

**Imagine the Future:** 

### With Cubesats

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### **The National Science Foundation**

- Independent Agency of the Federal Government of the United States since 1950
- Sponsors scientific research in most fields of science and engineering

X operates no laboratories
X does not conduct in-house research



## **NSF and Space**

- Long tradition of utilizing space observations in research, e.g. in astronomy, astrophysics, space physics, and geosciences
- Mostly based on data provided by NASA, NOAA, and DOD.
- Recently small ventures into also providing scientific measurements from space







### **NSF and Cubesats**

 Exploring untraditional, creative, and lowcost ways to provide space measurements for scientific research



### What is a CubeSat?

#### A pico-satellite Standard

#### 1999 by Puig-Suari, CalPoly and Twiggs, Stanford



• Design Drivers

BES

- Simple and low-cost, but safe
- Available COTs components
- P-POD deployer system

### **Cubesat Science**

- advance research in many science areas
- spur innovation, creativity and technology development
- space missions within the scope of traditional NSF grants
- enhance university participation in space activities



Education and Workforce

- train the next generation of scientists and engineers in space
- full, end-to-end mission experience
- spur new excitement for science & engineering



### New NSF Cubesat Program 2008

- Geospace & atmospheric science and education
- >60 unique missions proposed
- 10 projects funded
- 2 new projects per year
- Grants \$900,000 total cost and 3 year duration









http://www.nsf.gov/geo/ags/uars/cubesat/nsf-nasa-annual-report-cubesat-2013.pdf

## Launch Support



- DOD STP, S26, Nov 2010, Minotaur IV, Kodiak
- NASA ELaNa, NPP, Oct 2011, Delta II, Vandenberg
- NRO/NASA ELaNa NROL-36/ OutSat, Sep 2012, Atlas V, Vandenberg
- ORS, STP-3, Nov 2013, Minotaur-1, Wallops Island
- NRO/NASA ELaNa NROL-39/ GEMSat, Dec 2013, Atlas V, Vandenberg



## Mission Support at NASA Wallops Flight Facility

- Integration, testing, documentation
- Technical POC for satellite developer and launch provider
- Other technical and management support
- UHF and S-Band CubeSat Ground-station support
- As needed & less than 10% of budget









- SRI International & U. Michigan
- Ionospheric Plasma Irregularities
  - □ 3U cubesat
  - **UHF Radar Receiver**
- RAX I Launched Nov 2010
  - A few experiments; Premature power system failure
- RAX II Launched Oct 2011
  - Complete mission success
  - Operational nearly 18 months









- U. Colorado, Boulder
- Solar Proton Events & Radiation belt dynamics
  - □ 3U cubesat
  - Energetic electrons (0.5-3MeV) and protons (10-40MeV)
- Launched Sep 2012
  - Complete mission success
  - □ still operational (17 months)



#### CubeSat: Colorado Student Space Weather Experiment (CSSWE)

Launched on 0913/12, still in operation Orbit: ~480 km x 780 km, inclination 65°



Clear separation of species during a solar energetic particle (SEP) event











These files are primarily science data, some housekeeping data as well.

162.5 MB total105.4 MB via Umich/SRI GS57.1 MB via amateur community







140 MB total



- ASTRA, Inc. & Utah St. U.
- Ionospheric Storm Enhanced Density structures
  - 2 identical 1.5U cubesats
  - □ Electron density; B and E fields
- Launched Oct 2011



- Part mission success for science (no E-field boom deployment)
- Huge technology success: demonstrated Mbits/s downlink capability

#### Operational >18 months





## Accomplishments

- Scientific value of CubeSat missions confirmed
- Creative mission ideas and successful implementations
- Scientific data & papers
- Big educational impact
- Increased recognition of cubesats as a viable alternative for space





## **The Future**

- Expansion to other science areas
- Larger constellations (European QB50 project)
- Cubesats everywhere: beyond LEO
- Frequency allocation & space debris concerns



QB5

## Cubesats: Obvious Limitations

- Physical size (optics, booms, antennas)
- Power, data rate downlink
- Pointing, maneuvering
- Limited control of orbits



### **Important Trade-offs**

- Large missions
  - □ Single satellites
  - Comprehensive measurements Complex missions
  - Long lead-times
- Small missions
  - Multi-point simple measurements
  - □ Narrowly focused objectives
  - Fast turn-around
  - Experimental approaches
  - Dispensable & replenishable





### **Cubesats: What can they contribute?**

- Fill-in gaps in coverage
  - geographic, local time, sky-view, long-time monitoring
- Small-scale structure
  - Multi-point measurements to avoid space-time aliasing
- Interferometry & Tomography
  - □ Satellite constellations
- New measurements
  - Technology experiments
- New regions
  - Dispensable

Frey, S. et al (2001) J. Geophys. Res., 106(A10).

### **Cubesats: Change of mindset**

Powerful concepts: Building to a standard Containerized launch New paradigm: Low cost High risk acceptance Broad participation: high influx of innovation & widespread expertise





Space Sciences Laboratory, UC Berkeley Kyung Hee University of South Korea Imperial College London



- U. California Berkely & International collaborators
- Ring current dynamics
  - □ 3U cubesat
  - Energetic ions, electrons and neutral particles (4-20keV)
- Launched Sep 2012
  - Limited mission success; comm problems; some magnetic field data
  - Spacecraft still healthy (17 months)







- U. New Hampshire; Montana St. U & Aerospace Corp.
- Relativistic Electron Microbursts
  - □ 2 identical 1.5U cubesats
  - Energetic electrons (0.3-1MeV) with high time resolution (100ms)
- Launched Dec 2013
  - One satellite fully operational
  - First light; high quality data







- NASA Goddard Space Flight Center & Siena College
- Terrestrial Gamma Ray Flashes and Lightning
  - □ 3U cubesat
  - Gamma Rays (to 20MeV); VLF radio and optical
- Launched Nov 2013
  - 2 months to first contact
  - Science phase imminent







 U. Michigan & Naval Research Lab

#### Thermosphere dynamics

- □ 3U cubesat
- Miniature mass spectrometer; density, temperature, winds and composition of neutrals and ions
- Launch late 2014



# ЕхоСиЬе



- Scientific Solutions, Inc; CalPoly; NASA Goddard; U. Wisconsin & U. Illinois
- Composition of the upper atmosphere
  - □ 3U cubesat
  - Miniature mass spectrometer; global density of H, He, and O and ions
- Launch Oct 2014









- Virginia Tech; U. Illinois; Aerospace Corp. & NWRA, Inc.
- Atmospheric gravity waves
  - □ 6U cubesat
  - In-situ and remote sensing; plasma and neutral temperature and density; Airglow ~90km
  - Project Started May 2013
    - □ Expected launch early 2016



- Utah St. U. & & HISS (U. Maryland Eastern Shore)
- Neutral temperature profiles 90-140km
  - 3U Boeing Colony cubesat provided by NRO
  - High resolution, hyper-spectral imaging spectrometer; Daytime airglow O2 760-770nm
- Project Started Sep 2013



