Deep) Novelty Detection



 Novelty Detection: Unusual behaviour is often the signature of an anomaly in the way to happen



- Deep Novelty: using neural networks for detection of novel behaviour when parameter behaviour could depend on other parameters
- The field of Deep Learning looks promising for anomaly detection but more effort needs to be devoted to it

SpaceOps2018 paper "Novelty Detection with Deep Learning" by Jose Martinez and Alessandro Donati

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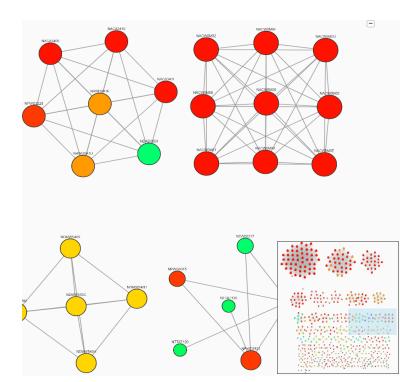


#### Processing: Dependency Finder



#### Motivation:

- Better understanding (training, confirm operational experience knowledge)
- Support anomaly investigation
- Support operations preparation (anticipate which other parameters would be affected by the new operation)
- We look for cases where the joint distribution is very different from the theoretical joint distribution if it would have happened by chance
- Prototype tool has been developed by the Artificial Intelligence & Operations Innovation Team and validated by the Mars Express Flight Control Team



SpaceOps2018 paper "Dependency Finder: Surprising Relationships in Telemetry" by Jose Martinez, Luke Lucas and Alessandro Donati

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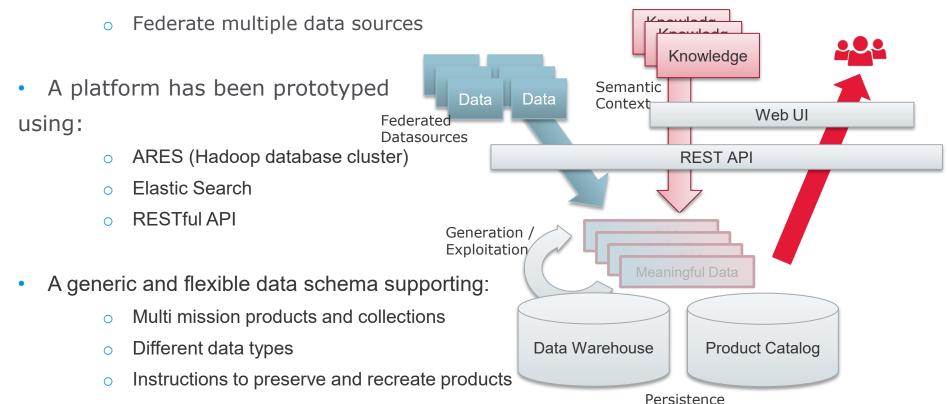




#### Enhancement: LTDP products and collections



- Vision:
  - Combine diverse data types
  - Preserve and enhancement data with semantic context and metadata



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#### Examples of potential future work



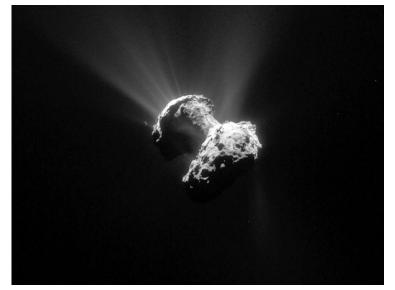
- Processing and storage of live stream of TM data
- Interface/Federation with central data portal for enhanced data access and correlation with Science data
- Augment capabilities of data processing layer (including machine learning techniques)
- Preserve legacy missions by migrating them to the Hadoop infrastructure
- Introduce operationally validated AI and machine learning tools to operator teams
- Create a curated "Anomaly Detection ESA Dataset" to allow to benchmark different anomaly detection approaches



#### Conclusions



- Data analytics activities need a stable and scalable support infrastructure
- More data = more value = better data analytics = new opportunities
- Multi-mission service allows for optimization and better inter mission cooperation activities
- Sustainable and contextualised long term data preservation from day one



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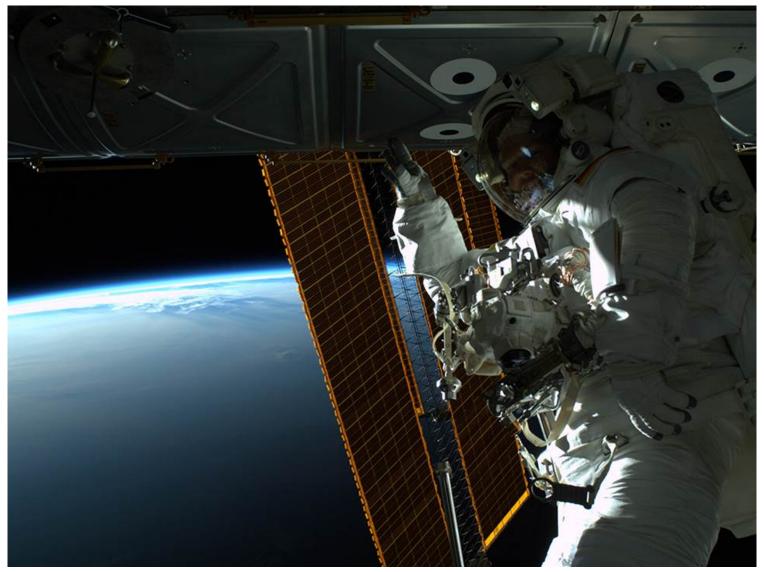






## Thank you for your attention!





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