





Multi-mission IT Infrastructure: Drivers

- Historically, external contract providers defined discrete end-to-end Infrastructure for each mission
- Cumulative result of this approach:
 - 1. Numerous disparate systems with unique hardware and OS stacks
 - 2. Duplication of Infrastructure services e.g. DNS, Access Control etc
 - 3. Typically, systems significantly over-specified to accommodate worst-case growth assumptions
 - 4. Inefficient use of datacentre space and power consumption
 - 5. Many systems already obsolete at handover
 - Difficult to maintain and secure
 - 7. No patching or obsolescence management approach included in system handover



Multi-mission IT Infrastructure: Objectives

- Evolve towards a common infrastructure architecture
 - Common platform and common environment
 - Default platform for any new deployments or obsolescence activity
 - Architecture to accommodate multiple use-cases e.g. virtual servers, physical servers, cloud & high-performance compute
- Direct the external contract providers to deliver into the EUMETSAT defined infrastructure environment
 - Focus the provider on the Application Facility Functional Delivery using the standard infrastructure architecture
 - Enable future scale-up / scale-down capability to encourage more accurate capacity estimates
 - Enable obsolescence management as part of long lead-time projects
- Resulting in
 - Simplified management of the Infrastructure Environment and the systems using it
 - Simplified and quicker delivery
 - Improved security management
 - Improved obsolescence management
 - Improved consumption efficiency of datacentre space and power



Multi-mission IT Infrastructure: Implementation progress

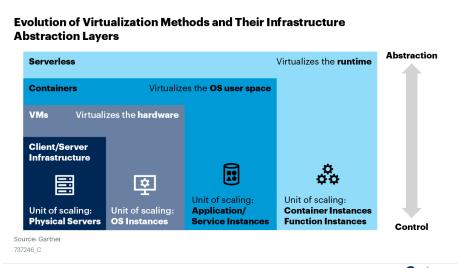




Multi-mission IT Infrastructure: Implementation Concepts

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- Shifting to as a Service provision for the Infrastructure.
- MME IT Infrastructure Service Catalogue updated to provide Computing Services.
- Allowing EUMETSAT to move from mission specific computing facilities to multi-mission computing private cloud for internal users.
- Infrastructure delivery following industry trends, moving towards an innovation facilitator.





Gartner



Multi-mission IT Infrastructure: Implementation Concepts

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The MIC system:

- Supports bare metal, virtual machines and containers.
- Provides computing resources in all critical domains, environments and security classes.
- Relays on the MME ITI services (Comms, Storage, Security, Auxiliary, Build and Deployment).
- Introduces Infrastructure as Code, automating build and deployment activities.

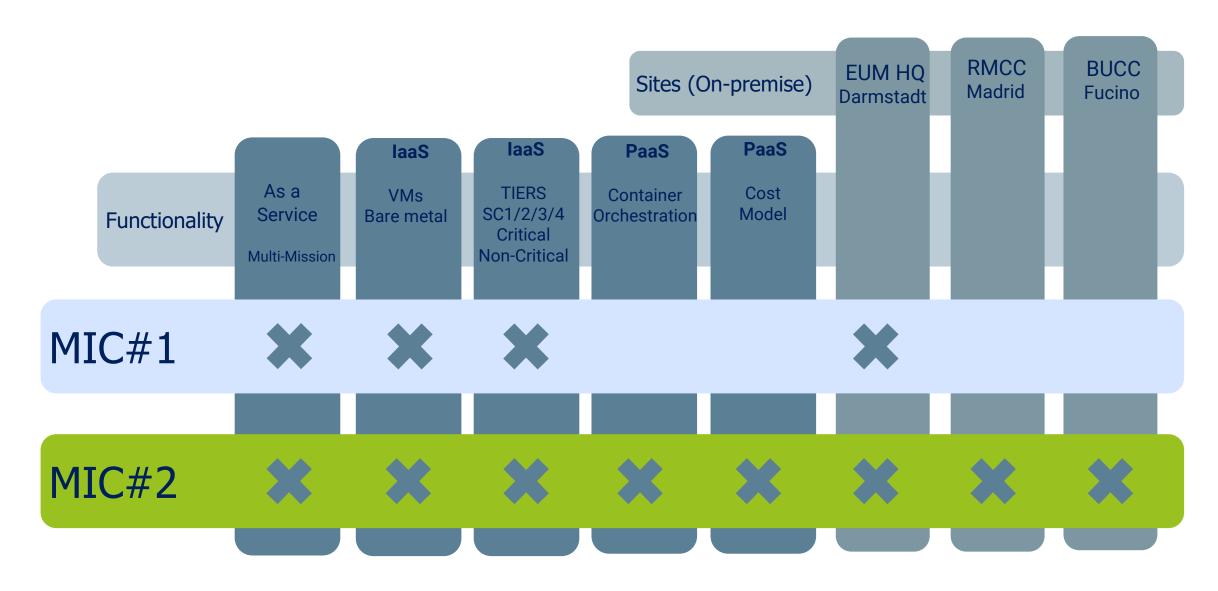
The MIC system:

- Can easily scale-up growing on capacity and provide new functionalities.
- Introduces the TIERs concept to optimise the system resources utilisation.
- Introduce a cost model to provide transparency.
- Aligns the IT infrastructure stack to the ground segment criticality domains.





Multi-mission IT Infrastructure: Functionality

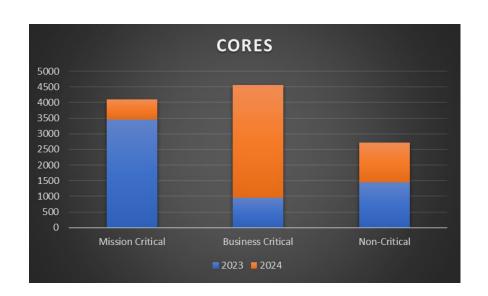


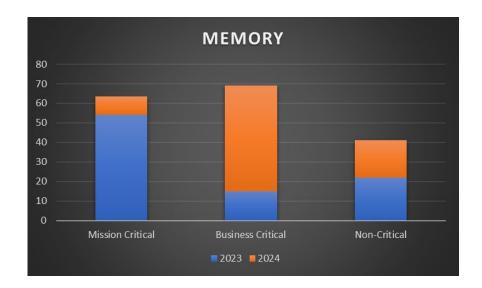


Multi-mission IT Infrastructure: Readiness and Adoption

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MIC ready to provide computing resources to operational workloads.





The MIC **shall be used by default** – as any other MME – by all new systems or by a current systems facing obsolescence, **avoiding** the proliferation of **computing silos**.



Multi-mission IT Infrastructure: Current Challenges

- Ongoing Service Management
 - Ideally require one provider to manage and maintain the full offering going forwards
 - Engaging now in Tender Process to define service provision for next +-5 years
- Shift to Service Provision
 - Mindset shift for everyone to Service Provision
 - Service Definitions required
 - Service Adoption guides required
 - Service delivery process to be defined and adopted
 - Significant service approach adoption overhead
- Recent increase in high performance compute requirements
 - forecasting a x10 factor increase in compute requirements
 - Driving Additional datacentre requirements external to EUMETSAT campus
 - Enabling better resilience with off-site deployments
 - How best to scale?
 - On-Prem Cloud for Virtual and fixed consumption hyper compute
 - External Cloud for High Elasticity workloads and rapid provisioning / prototyping
 - Data Adjacency to Compute is significant in scale and non-trivial