



Using Machine Learning to Model Satellite Behavior

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Background

Experience:

- Machine Learning Intern at KBRwyle
- Undergraduate experience in applied research

Education:

- M.S. in Data Analytics at Seton Hall University
 - Background in cognitive neuroscience

Project Summary

Machine Learning (ML) Models:

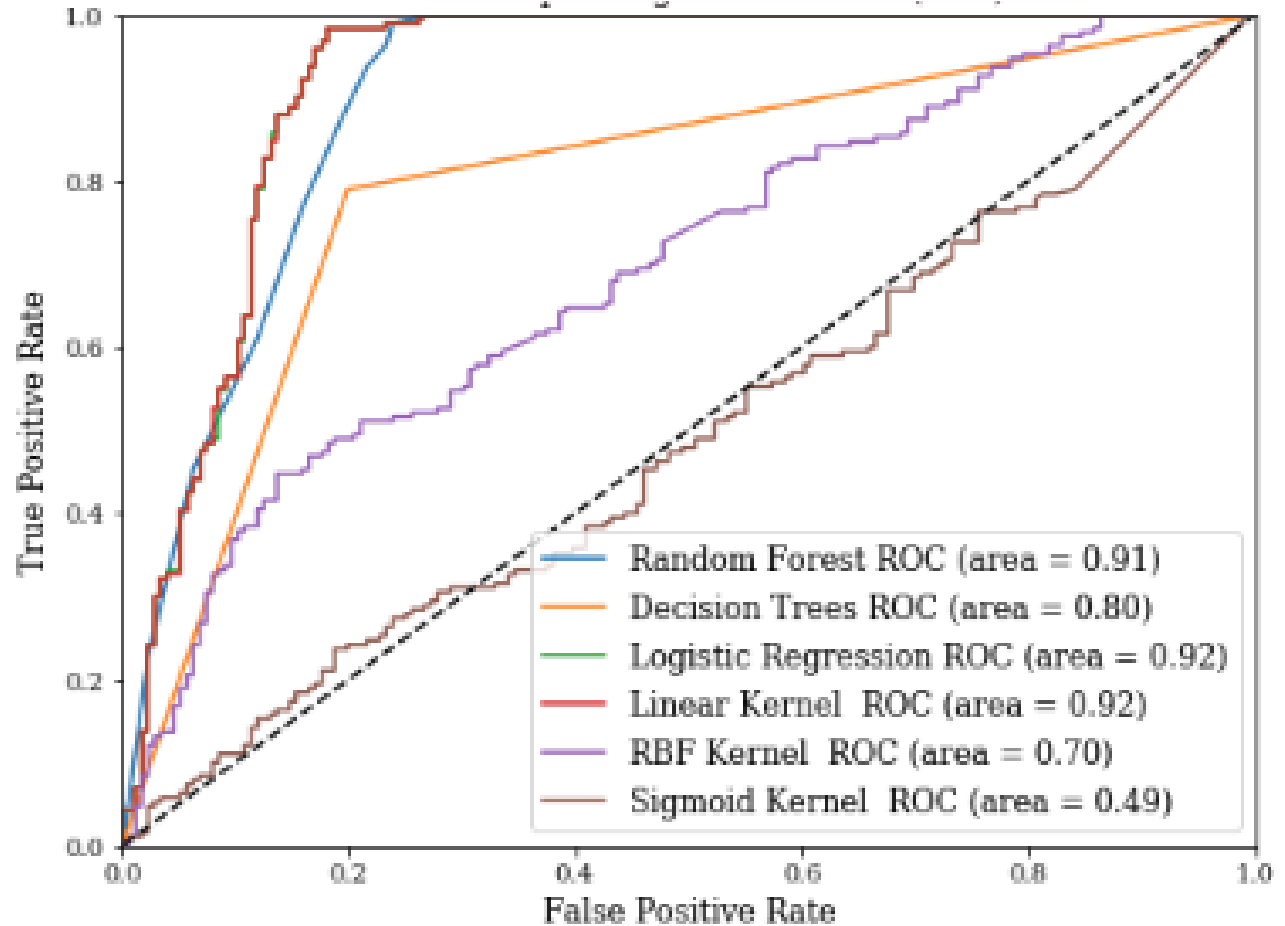
- Classification models → satellite stability
- Clustering models → characterize movement
- Recurrent neural network → model patterns in mean motion

Project Summary

ML Model Type	Satellite Variables	Models
Supervised Classification	Predictors (x): Visual magnitude (Mv) variance, Mv amplitude, Mv frequency Target (y): stability, rotating or not rotating	Decision trees, random forest, logistic regression, support vector machines (linear, gaussian, and sigmoid kernels)
Unsupervised Clustering	Longitude, latitude, time (hour)	Hierarchical agglomerative clustering, k-means clustering, and density-based spatial clustering with noise (DBSCAN)
Recurrent Neural Networks	Mean motion	Long-short term memory (LSTM)

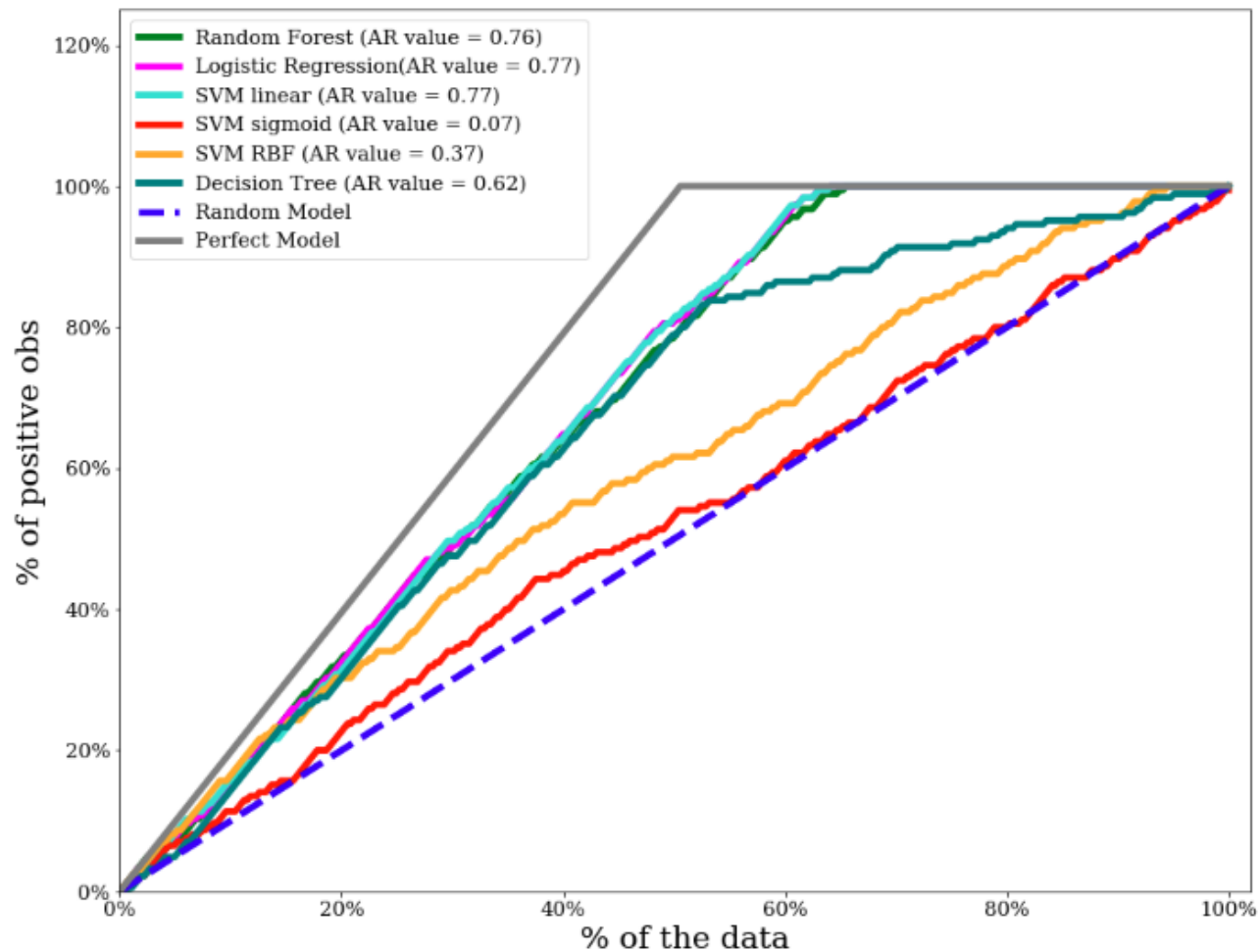
Classification Results

Receiver Operating
Characteristic (ROC)
Curve Results



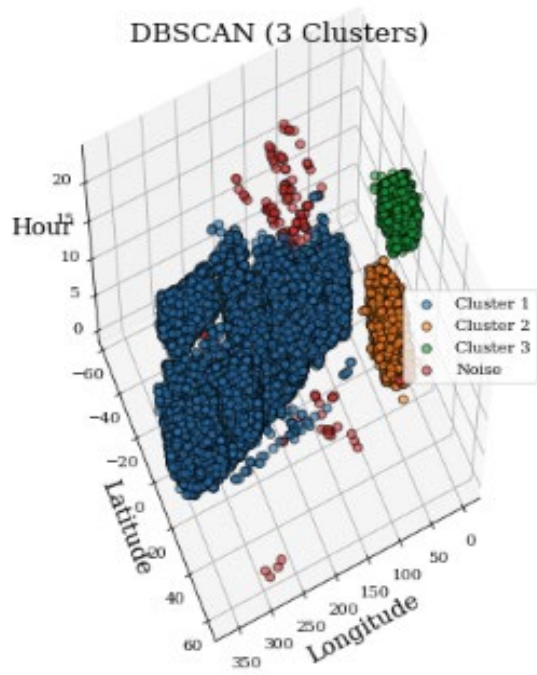
Classification Results

Cumulative Accuracy Profile (CAP) Curve Results

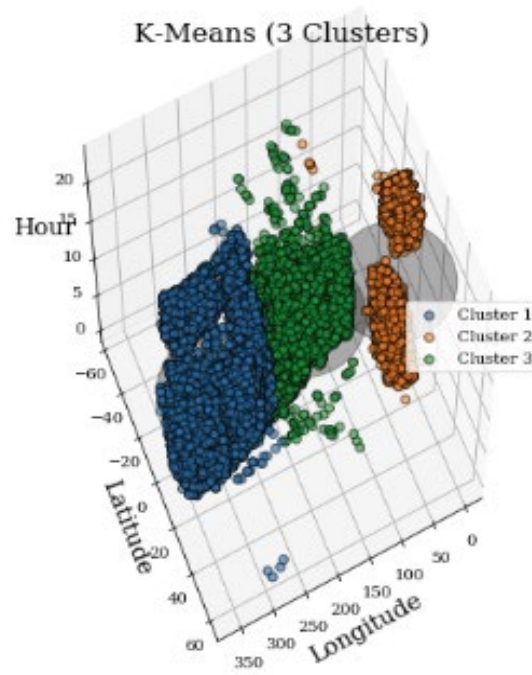


Clustering Results

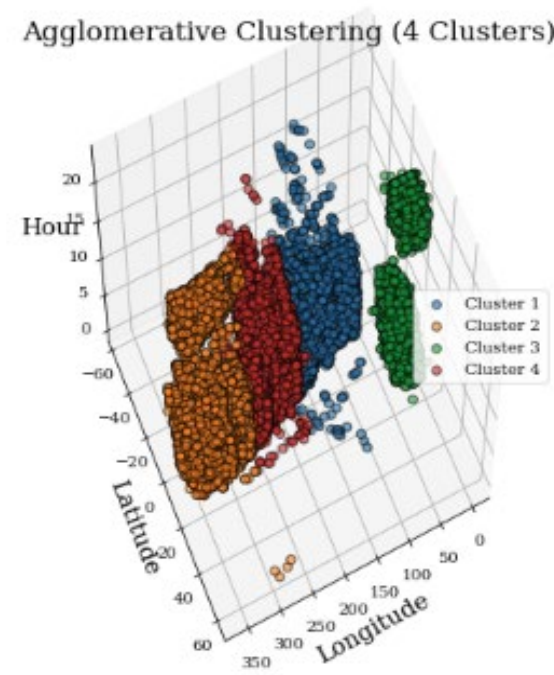
DBSCAN (3 Clusters)



K-Means (3 Clusters)

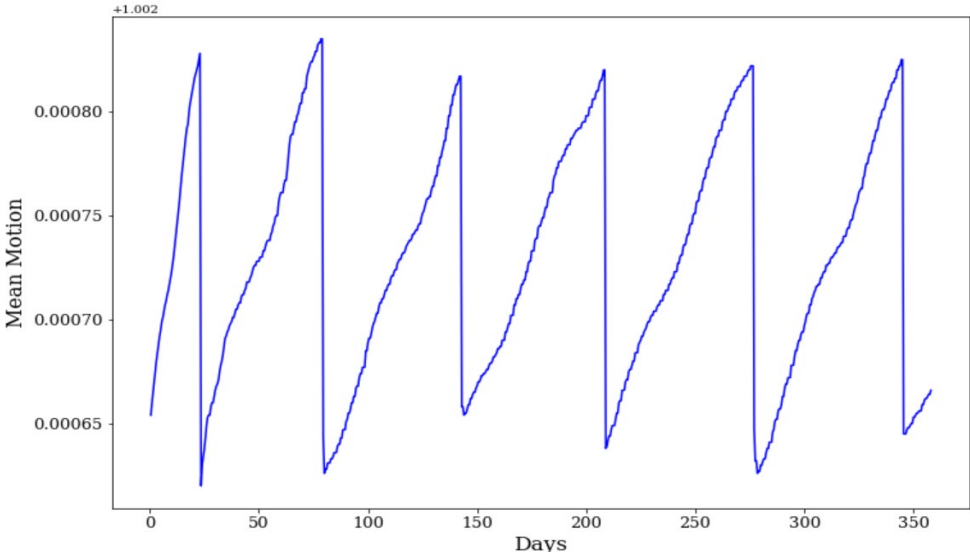


Agglomerative Clustering (4 Clusters)

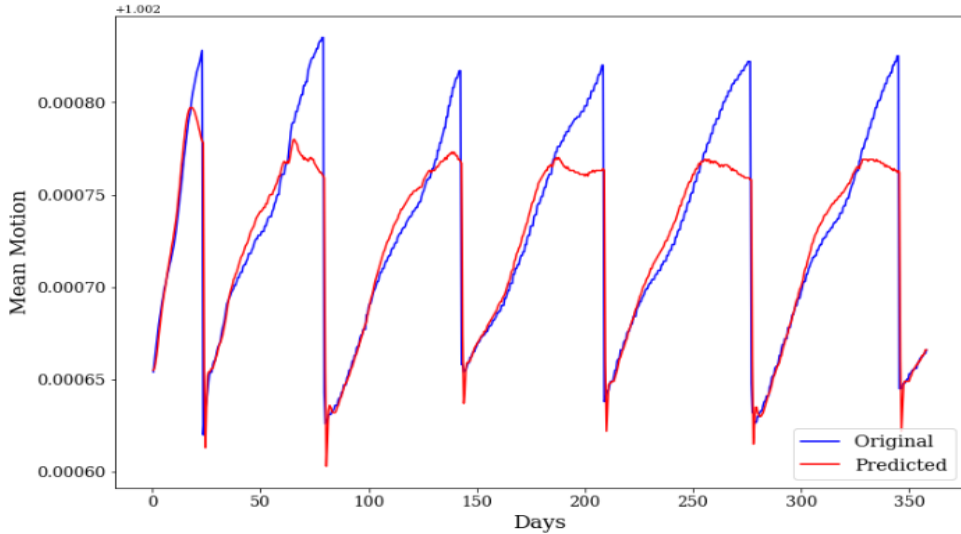


LSTM Results

Actual →



Predicted →



Professional Development

Topic	Challenges	Benefits
Collaboration	Communication	Exposure to novel approaches; teamwork
Constructive Feedback	Discouragement	Improve areas of weakness; resilience
Setbacks	Frustration	Trouble shooting future problems
Advisor Relationships	Patience	Networking; future colleagues

Questions