

Creating Smarter Ground Systems Through Architectures, Communications, Frameworks, Modeling, Ontology's & Standards

GROUND SYSTEM ARCHITECTURES WORKSHOP (GSAW)

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OMG® & OMG Programs

Software / Hardware Standards

319 Organizations; 60+ Universities

Addressing IT standards for more than two dozen verticals, including: C4I, Communications, Finance, Healthcare, E-Government, Space, Industrial Internet of Things, etc.

The mission of the Object Management Group (OMG) is to develop technology standards that provide real-world value for dozens of vertical industries. OMG is dedicated to bringing together its international membership of end-users, vendors, government agencies, universities and research institutions to develop and revise these standards as technologies change throughout the years.



Industrial Internet of Things 216 Organizations

Consortium for IT Software Quality™

Software Quality 726 Organizations – 8 Paid Sponsors Cost = Free on Registration



Who is OMG?



- One of the largest and longest-standing not-for-profit, open-membership consortia developing and maintaining computer industry specifications.
- Continuously evolving to remain current while retaining a position of thought leadership.
- Long-term maintenance of proven standards

About OMG

OMG Vertical Markets

Founded 1989



International standards development organization



225+ specifications



325+ member organizations worldwide



11 specifications ratified as ISO standards

Standards are developed by OMG using a mature, worldwide, open development process. With more than 25 years of standards work, the OMG one-organization, one-vote policy ensures that every vendor and end-user, large and small, has an effective voice in the process.



Government



Military





Retail



Healthcare



Robotics



Manufacturing



Space Exploration





Who Are OMG'ers ?

ACORD Adaptive

Airbus Group

AIST

Amergint

Appian

ASMG

BAE Systems

Benchmark Consulting

Boeing

Carnegie Mellon Univ. CA Technologies

CEA

Cisco Systems Deere & Company Dell Technologies Diebold Nixdorf European Space Agency FICO **Ford Motor Company** Fujitsu Georgia Tech Genesco **Goldman Sachs** Holocentric iGrafx

IBM JARA **Johns Hopkins Kongsberg Defence** Lockheed Martin Mayo Clinic **MEGA** International **MicroFocus** Microsoft MITRE NASA NIST **No Magic**

NOAA **Northrop Grumman** OCI Oracle Peraton Perspecta Petrosoft PTC QualiWare **Real Time Logic** RTI Salesforce.com SAP SE

Seiko Epson Siemens Software AG Sparx Systems State Street THALES The Aerospace Corporation Thematix

Twin Oaks

Ulta Beauty

Vitech Corporation

Teal = Space Domain Task Force Members



Innovation Impacts

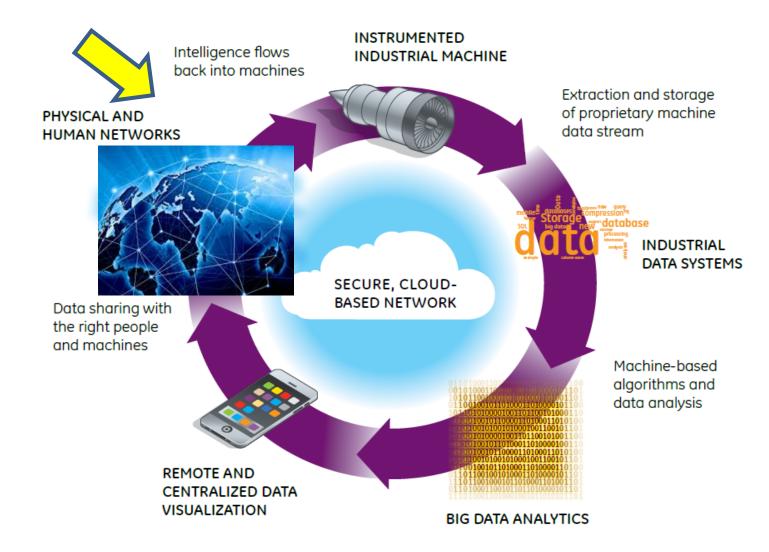
Examples

1960 – Jet performance data is downloaded by eyes & hand





A New Industrial Revolution With Multiple Impacts



Causing the Increased Need to address:

- Standards (OMG)
- Data Residency Challenges & Cloud Best Practices (OMG)
- > IoT Architecture & Security
 (IIC)



Software Quality (CISQ)





Targeting open standards lowers Life-Cycle costs, Reduces Risk & Increases Resiliency and Returns on Investment (ROI) through:

- Increased Quality (Specification, Designs and Implementation)
- Vendor Neutrality Specifications & Increased Competition
- Increased Flexibility, Adaptability and Agility
- Higher Levels of Innovation
- Increased Levels of Interoperability
- More Efficient Use of Existing Resources
- Access to a larger and better trained labor pool
- OMG Standards & Models are taught in Comp Science & Cyber Security programs (community colleges as well as 4-year schools).
- Reduces risk as well as cost and improves overall resultant product(s) by modeling behaviors of systems



Open Standards enable users to focus on unique business/operational needs rather than common technical challenge(s)





What's the Value?





| Workforce Flexibility | Interoperability | Process Optimisation |
|--|--|---|
| Standard, best practice methods, inputs, and outputs ↓ Flexible distribution of tasks around workforce | Standard interfaces ↓ Flexible distribution of processes and information + Commodity services | Best practice, repeatable processes ↓ Optimisation (time, quality, cost) of flow of components and tooling |
| DoDAF (aka Unified Architecture Framework (UAF)) in EA practice | CORBA, DDS, SCA, etc. | Modelling in service delivery (BPMN, UML, SysML) Ground Stations (XTCE, XUSP, GEMS, SOLM, C2MS) |
| | Attributed to: Chris Fro | st Fujitsu Distinguished Engineer FUITSU |



Ways to Value from Standards & Standards Bodies

| Standards Body offers: | Business gets value by: | Example: | Actions to take: |
|---|---|---|---|
| Access to latest industry standards, techniques, etc. | Using IP from standards bodies internally, and visibility of new industry trends | UAF used in internal <u>EA Frameworks</u> and skills development. | Active engagement by internal process owners Promotion to internal technical communities |
| Publication and presentation platforms | Demonstrating capability and influencing the marketplace | Presentations delivered to conferences Own IP becomes industry best practice | Present at conferences and other events Propose IP to standards, white papers etc. |
| Networking opportunities | Visibility and knowledge of customers and partners | Working group membership maintains a relationship with important customer or partner | Meet stakeholders Ensure company engagement is visible |

Industry Research Findings:

ISO study [1]: Profit contribution from standards ranges from 0.15% to 5% BSI study [2]: increase in turnover from using standards of between 1.7% and 5.3%

- ISO, 2014, "Economic benefits of standards", <u>http://www.iso.org/iso/ebs_case_stu</u> <u>dies_factsheets.pdf</u>
 British Standards Institution_June
 - British Standards Institution, June 2015, "Economic benefits of standards – research reports", http://www.bsigroup.com/en-GB/standards/benefits-of-usingstandards/research-reports/





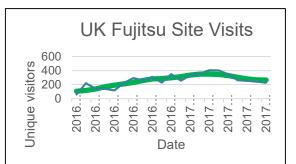
Measuring Value

1 – Practical Things Can be Counted

| | Business gets value by: | What to count: |
|----|--|---|
| 1. | Using IP | Number of internal methods, guidelines, templates etc. Number of projects using the standards or methods Number of people trained / certified |
| 2. | Demonstrating business capability | Number of presentationsNumber of IP submissions (white papers etc.) |
| 3. | Networking with customers and partners | Number of stakeholders metNumber of opportunities / suspects |

| Cost model Item | Purpose | Fo | orecast GBP | F | orecast JPY |
|--|---|----|-------------|---|-------------|
| Staff 1 | Headcount cost | £ | 243,529 | ¥ | 31,658,770 |
| Staff 2 | Headcount cost | £ | 102,126 | ¥ | 13,276,338 |
| Develop BP Collateral | SME Project costs for funding r&d development | £ | 32,386 | ¥ | 4,210,193 |
| Support rollout BP | Project costs for funding rollout & promotion | £ | 6,000 | ¥ | 780,000 |
| BP promotion | Travel and accommodation costs for promotion | £ | 12,140 | ¥ | 1,578,210 |
| SME meetings - travel and accommodation | SME Travel and accommodation costs for r&d | £ | 8,171 | ¥ | 1,062,221 |
| Miscellaneous expenses | Any other expenses | £ | 57,367 | ¥ | 7,457,726 |
| Sub total | Sub total | £ | 461,719 | ¥ | 60,023,458 |
| Contingency | Contingency | £ | 46,627 | ¥ | 6,061,480 |
| TOTAL | Total | £ | 508,346 | ¥ | 66,084,939 |

2 – Estimate the ROI Case Study



| Benefits model | | |
|-----------------|-------------|--|
| Site visits | 3570 | |
| Use rate | 50% | |
| Savings per use | 7.5h | |
| Hourly rate | 7000 Yen/hr | |
| Benefits (Yen) | 93.7 M Yen | |
| Benefits (GBP) | 0.72 M GBP | |

| What's the ROI: Benefits 0.72 GBP (0.93 US) Cost 0.51 GBP (0.66 US) ROI 41% | |
|---|--|
|---|--|



OMG's Space Domain Task Force (SDTF)

What is it ? And What does it Do?

Specifically chartered to foster the development of space-related standards



The OMG Space Domain Task Force

- Space professionals committed to greater interoperability, reduction in costs, schedule, and risk for space applications through increased standardization

 Image: Control of the second standard standa
- The SDTF works cooperatively with the CCSDS to ensure consistent space standards are developed.



- > OMG's Space DTF is Fast but not too fast : 9-24 months to deliver a standard
- Final result will be specifications and interfaces NOT products
 - Implementations of OMG specifications by users
 - Those implementing specifications need not be OMG members
 - > Specifications are *freely* available
- Collective wisdom broad range of input
- Standards/Specifications based upon Gov't & Industry consensus



Specifications Freely Available



OMG Space Domain Task Force (DTF) Delivered Specifications

- <u>XTCE</u> (XML Telemetry and Command Exchange) (1.1)
- <u>GEMS</u> (Ground Equipment Monitoring Service)
- <u>SOLM</u> (Spacecraft Operations Language Metamodel)

Work-In-Process

- <u>XTCE</u> 1.2 Revision Task Force deadline March 2018
- <u>C2MS</u> (Cmd & Control Mission Services) in Finalization Task Force expected to be complete 6/2019



 CubeSat Systems Reference Model (CSRM) (INCOSE & OMG Initiative)

Future Work being Considered

- Ontology, archiving, display, cyber
- Ground Station Ontology (Spacecraft Operations Language Metamodel),
 - <u>http://www.omg.org/hot-</u> topics/spacecraft-groundsystems-rfi.htm
- Data Archiving,
- Display Page Exchange
- Cyber Security



Other OMG Relevant Specifications to Consider

- Data Delivery Services (DDS)
- Information Exchange Framework (IEF)
- Cyber Security for Front Line Systems
- Secure Networking Communications (SNC)

(Space Telecommunications Radio Services & Hybrid Adaptive Networking)

- Alarms & Event Notification and Scheduling
- Telescope Reference Model



XTCE & XUSP Status

XCTE

- XTCE 1.2 RTF has dispositioned 244 of the issues submitted.
- ALL of the remaining issues closed in ballot on Feb 12th and resolved.
- The resulting revised schema will be largely forward compatible with existing XTCE 1.1 documents and members of the RTF are developing tools to transform forward incompatibilities, e.g. element name changes
- RTF report submitted and OMG Architecture Board Approved Sep 2018
- XTCE 1.2 Specification Published Oct 2018
- XTCE 1.1 is being used by military, space agency, and commercial space programs as an open exchange format and upgrading to 1.2.

XUSP - a tailored version of XTCE to support CCSDS formats and typical field constraints

- XUSP RTF is awaiting publication of XTCE 1.2, since it is a defined subset profile of the XTCE specification. XUSP is a tailored version of XTCE to support CCSDS formats and typical field
- No pending issues, but after publication of XTCE 1.2 an issue will be submitted to address compatibility.



Command & Control Message Specification (C2MS)

What is it?

- A set of standard message formats for the exchange of information for C2 functions
- About 30 messages covering areas like events, telemetry frames or parameters, directives, navigation, commanding, and more.
- Aligned with key interfaces normally found in today's commercial C2 system products

Where did it come from?

- NASA's Goddard Mission Services Evolution Center (GMSEC) Interface Specification document provided the primary source material
- NASA will retire its ISD when C2MS is published
- Note: ONLY the message formats are being standardized, not the API or components

What is the status?

- NASA has worked with the Space Domain Task Force on C2MS for the past year and submitted the required materials for consideration in mid-February 2018
- OMG Architecture Board Approved in Sep 2018 and in Finalization Task Force for Completion
- Should be an available for Specification download by March 2019



OMG Space DTF (SDTF) Future Backlog

- Telemetry Display Page Definition Exchange
 - No draft RFP exists, yet, just conceptual. Some interest, but this is a difficult problem.
- Ground Data Delivery Interface
 - No draft RFP exists, yet, but has been discussed as a companion spec to GEMS for delivering binary mission and housekeeping data within a ground station.
- Alert Management System
 - US Air Force EGS adopted the OMG C4I Alert Management Service (ALMAS) specification rather than request a specific space domain specification
- Goddard Core Flight Services (Cfs)
 - Goddard has several technologies with more general space industry applicability that are waiting for the results of the C2MS RFC from NASA for a possible path forward.
- Spacecraft Operations Ontology
 - In works, tough to do, about 10 ontology's being worked on now.



CubeSat Systems Reference Model (CSRM)

The International Council of Systems Engineers (INCOSE)

- Utilized OMG's Systems Modeling Language to Develop
- A CubeSat Reference Model that provides information
 - > For universities, students, businesses and developers of CubeSats
 - Provides Behavior modeling between subsystems
 - Validation & Verification (V&V) processes
 - Coordination points for launch

Model Based Systems Engineering (MBSE) [Formalized application of modeling to support requirements, design, analysis, validation, and verification

Systems Modeling Language TM (SysMLTM) [2]

A graphical modeling language for modeling complex systems including hardware, software, information, personnel, procedures, facilities and Coordination's

Systems Engineering Methodology



Interfaces with Other Models

Purpose: To Provides a CubeSat Sytems Reference Model that CubeSat teams can use as a starting point for their mission-specific CubeSat model







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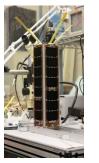
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Software Based Communications DoD's SCA & NASA's STRS

Satellite Conformance Profile

OMG's SNC AN OMG STANDARD OBJECT MANAGEMENT GROUP® XML Telemetric & Command Exchange" AN OMG STANDARD AN OMG STANDARD AN OMG STANDARD AN OMG STANDARD Ground Equipment Monitoring Service Command & Control Satellite Operations **KTCE US Government**

AN OMG STANDARD **Open Architecture** Radar Interface[™]

Message Specification[™]

DS

AN OMG STANDARD

Alert Management Service[™]





If Any of You Space Cat's Have Questions - You Can Be Directed To:

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Note Pages Available Upon Request





CISQ/OMG Standards Process & **Published Standards**

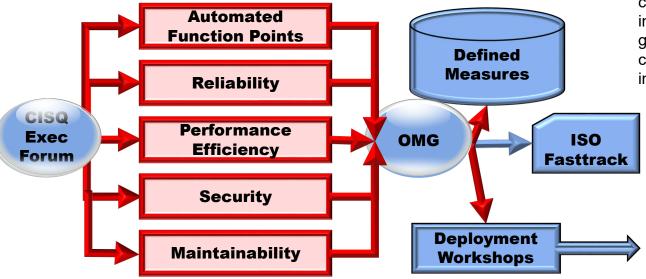
Software Sizing - Published

- Automated Function Points
- Automated Enhancement Points

Software Structural Quality -Published

- Security
- Reliabilitv
- Performance Efficiency
- Maintainability

Consortium for IT Software Quality (CISQ) Work Groups



Technical Debt – Published

- A new OMG® standard for measuring the future cost of defects remaining in system source code at release
- The cost to fix structural quality problems constitutes the principal of the debt, while the inefficiencies they cause until fixed, such as greater maintenance effort or excessive computing resources, represent compounding interest on the debt

For future development...

- Extending the software quality measures to embedded and real-time systems, which is critically important for the Internet of Things (IoT)
- A measure of quality-adjusted productivity

The 22 CWEs in the Security Measure



OBJECT MANAGEMENT GROUP

- CWE-22 Path Traversal Improper Input Neutralization
- CWE-78 OS Command Injection Improper Input Neutralization
- CWE-79 Cross-site Scripting Improper Input Neutralization
- CWE-89 SQL Injection Improper Input Neutralization
- CWE-120 Buffer Copy without Checking Size of Input
- CWE-129 Array Index Improper Input Neutralization
- CWE-134 Format String Improper Input Neutralization
- CWE-252 Unchecked Return Parameter of Control Element Accessing Resource
- CWE-327 Broken or Risky Cryptographic Algorithm Usage
- CWE-396 Declaration of Catch for Generic Exception
- CWE-397 Declaration of Throws for Generic Exception
- CWE-434 File Upload Improper Input Neutralization
- CWE-456 Storable and Member Data Element Missing Initialization
- CWE-606 Unchecked Input for Loop Condition
- CWE-667 Shared Resource Improper Locking
- CWE-672 Expired or Released Resource Usage
- CWE-681 Numeric Types Incorrect Conversion
- CWE-706 Name or Reference Resolution Improper Input Neutralization
- CWE-772 Missing Release of Resource after Effective Lifetime
- CWE-789 Uncontrolled Memory Allocation
- CWE-798 Hard-Coded Credentials Usage for Remote Authentication
- CWE-835 Loop with Unreachable Exit Condition ('Infinite Loop')



Robert Martin



Common Weakness Enumeration cwe.mitre.org