



2023 Ground Software Architecture  
Workshop (GSAW)

# Autonomy & Automation in Deep Space Mission Operations

March 27, 20223

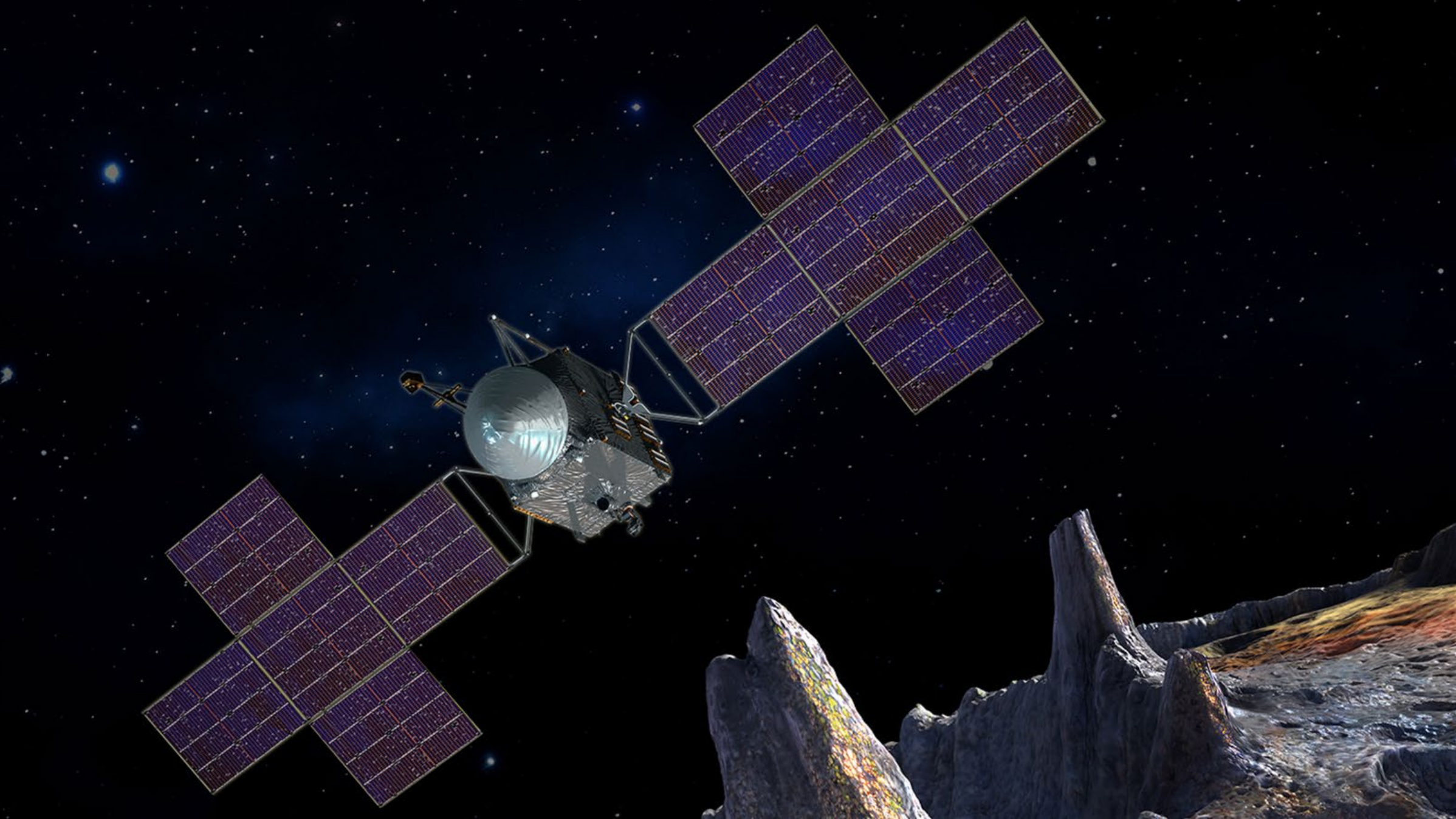
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**Jet Propulsion Laboratory**  
California Institute of Technology

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**Launch:** 2023.10.10

**Target:** 16 Psyche

**Type:** Orbiter

**Arrival:** 2029.08

**Instruments**

Multispectral Imager

Gamma Ray and Neutron  
Spectrometer

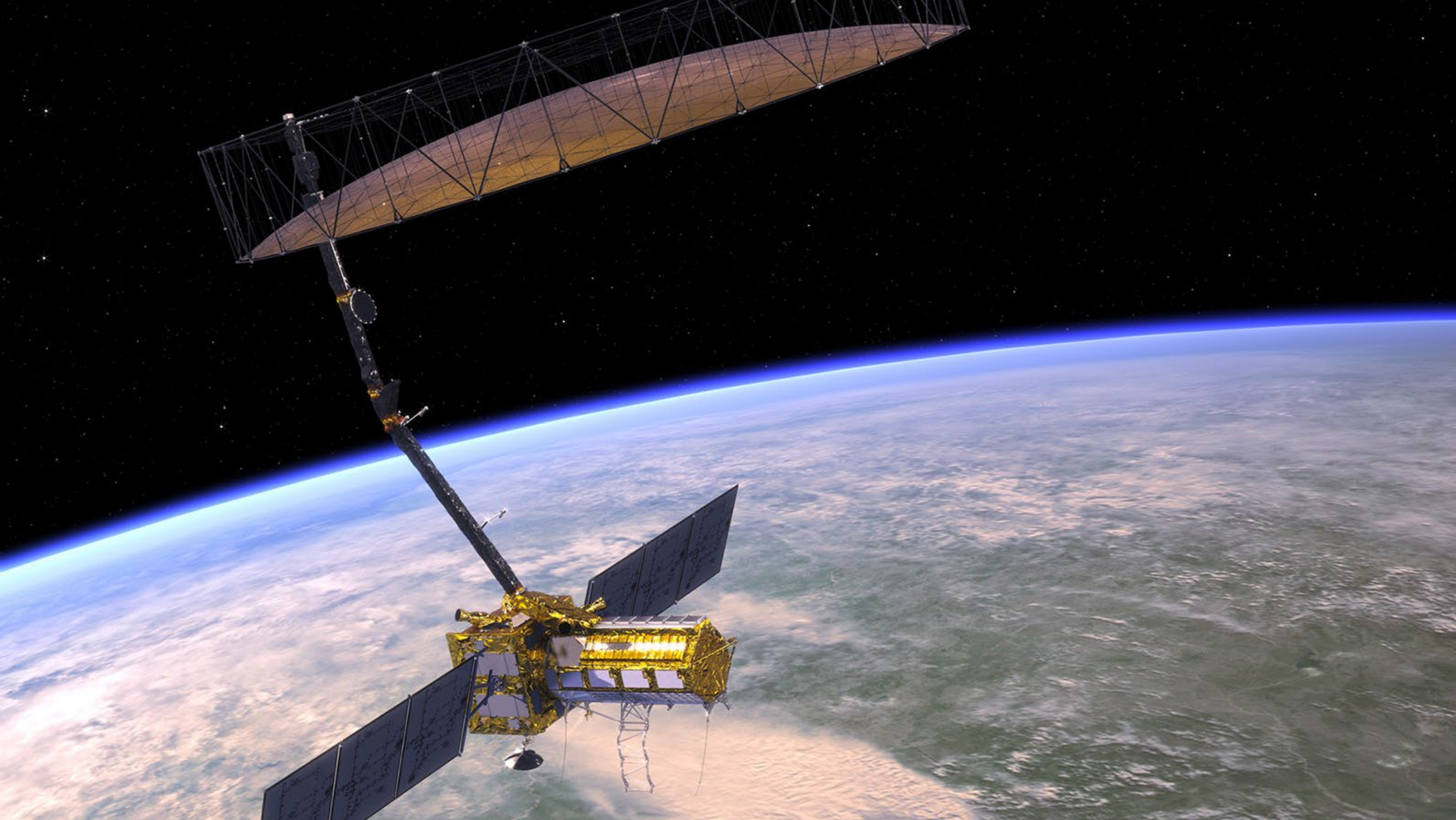
Magnetometer

X-band Gravity Science  
Investigation

Deep Space Optical  
Communication (DSOC)

# Psyche





**Launch:** 2024

**Target:** Earth

**Type:** Orbiter

### **Instruments**

L-band (24-cm wavelength)  
Polarimetric Synthetic  
Aperture Radar

S-band (12-cm  
wavelength) Polarimetric  
Synthetic Aperture Radar

# **NISAR - NASA-ISRO Synthetic Aperature Radar**

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[jpl.nasa.gov](https://jpl.nasa.gov)

**Launch:** 2024.10.06

**Target:** Europa, Jupiter

**Type:** Orbiter

**JOI:** 2030.04.11

### **Instruments**

Plasma Instrument for Magnetic Sounding (PIMS)

Europa Clipper Magnetometer

Mapping Imaging Spectrometer for Europa (MISE)

Europa Imaging System (EIS)

Radar for Europa Assessment and Sounding: Ocean to Near-surface (REASON)

Europa Thermal Emission Imaging System (E-THEMIS)

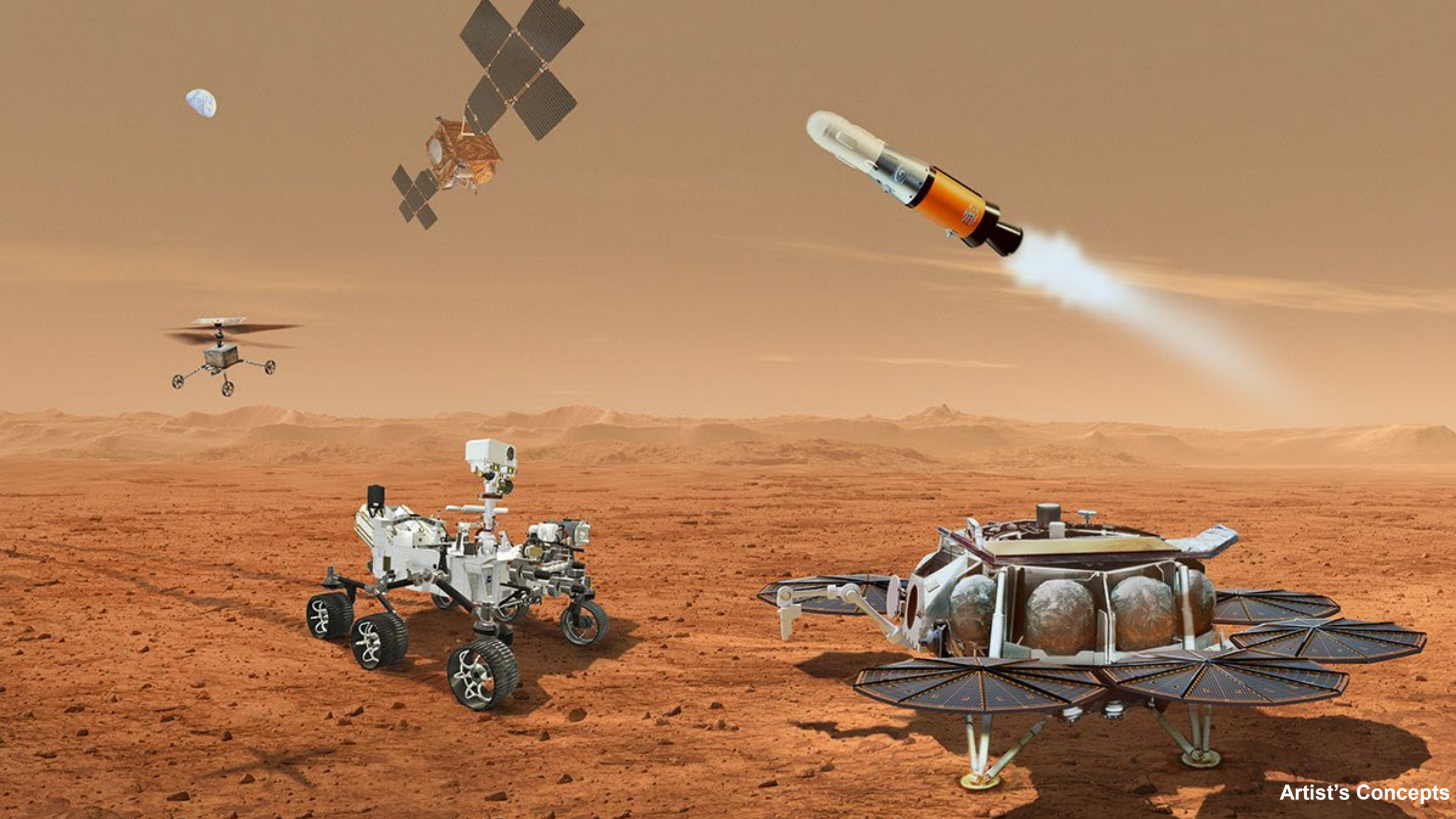
MASS SPECTROMETER for Planetary EXploration/Europa (MASPEX)

Europa Ultraviolet Spectrograph  
SURFACE DUST MASS ANALYZER (SUDA)



# Europa Clipper





**Launch:** 2027 – 2028  
Planned  
**Target:** Mars  
**Type:** Orbiter, Lander,  
Helicopter/Rover, Launcher

Pre-Decisional Information – For Planning and Discussion Purposes Only

# Mars Sample Return

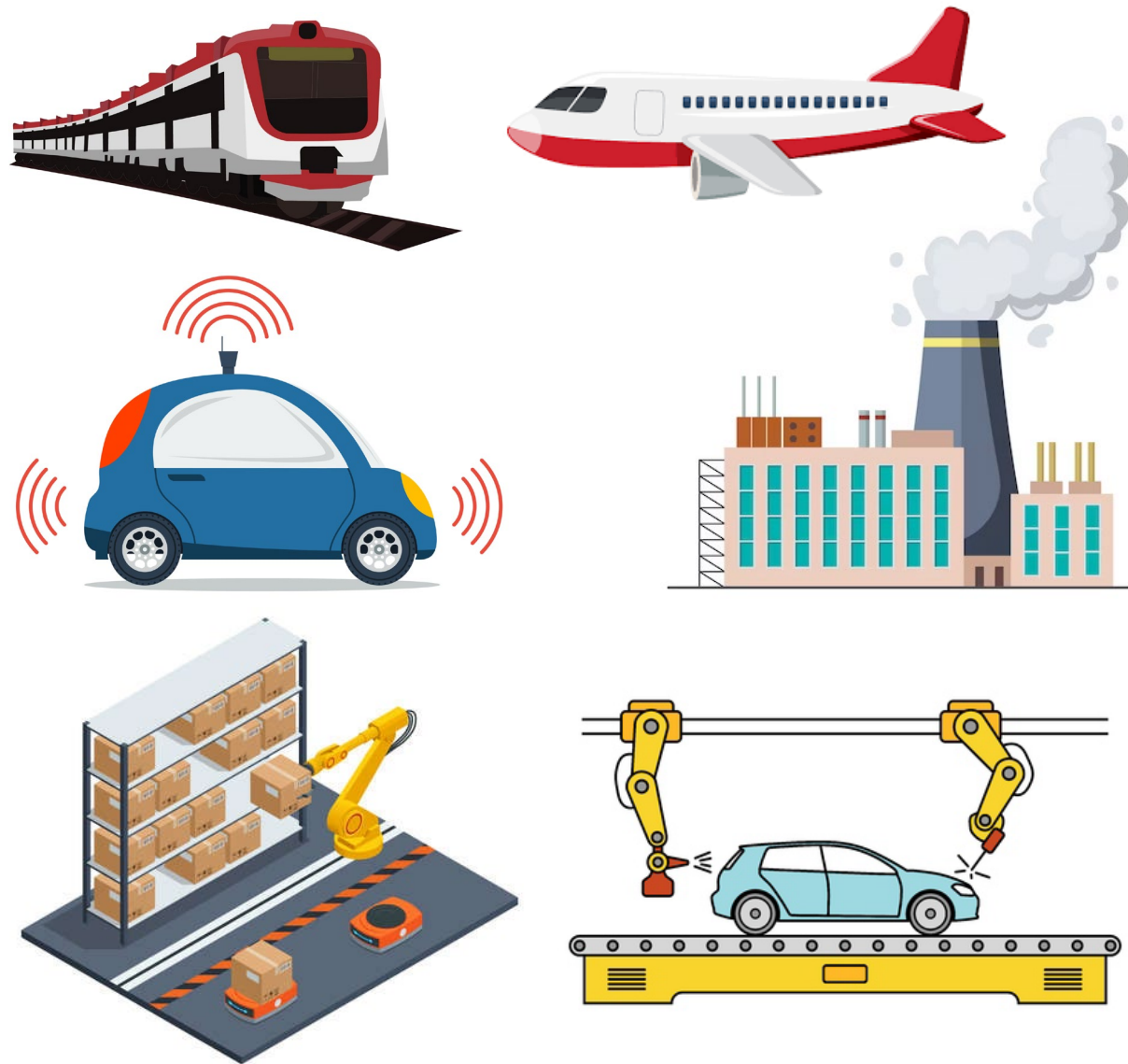
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# Automation and Autonomous Around Us

With various degree of automation and autonomy

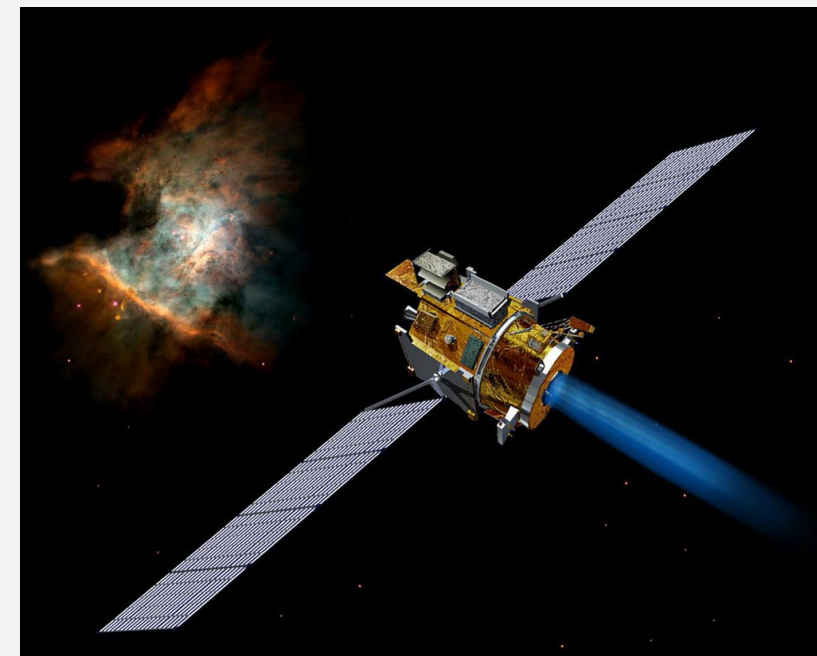
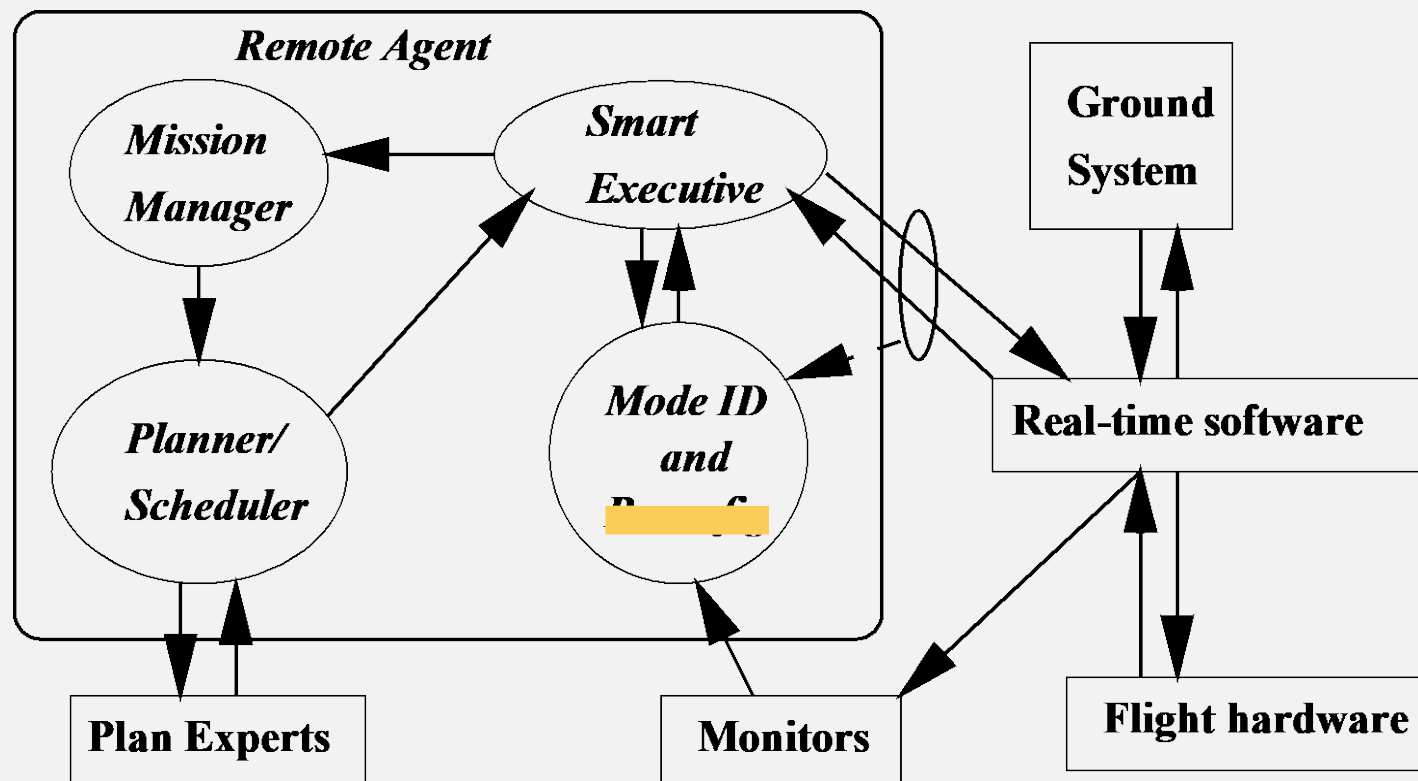


- Automatic Train Operation
- Airliner Autopilot, Autoland, Auto Takeoff?
- Autonomous Vehicle
- Autonomous Power Plant
- Autonomous Chemical Plant
- Automotive Manufacturing Automation and Robots
- Autonomous Warehouse
- ...



# Autonomy & Automation Technologies in the Flight System





## Technology

- PS - Automated Planning and Scheduling
- EXEC - Automated plan execution and monitoring
- MIR – Model-based diagnosis and reconfiguration

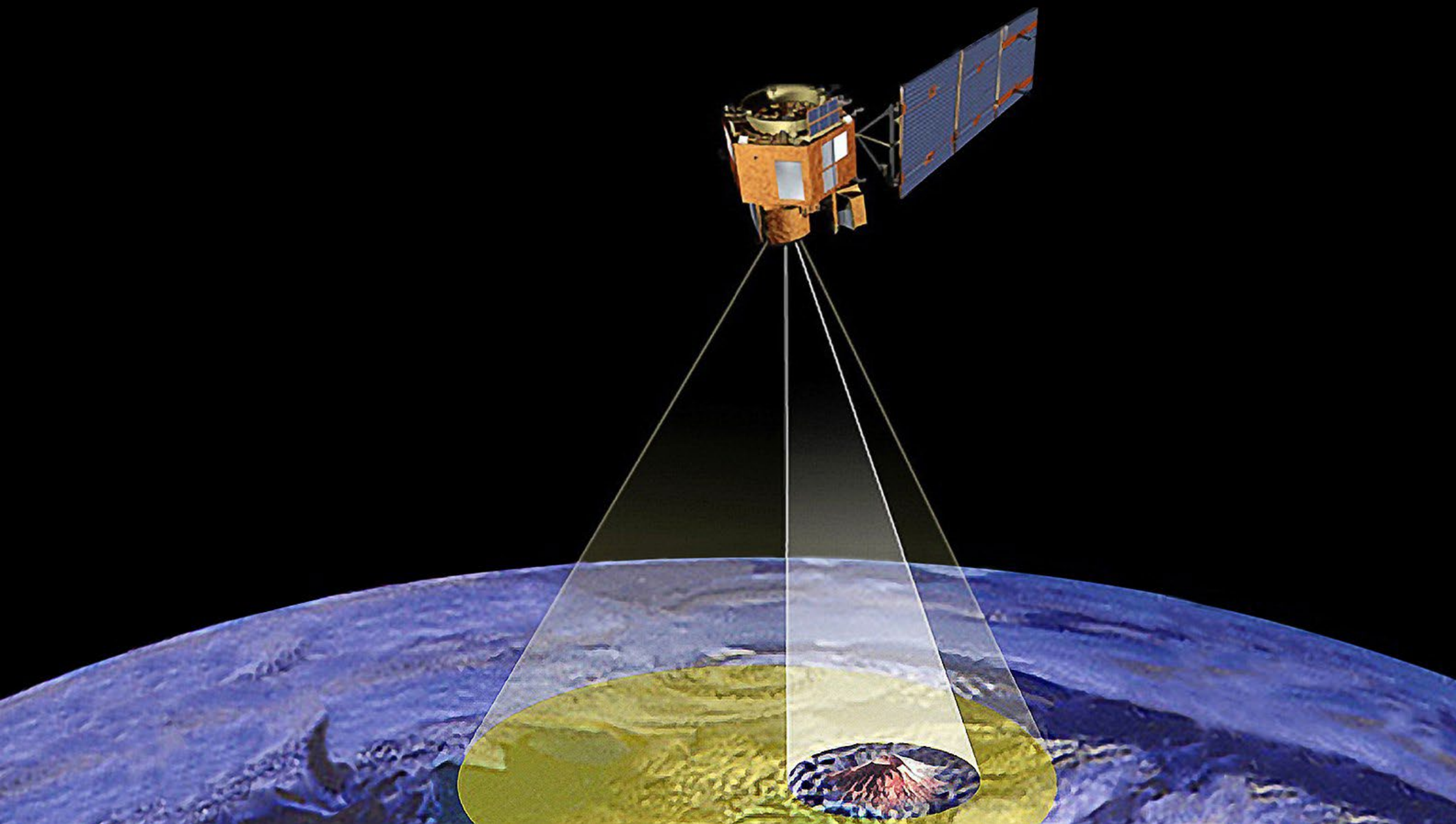
## Mission Heritage

- DS1

Rajan et al., Remote Agent: An Autonomous Control System for the New Millennium. ECAI 2000, Proceedings of the 14th European Conference on Artificial Intelligence, Berlin, Germany, August 20-25, 2000

# DS1 Remote Agent Experiment





<https://ai.jpl.nasa.gov/public/projects/ase/>

# ASE (Autonomous Science Experiment)

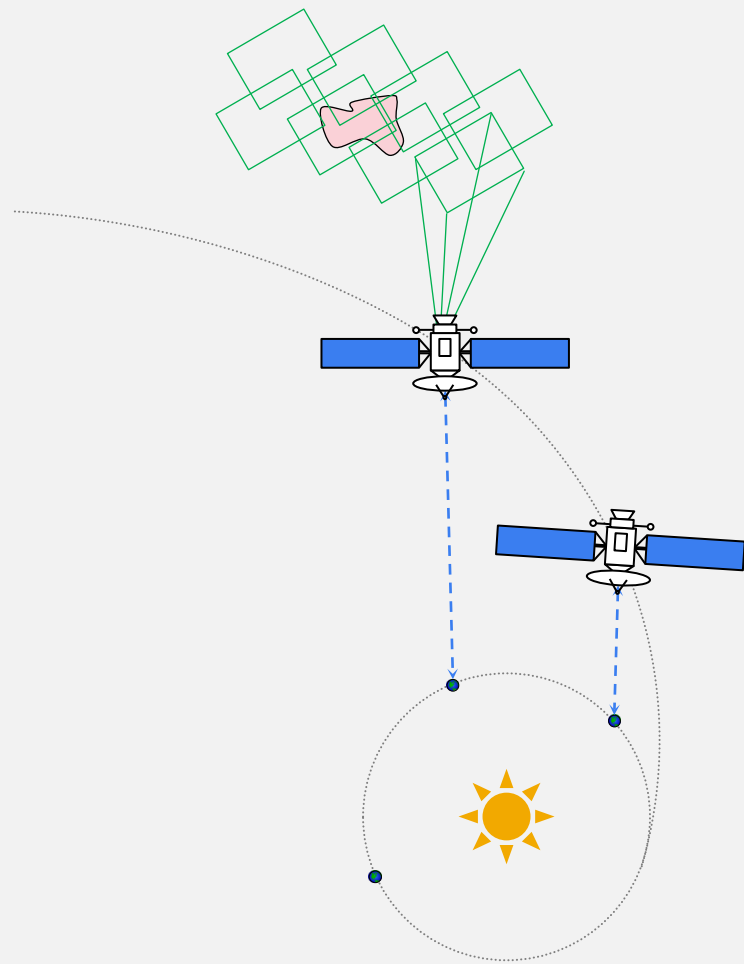
## Technology

- Onboard Science – Feature detection
- CASPER – Automated planning and scheduling
- SCL – Plan execution and fault protection

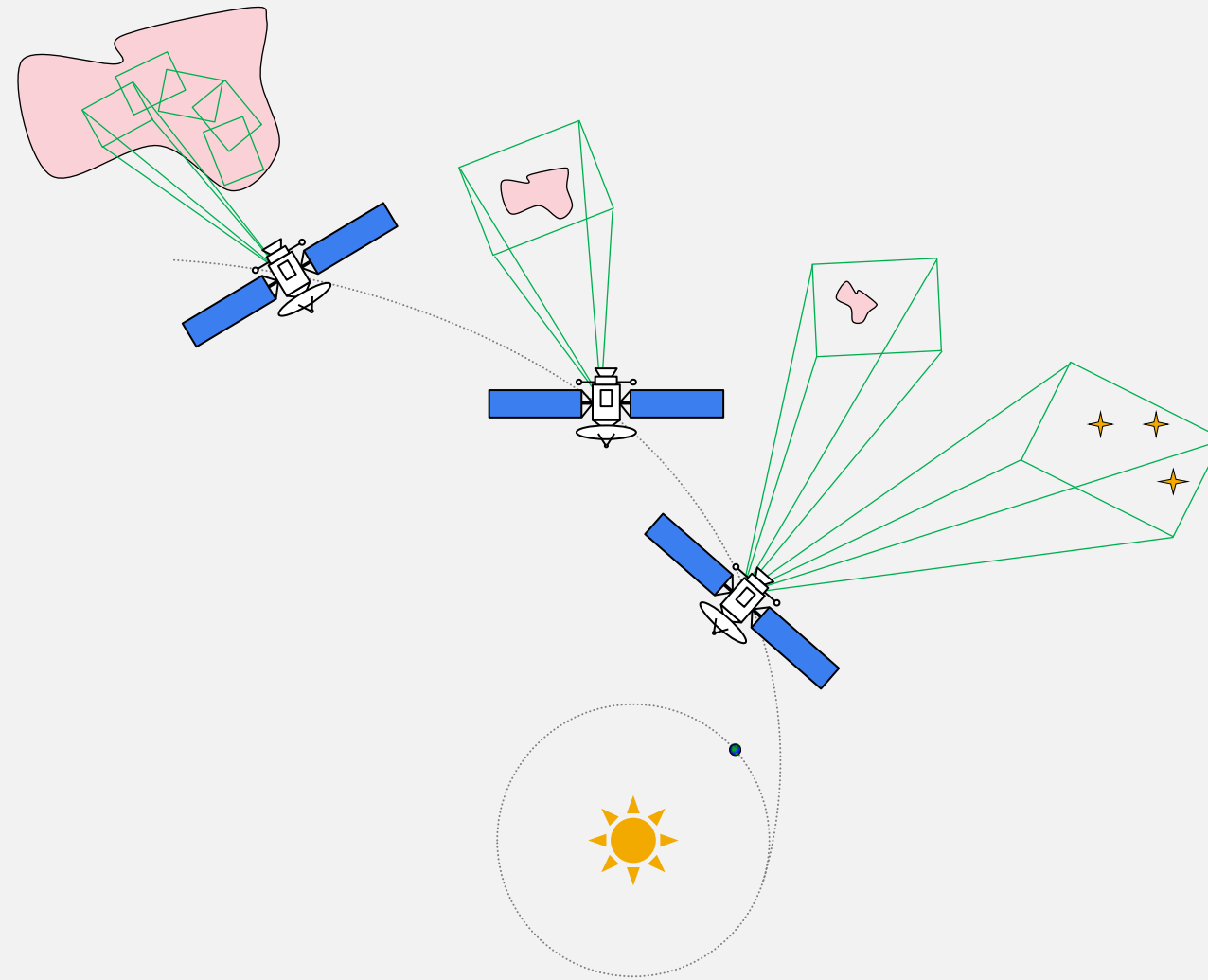
## Mission Heritage

- EO-1

## Conventional Navigation



## Autonomous Navigation



### Technology

- Image processing
- Orbit determination
- Maneuver planning and execution

### Mission Heritage

- DS1
- Stardust
- Deep Impact / EPOXI
- ASTERIA

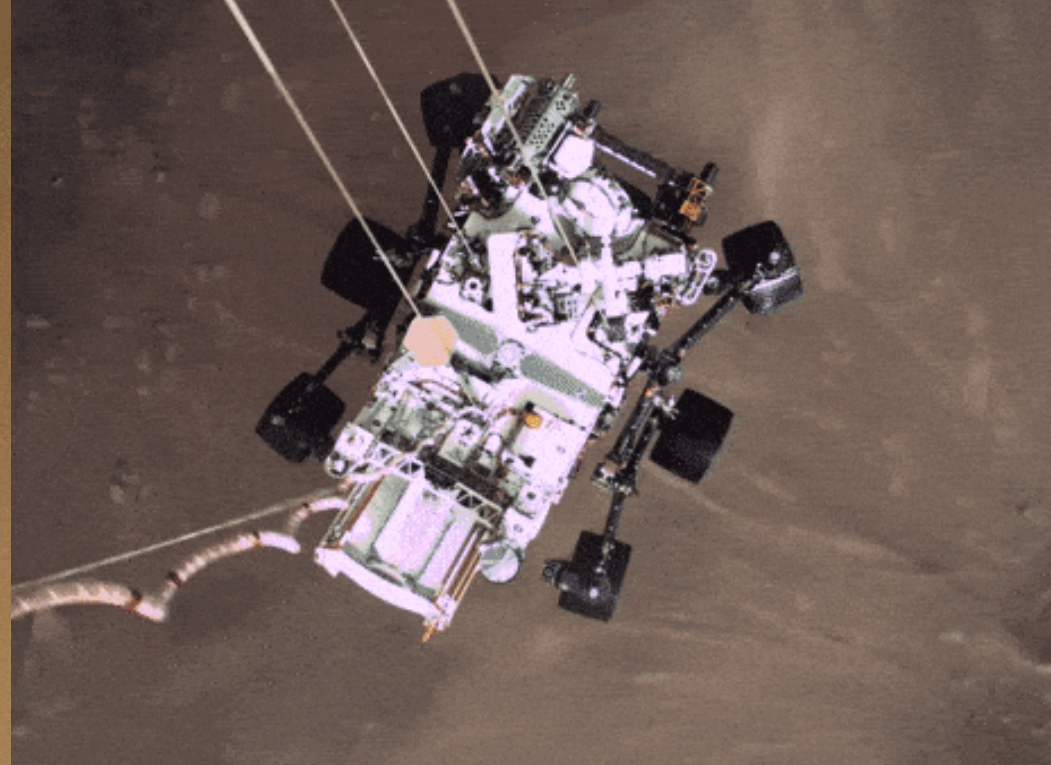
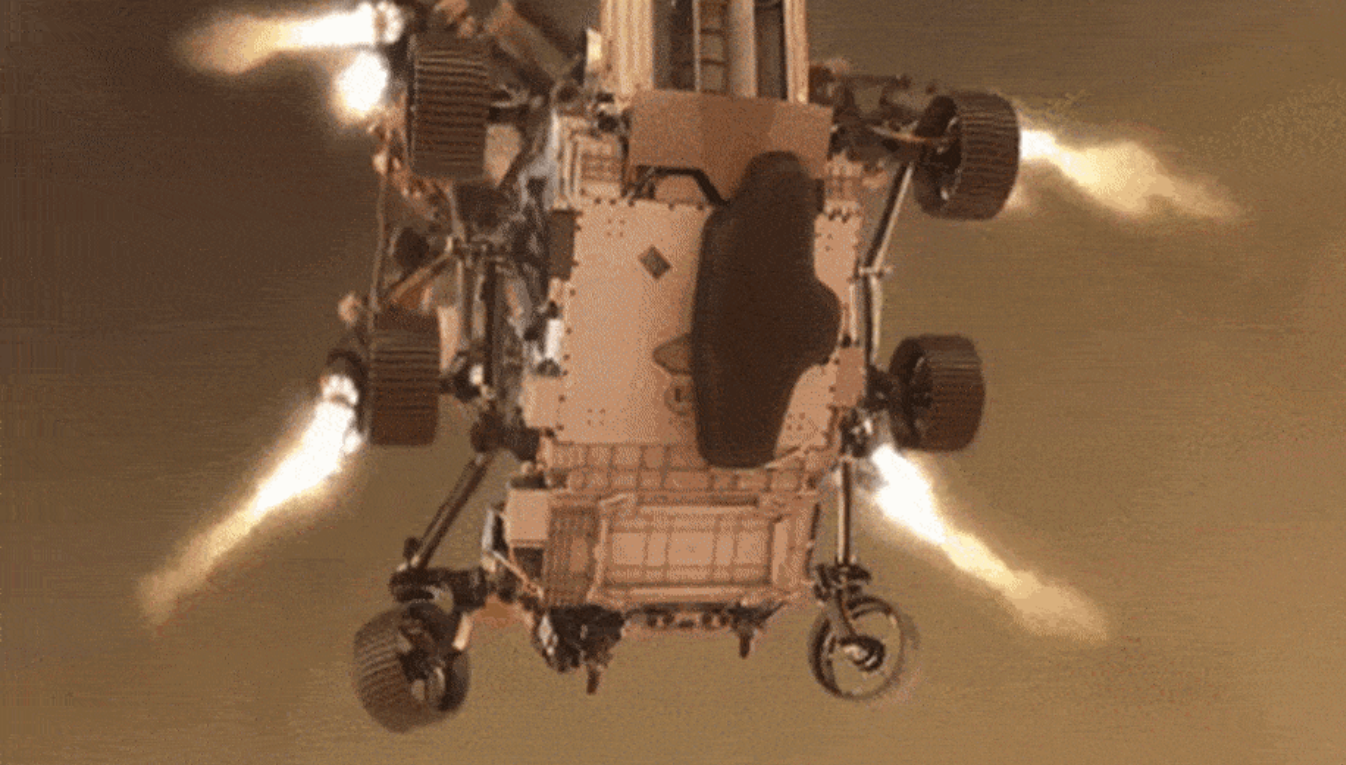
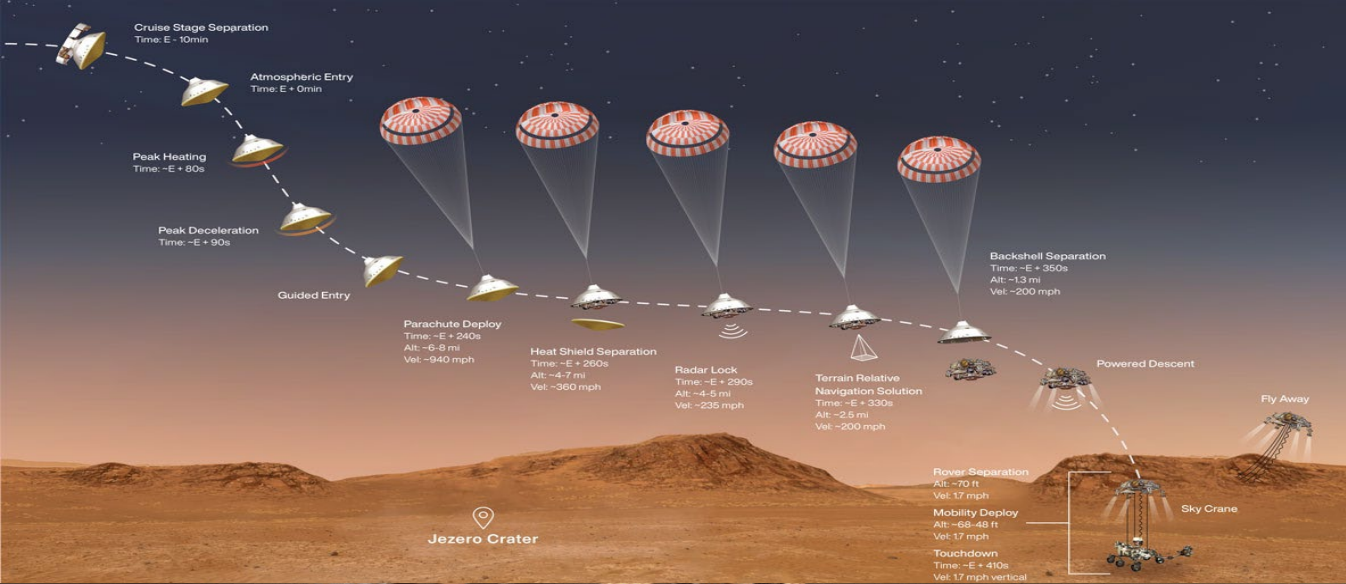
<https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/nmp/ds1/tech/autonav.html>

# Deep Space AutoNav (Autonomous Navigation)

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[jpl.nasa.gov](https://www.jpl.nasa.gov)





## Technology

- Guided entry
- Parachute descent
- Powered descent
- Sky Crane and Flyaway

## Mission Heritage

- MSL
- M2020

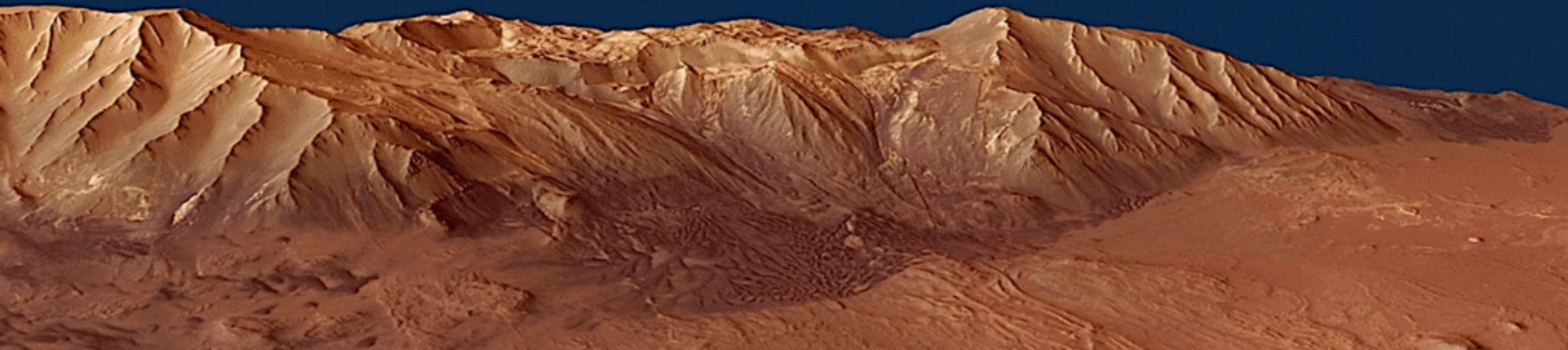
<https://mars.nasa.gov/mars2020/timeline/landing/entry-descent-landing/>

# Mars EDL (Entry Descent and Landing)



# MARS 2020 ROVER

## TERRAIN RELATIVE NAVIGATION



### Technology

- Lander Vision System Localization
- Safe Target Selection

### Mission Heritage

M2020

<https://robotics.jpl.nasa.gov/what-we-do/flight-projects/mars-2020-rover/terrain-relative-navigation/>

# TRN (Terrain Relative Navigation)

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[jpl.nasa.gov](https://jpl.nasa.gov)





<https://www-robotics.jpl.nasa.gov/what-we-do/flight-projects/mars-2020-rover/m2020mobility/>

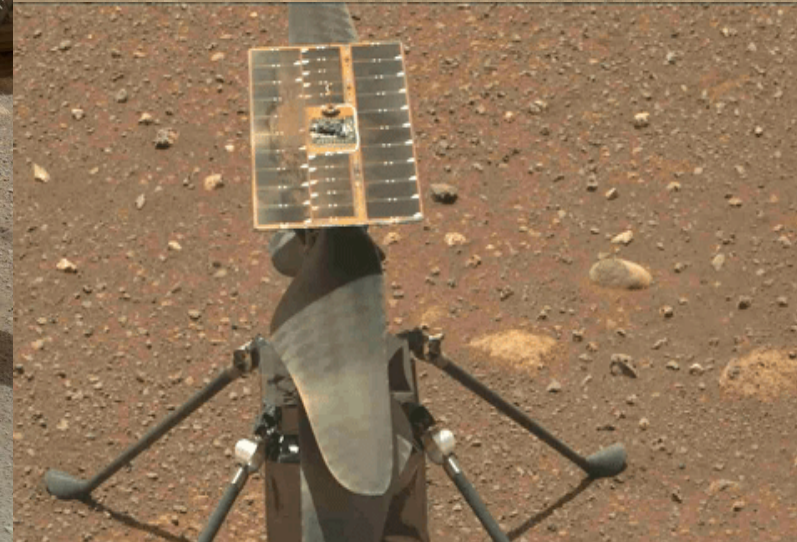
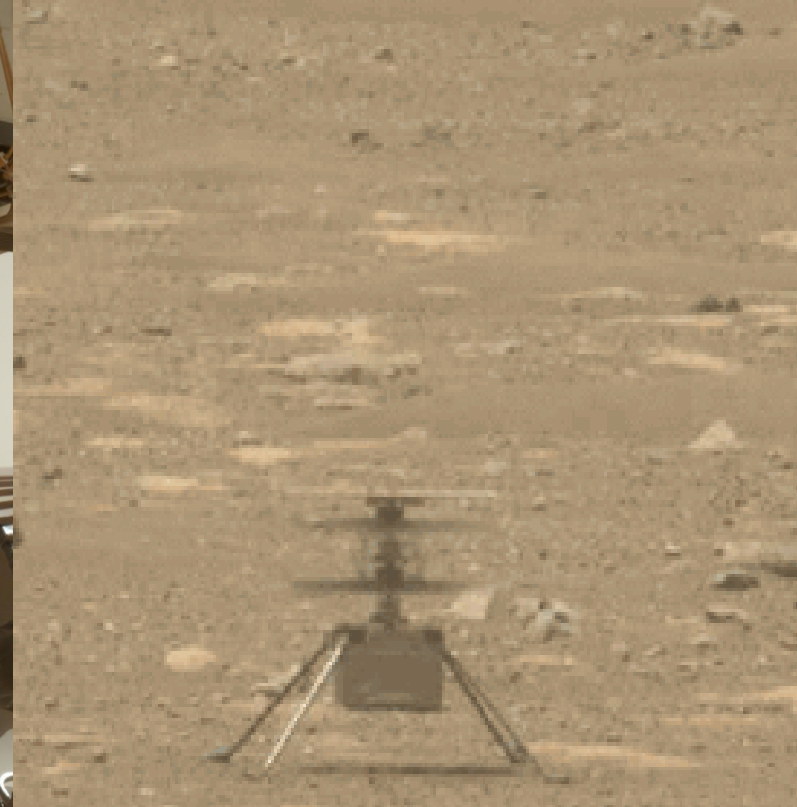
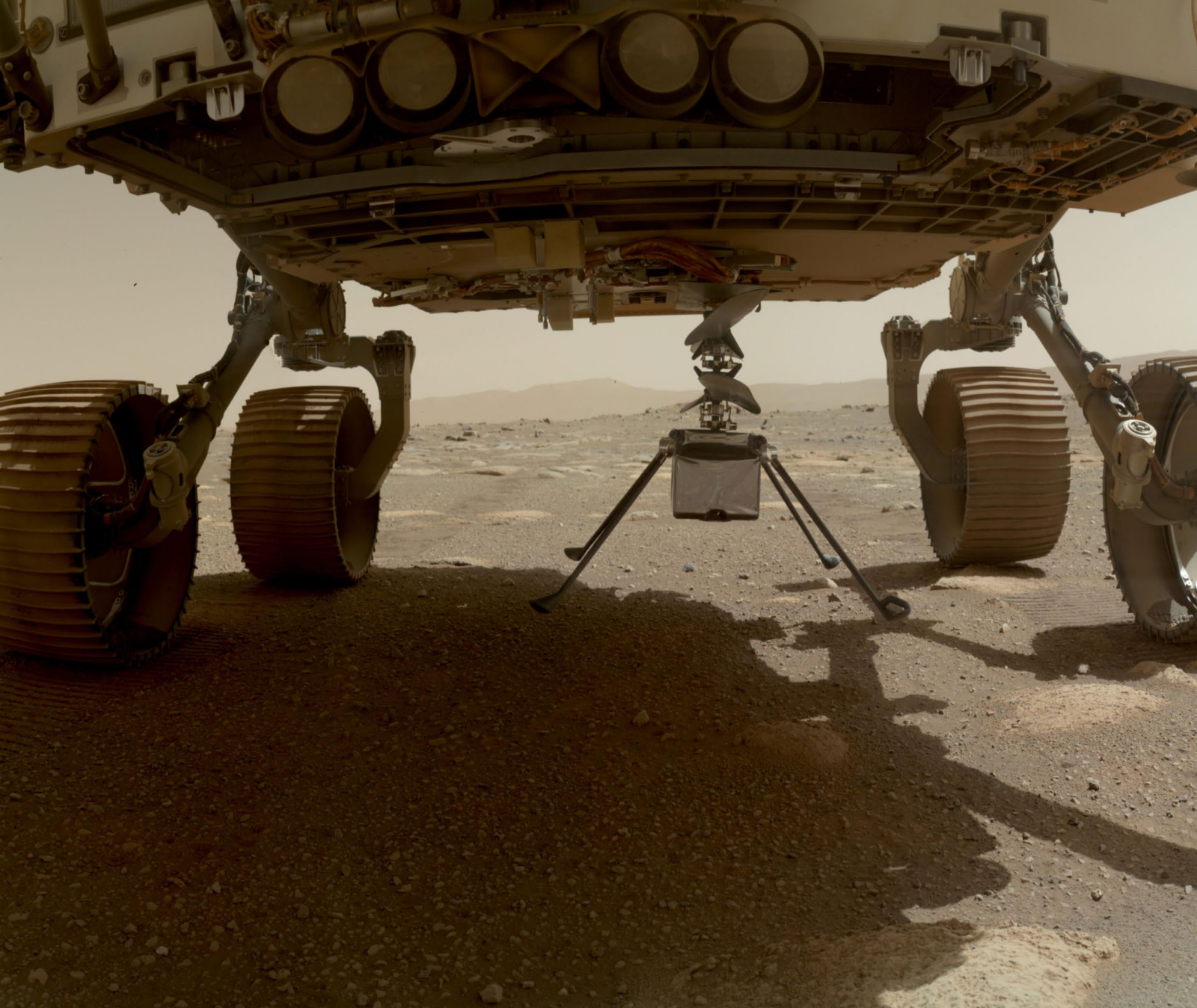
# Rover AutoNav (Autonomous Navigation)

## Technology

- Stereo vision
- Visual odometry
- Hazard assessment
- Path planning

## Mission Heritage

- MER
- MSL
- M2020



**Launch:** 2020.07.30  
**Target:** Mars  
**Type:** Helicopter  
**First Flight:** 2021.04.19

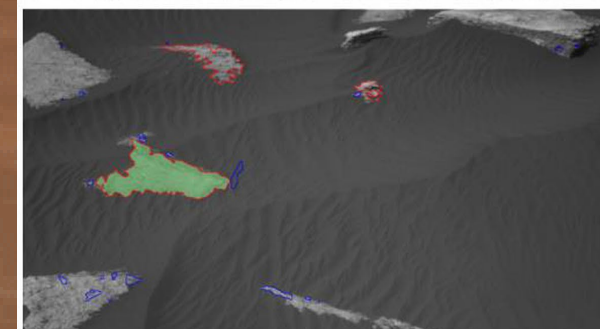
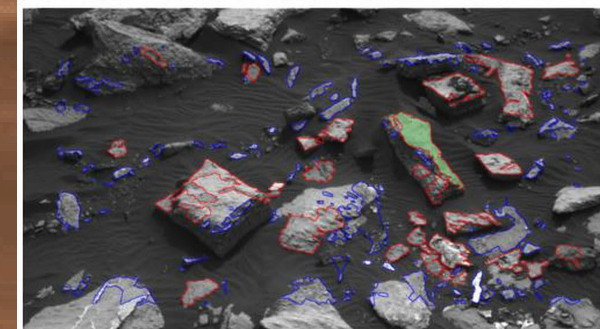
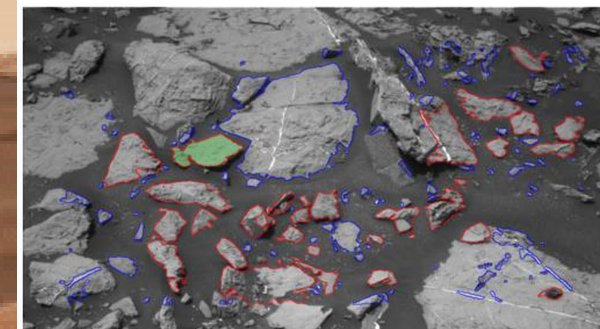
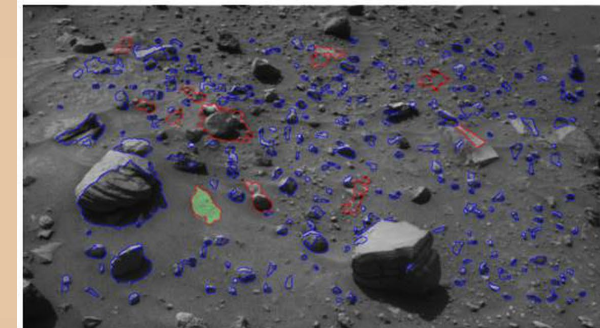
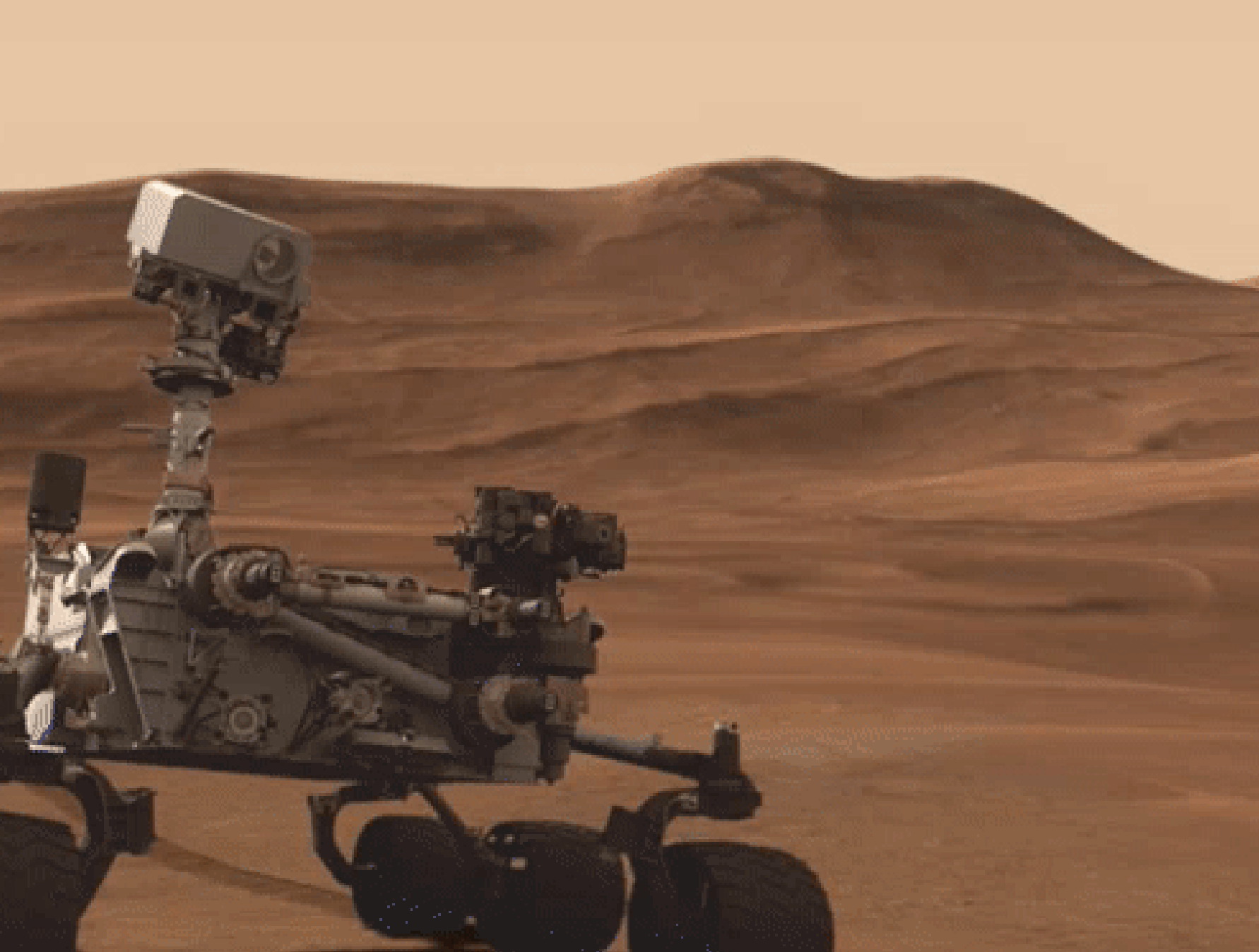
<https://mars.nasa.gov/technology/helicopter/>

# Ingenuity Mars Helicopter

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[jpl.nasa.gov](https://jpl.nasa.gov)





### Technology

- Target Feature detection
- Target prioritization
- Target pointing determination

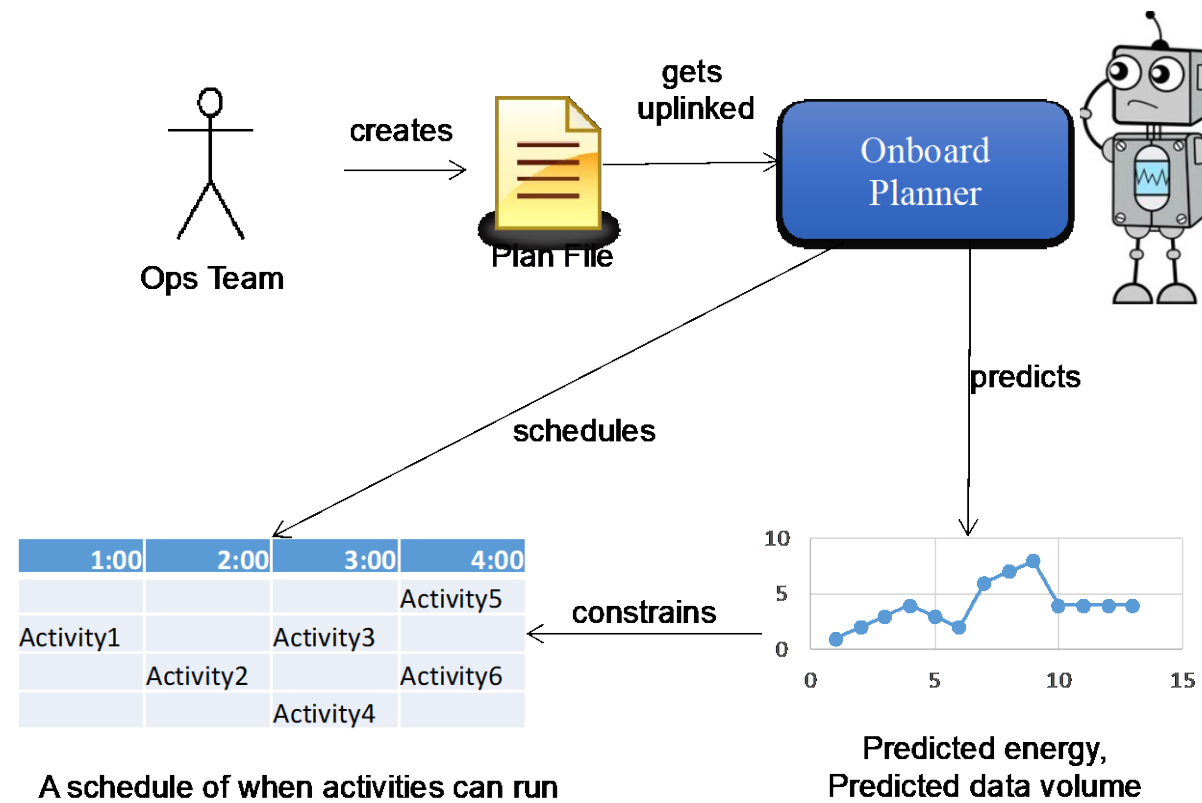
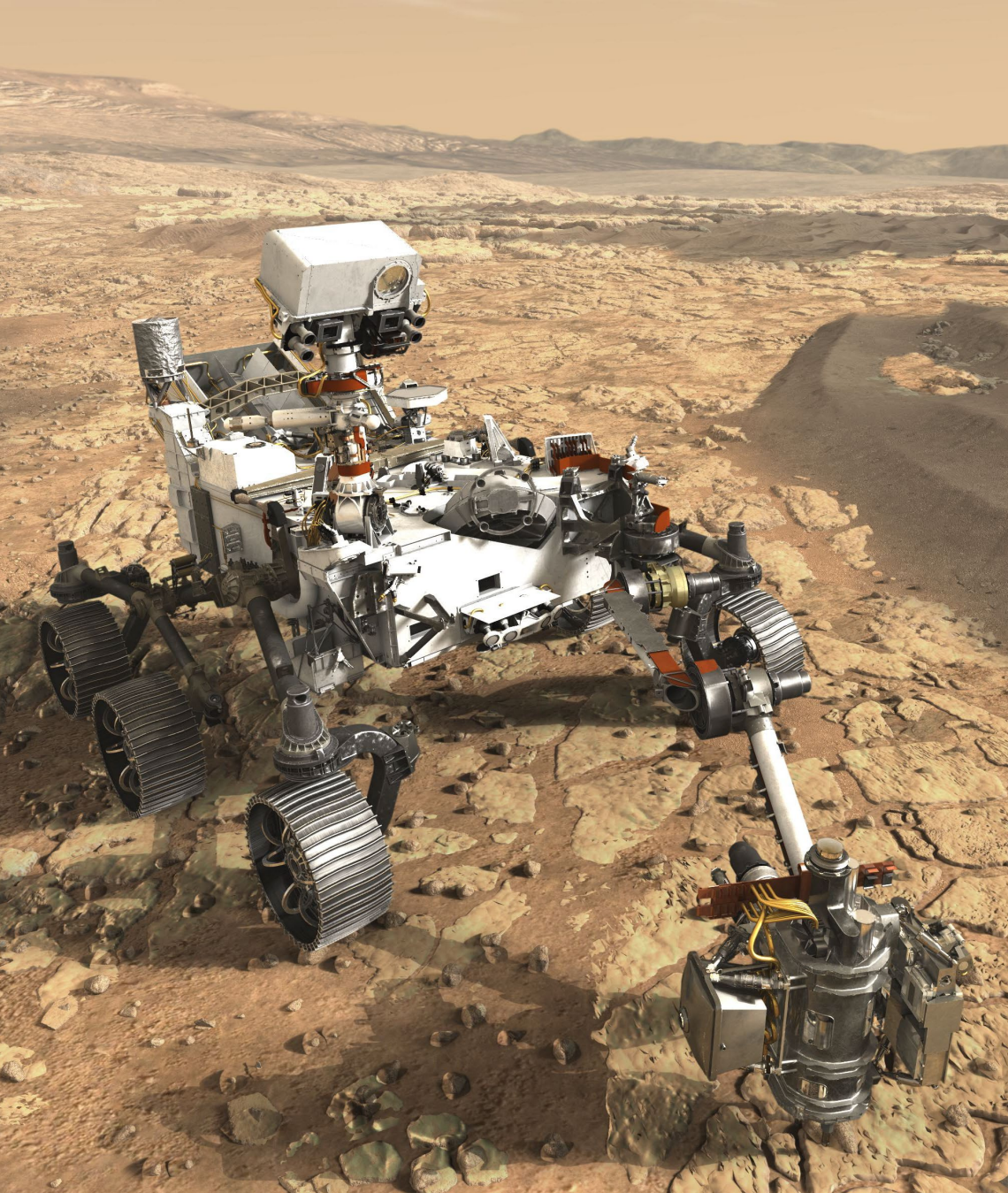
### Mission Heritage

- MER
- MSL
- M2020

Francis, Raymond et al. "AEGIS autonomous targeting for ChemCam on Mars Science Laboratory: Deployment and results of initial science team use." Science Robotics 2 (2017).

# AEGIS (Autonomous Exploration for Gathering Increased Science)





## Technology

- Automated planning and scheduling
- Automated plan executive

## Mission Heritage

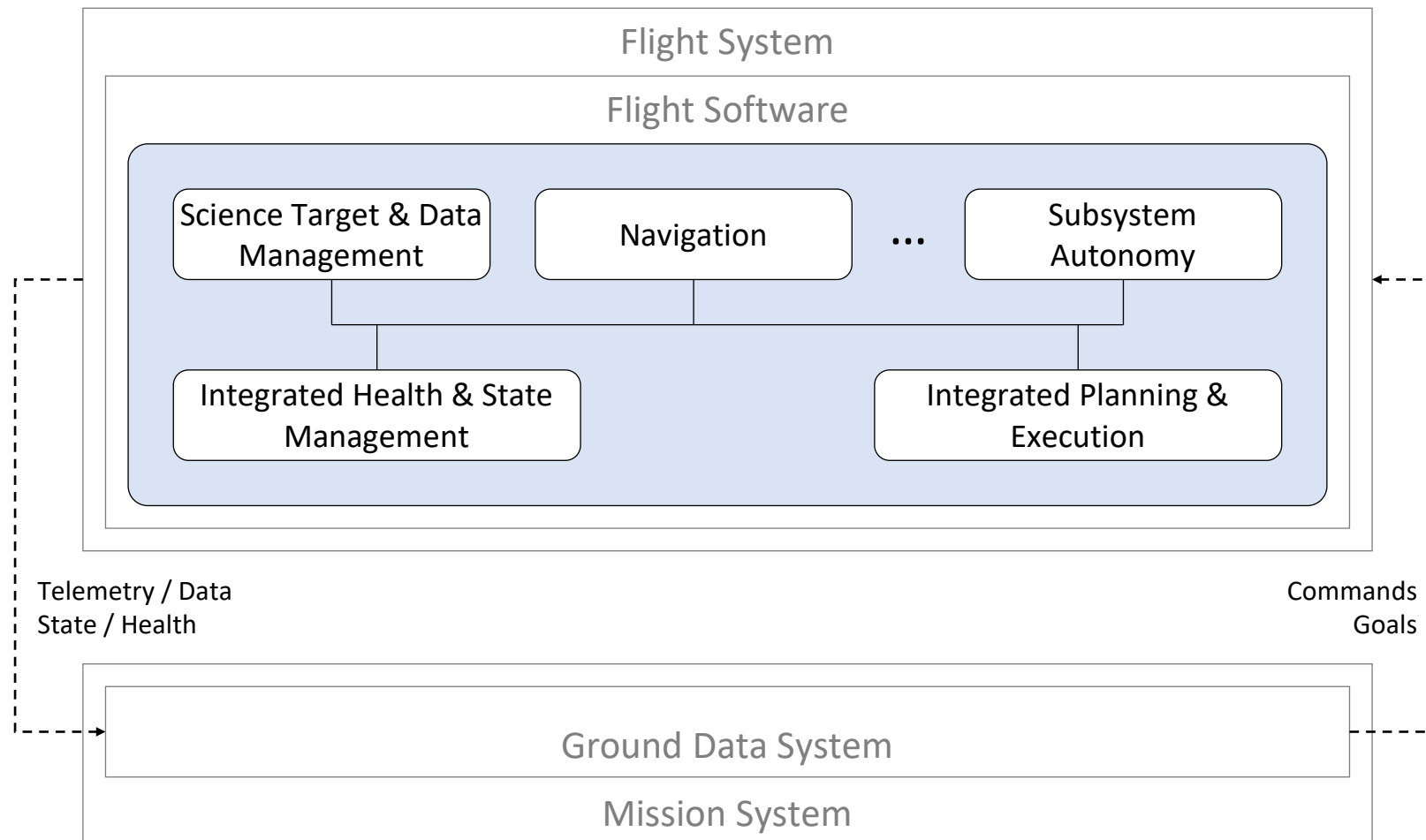
- M2020 (not yet deployed)

<https://ai.jpl.nasa.gov/public/projects/m2020-scheduler/>

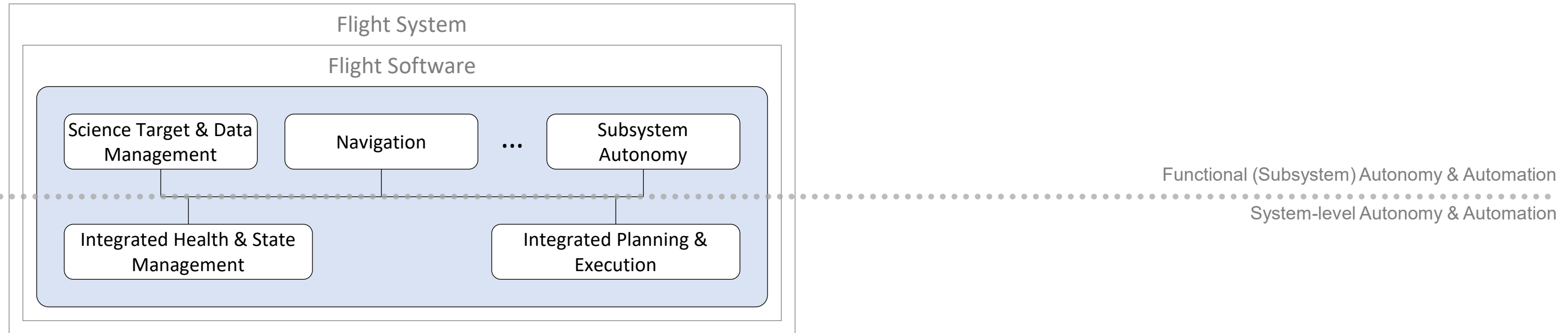
# M2020 On-Board Planner



# Flight System Automation & Autonomy – Notional

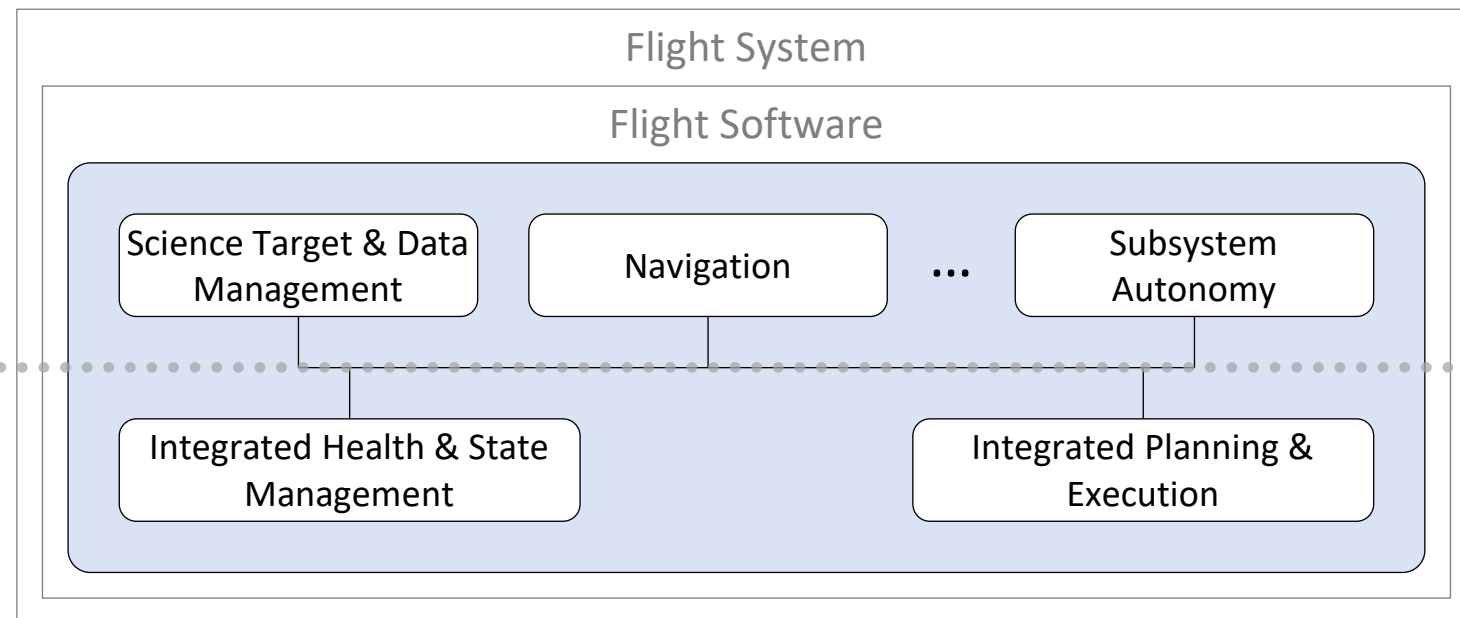


# Functional vs. System-Level Automation & Autonomy





# Functional vs. System-Level Automation & Autonomy



- Deep Space AutoNav
- Mars EDL (Entry Descent and Landing)
- TRN (Terrain Relative Navigation)
- Rover AutoNav
- Ingenuity Mars Helicopter
- **AEGIS** (Autonomous Exploration for Gathering Increased Science)

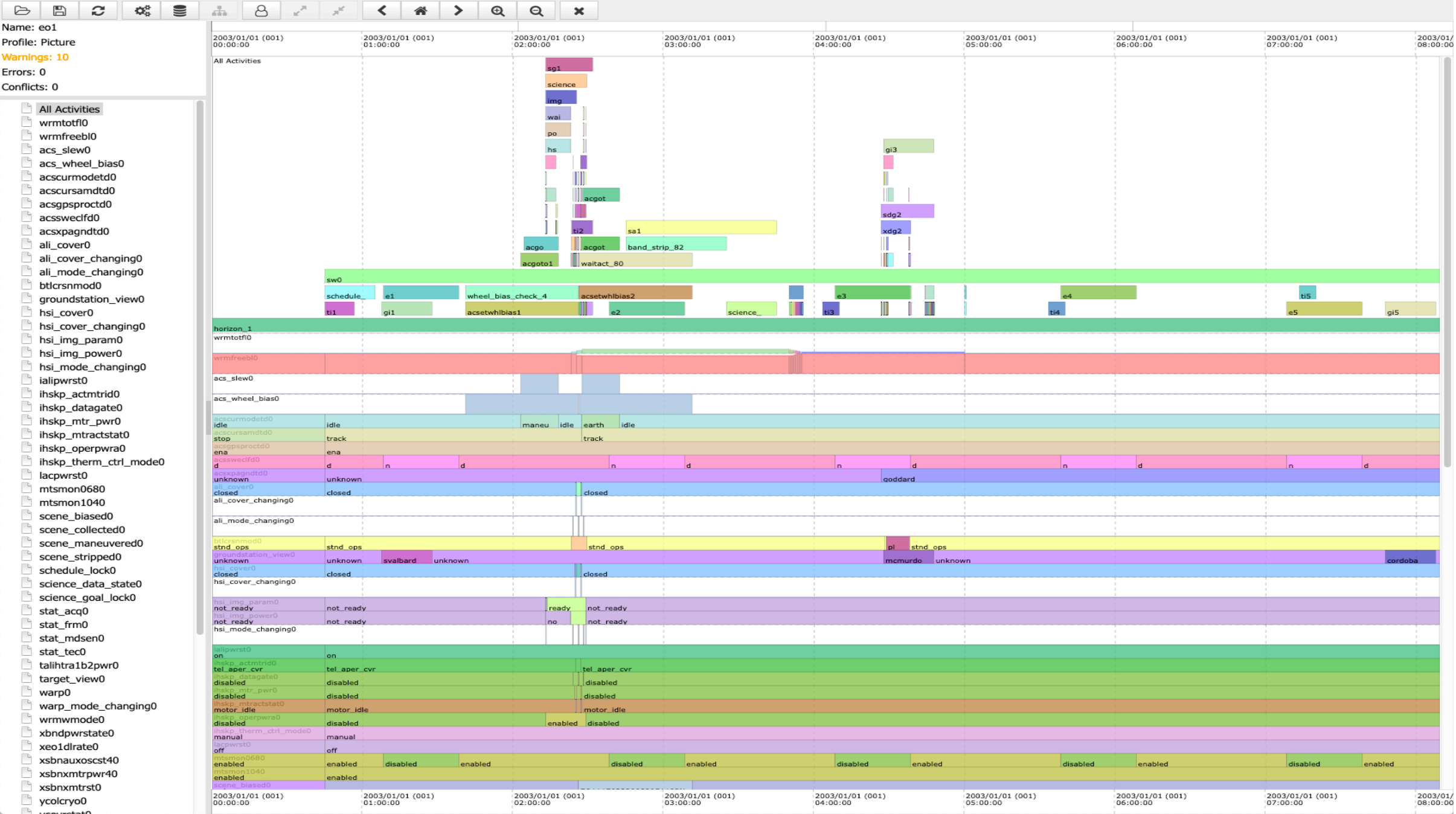
Functional (Subsystem) Autonomy & Automation

System-level Autonomy & Automation

- **DS1 RAX** (Remote Agent Experiment)
- **ASE** (Autonomous Science Experiment)
- **M2020 On-Board Planner**

# Autonomy & Automation Technologies in the Ground System





## Technology

- Automated activity planning and scheduling

## Mission Heritage

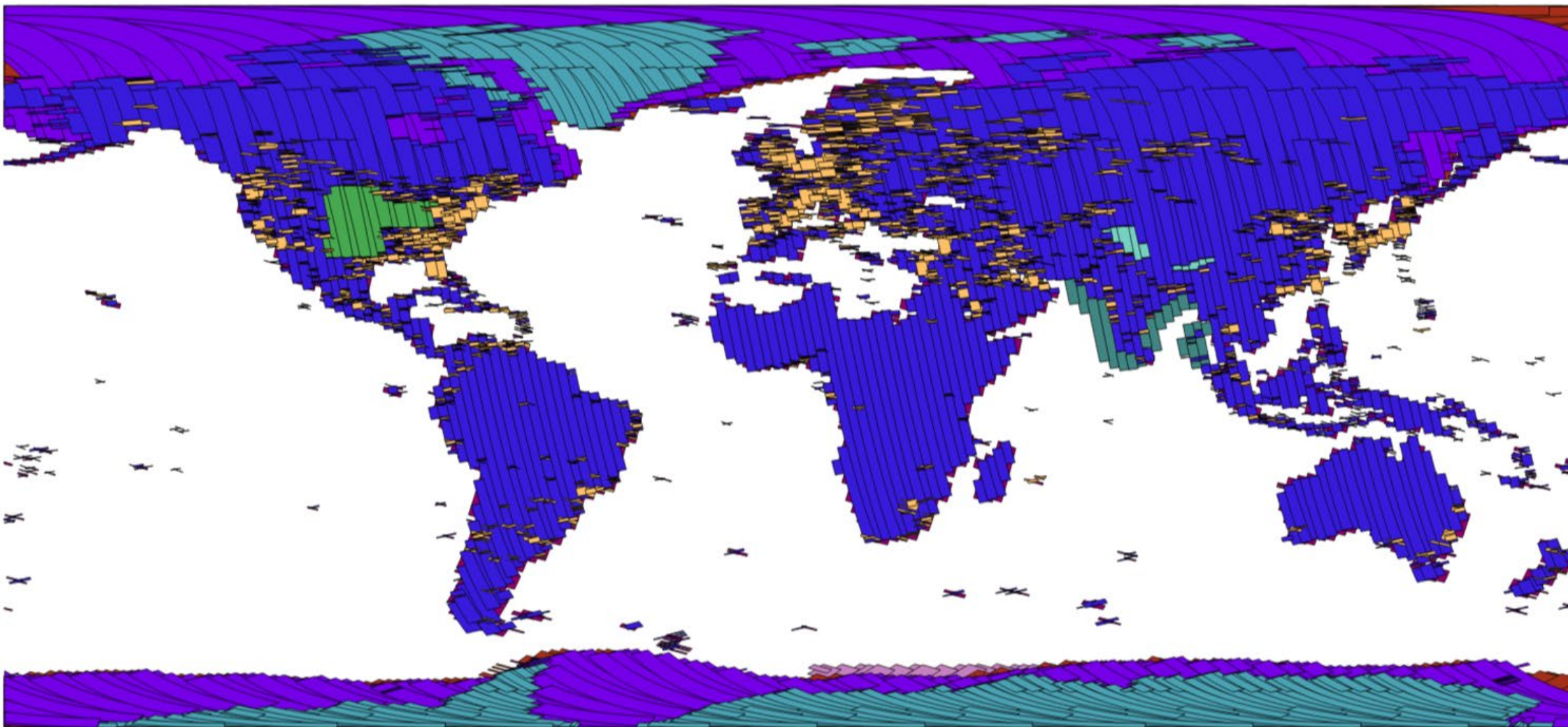
- EO-1
- Rosetta

<https://ai.jpl.nasa.gov/public/projects/aspn/>

# ASPEN (Automated Scheduling and Planning ENvironment)

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[jpl.nasa.gov](http://jpl.nasa.gov)



### Technology

- Automated observation planning and scheduling

### Mission Heritage

- NISAR
- ECOSTRESS
- EMIT
- OCO-3

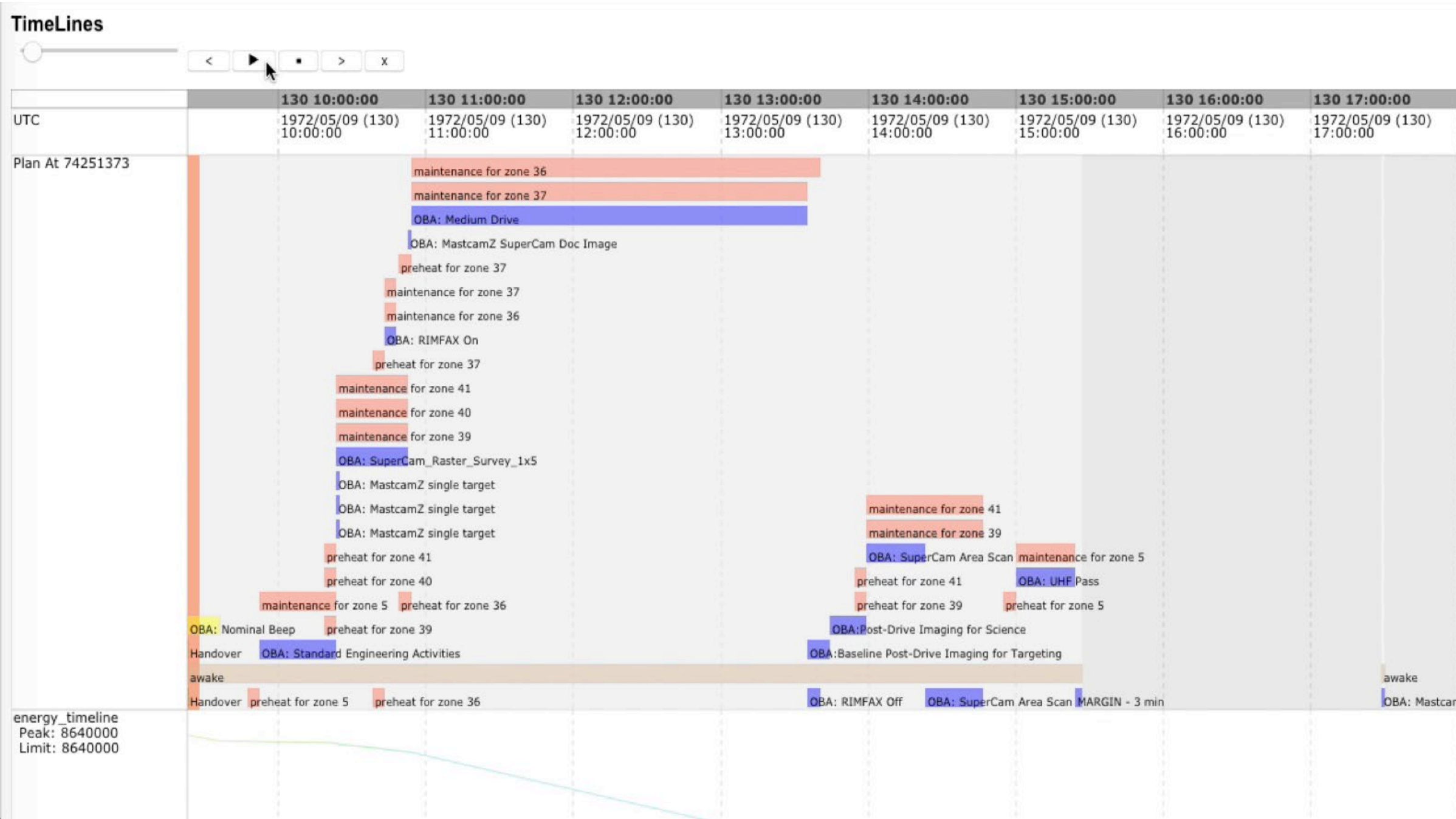
<https://ai.jpl.nasa.gov/public/projects/clasp/>

# CLASP (Compressed Large-scale Activity Scheduling and Planning)

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[jpl.nasa.gov](https://jpl.nasa.gov)





### Technology

- Stochastic plan analysis
- Activity prioritization for robust planning

### Mission Heritage

- M2020 (not yet deployed)

<https://ai.jpl.nasa.gov/public/projects/m2020-scheduler/>

# M2020 Copilot

# Automating Deep Space Mission Operations



# Reasons for Automation & Autonomy

Many argue that automation and autonomy...

- Enables missions otherwise not possible
- Reduces operations cost

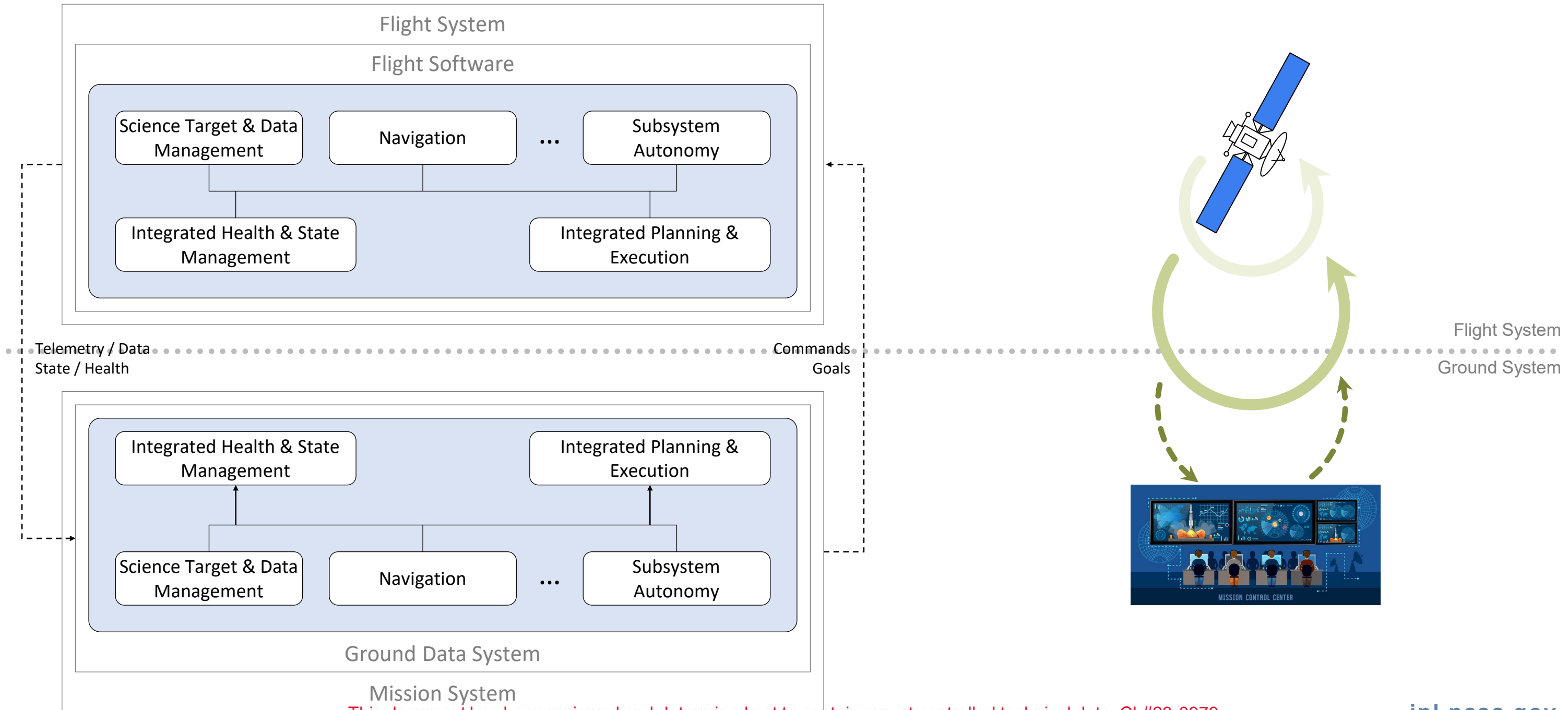
# Operations Cost of Deep Space Missions

## Operations cost growth concerns

- B. Barley et al., Life Cycle Cost Growth Study for the Discovery and New Frontiers Program Office, February 2010.
- R. Bitten et al., Phase E Cost Analysis for NASA Science Missions, AIAA Space 2012 Conference & Exposition, Pasadena, CA, September 2012.
- J. F. McNeill et al., Understanding Cost Growth During Operations of Planetary Missions: An Explanation of Changes. IEEE Aerospace Conference, Big Sky, Montana. March 2013.
- **New Frontier 5 Phase E operations cost capped at \$300M in FY22\$**

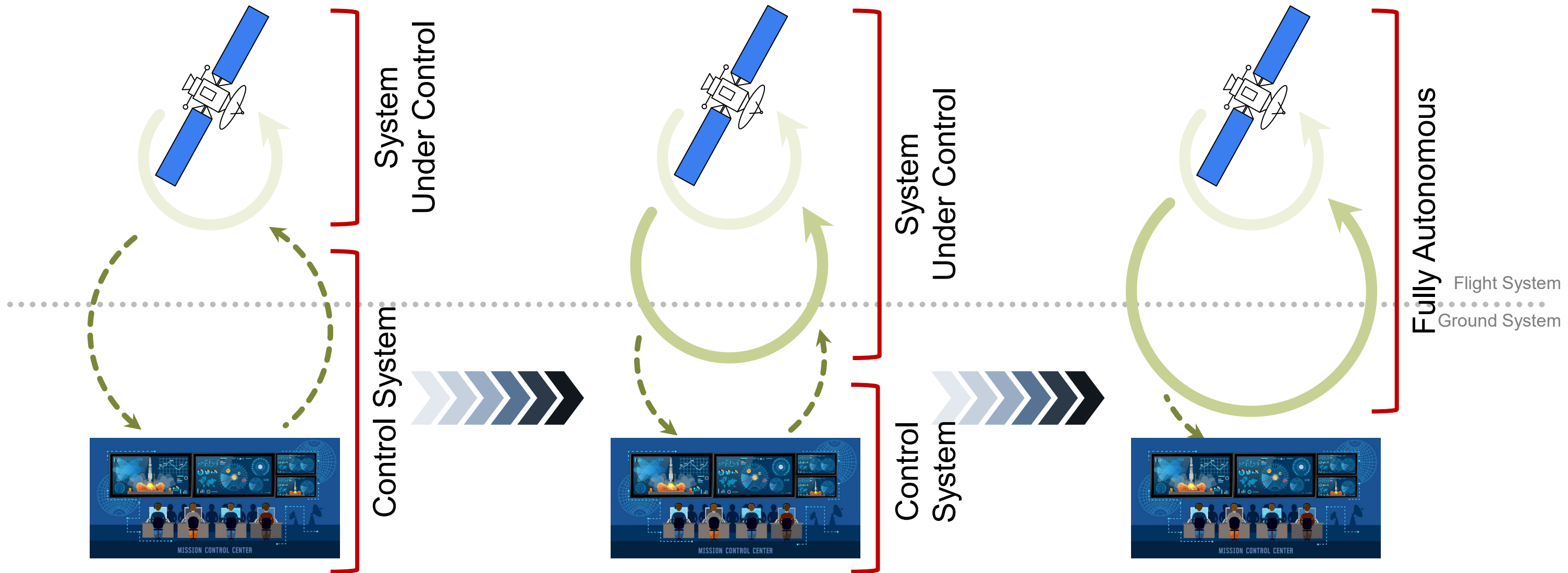


# Flight and Ground Automation & Autonomy



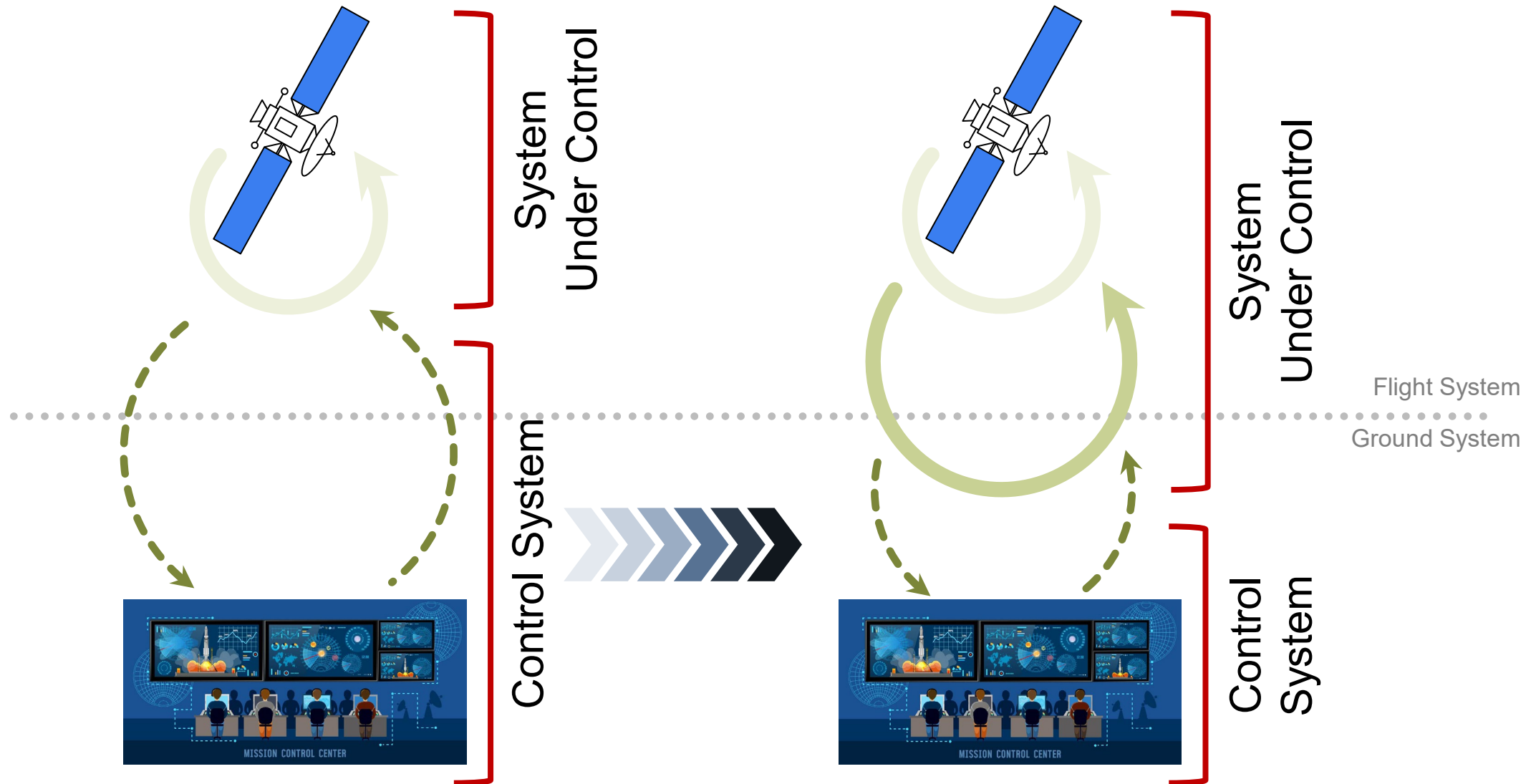
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# Range of Automated Ground System





# Cost of Greater Ground Automation & Autonomy

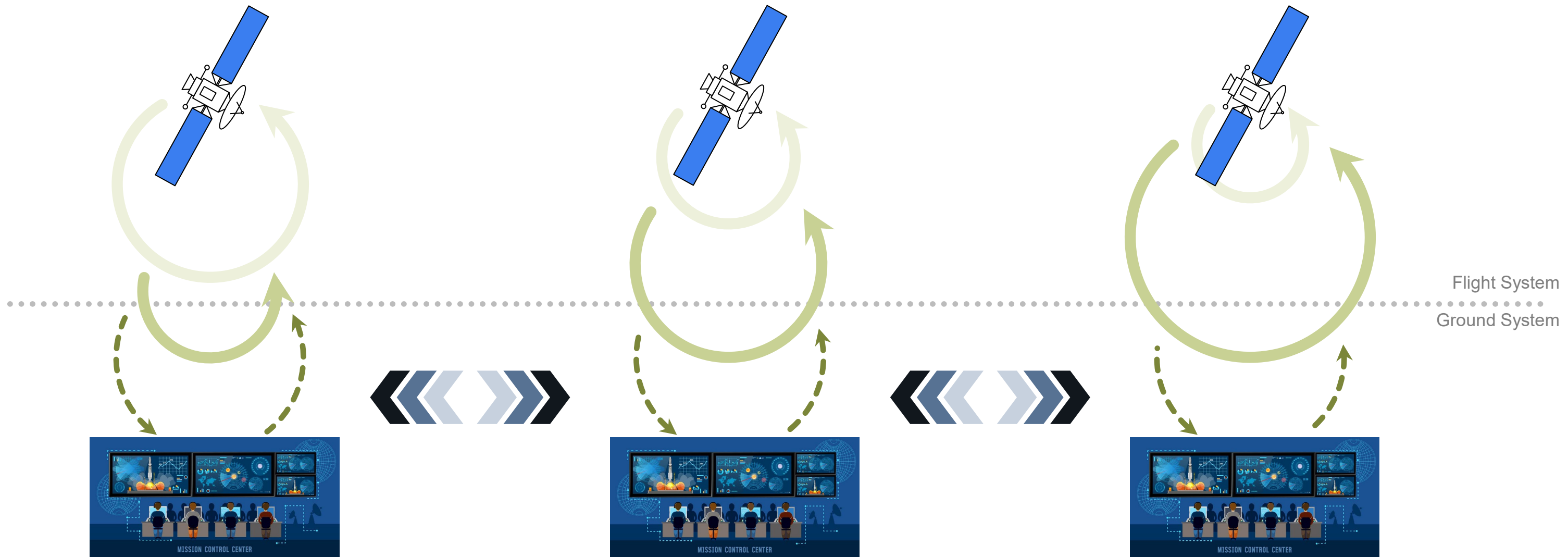


Cost of developing and maintaining the system under control

vs.

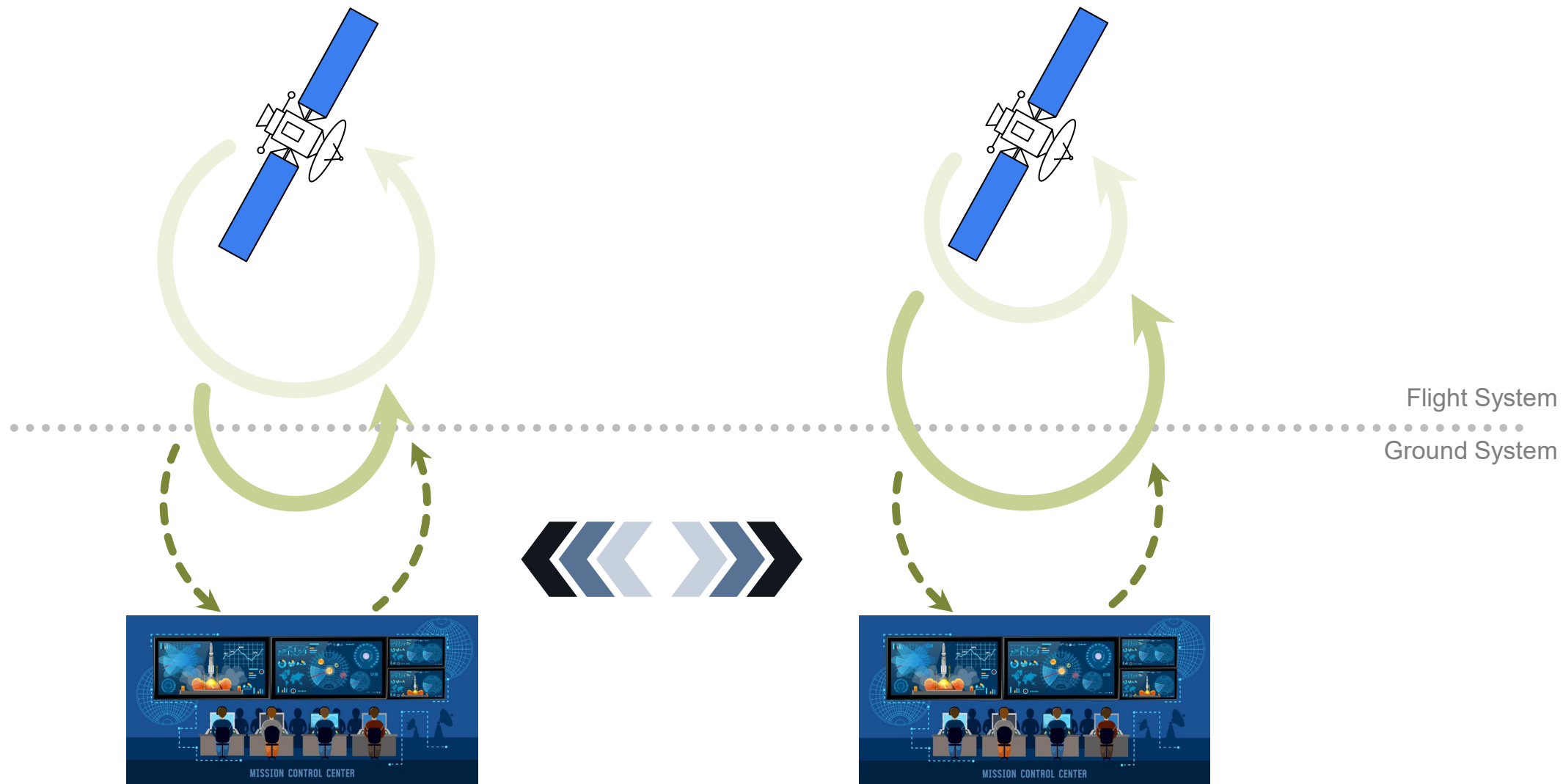
Cost of developing and maintaining the control system

# Tradeoff between Flight/Ground Automation & Autonomy





# Tradeoff between Flight/Ground Automation & Autonomy



- Latency
- Observability
- Controllability
- Reliability
- Maintainability
- Computing Capability
- Cost
- ...

# Challenges with Automated Operations

Sample of common concerns...

- Safety of the flight system
- Depletion of resources
- Allocation and management of HW lifetime
- Handling anomalies
- Operating degraded or faulty flight system
- Knowledge of flight system state and behavior when manual override is required
- Quality of mission outcomes
- ...



# Challenges with Automated Operations

## Anomaly Handling / Trust / Return on Investment

### Anomaly Detection and Recovery

- Operator complacency and skill atrophy
- Operator's inability to understand and manipulate autonomous system behavior and state

### Trust

- Mission success... autonomous action/inaction that may lead to mission failure
- Quality of science return given the nature of scientific "exploration" of deep space... the unknown

### Return on Investment... Is it worth the trouble?

- Reusability of automation and autonomy across missions, given heterogeneous robotic spacecraft and instruments

# Challenges with Automated Operations

How about *explainability*?

- Explain about an automated system...
  - How it works
  - When it works or doesn't work
  - Why it works or doesn't work
- Examples to consider...
  - Users' understanding of PID controllers and Kalman filters
  - Drivers' understand adaptive cruise control system
  - ...



# Success Criteria for Automated Operations

## Addressing **Anomaly Detection & Recovery** and **Return on Investment**

- Standard automation and autonomy behavior
- Standard interface to flight system across missions...  
standardizing the telemetry and command for  
common flight system behavior
- Multi-mission operators and operations infrastructure
- Infrastructure to train operators and aid in retaining  
the skill and knowledge

# Success Criteria for Automated Operations

## Addressing Trust

- “Bounded” autonomy behavior for safety and risk assessment
  - Uncertainty assumption and characterization
  - Convergence or stability criteria
  - Soundness guarantees of the behavior
- Fault protection for automation and autonomy behavior... i.e. monitoring deviation from the designed boundary of autonomy behavior
- Operations experience with gradual increase in automated operations
- Scientists in the loop operations

# Automation and Autonomy Techniques

Generalized high-level classification of the techniques

- Procedural
- Data-driven
  - System identification
  - Feature recognition / Classification
- Model-based
  - Estimators
  - Controllers
  - Activity planning and scheduling†
  - Path/Motion planning†

† Traditionally model-based techniques have been used, but more data-driven and hybrid approaches are being adopted



# Challenges for Automation and Autonomy Techniques

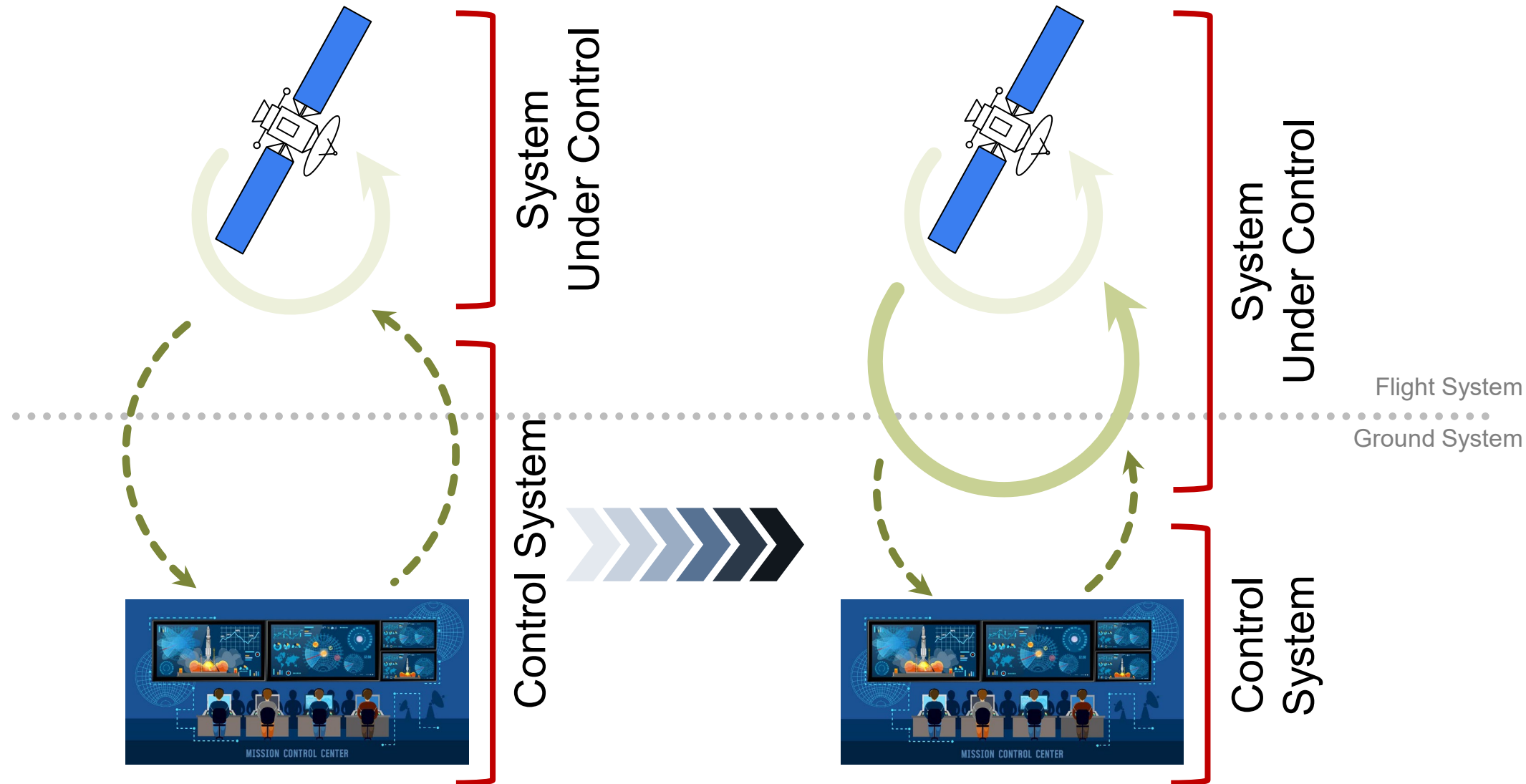
How do we bound the automated behavior given the challenges?

- Procedural
  - Robustness
- Data-driven
  - Data availability
  - Data coverage
- Model-based
  - Model structure and complexity
  - Model creation †
  - Model verification †

† Data-driven approach commonly used

# What should be next?

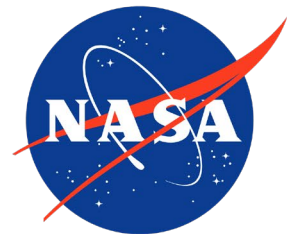
Continue developing automation & autonomy!



Continue developing automation & autonomy to enable missions and reduce operations cost!

But be sure to...

- Bound the behavior
- Grow from functional to system-level
- Assess overall benefits, risks, and cost



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